THE WEATHER.

Fair Sunday and Monday, with slowly rising temperature.

THE MORNING STAR

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ONE SECTION

VOL. XCVII—NO. 107 WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,438

RUSSIANS CLAIM TO HAVE MADE FURTHER GAINS ON AUSTRIANS

Big Offensive Movement Continues on the Front in Galicia and Bukowina.

IS GREAT UNDERTAKING

German Naval Critic Realizes Russians Have Made Careful Preparations.

British Crisis Over Conscription Has Subsided.

London, Jan. 8. — The battle continues between the Russians and Austro-Germans in Galicia and Bukowina. The Russians claim further gains and the Austrians claim to be holding their ground. The Austrians have made determined counter attacks along the middle Stripa and northeast of the town of Czernowitz, but according to the Russian official communication they were beaten back with enormous losses, while the Russians have made distinct gains, occupying several Austrian positions and taking more than thirteen hundred prisoners in all.

Offensive Well Prepared.

Count von Reventlow, the German naval critic, writes that the Russian offensive has been well prepared and that the Russians have great reserves of men and artillery and he considers that the movement, if successful, might bring Rumania and Greece on the side of the Entente.

Count Reventlow's opinion concerning Greece is not shared in Great Britain, where the opinion prevails that the Greek king is not likely to oppose his brother-in-law, the German emperor, in any circumstances.

Emperor William's condition continues to be a leading topic. All messages from Berlin declare that his throat ailment is only slight, while rumors from other countries report it as dangerous.

The British political crisis over conscription has subsided for a time at least. The opposition may gradually simmer down, as did the threatened revolt against drink restrictions. Most of the radical section of the labor men play the socialist, talk of a strike by the coal miners, which would bring the wheels of industry to a standstill and handicap the shipping industry, which is the heart of the nation's life, but there is no strong evidence that any important strikes will materialize.

Reopen Derby Enlistment Plan.

John Hodge, chairman of the labor party in the House of Commons, as well as other leaders, declare that there is no demand for a general election. Enlistment in groups under the Derby plan will reopen on January 19 and continue indefinitely, to give an opportunity for all who failed to enlist to avoid conscription by volunteering before the act goes into effect.

The exclusion of Ireland probably will have an important bearing upon the politics of that country after the war, as the Ulstermen will find the refusal of Nationalists to place themselves on the same footing as residents of England and Scotland, as an argument against home rule.

The newspaper debate continues as to whether the government may not cripple the industries necessary for maintaining the army and navy by calling upon too great a proportion of the men to bear arms.

The mission of Col. E. M. House, the personal representative of President Wilson, has created little interest here. Colonel House is meeting prominent officials and civilians, but disclaims any purpose of attempting to pave the way for peace negotiations.

NANCY BEING BOMBARDED.

Six Persons Killed and Ten Others Wounded by German Shells.

Paris, Jan. 8.—Six persons have been killed and ten others wounded at Nancy during the past three days in the bombardment of the city by German 15-inch guns, it appears from advices received here. It is announced that safe conducts have been issued to 30,000 persons to leave the city. A special train with some of these residents on board arrived in Paris yesterday. Others from Nancy have gone to Dijon and elsewhere.

These statements regarding conditions in Nancy, as the result of the fact that the German shells had begun to hit in the town, were contained in a proclamation issued by Prefect Meiman, of the department of Muerthe et Moselle, in which Nancy is situated, to discredit stories of destruction and panic in Nancy that have been circulating in Paris and elsewhere. The proclamation which is entitled "Shame to Sowers of Panic," gives the casualties as stated and adds that no fires have been caused by the bombardment.

The prefect says he believes that the rumors were started by persons living remote from Nancy because any one near there would know they were false.

RIOTERS QUIET AT EAST YOUNGSTOWN

No Further Outbreaks Yesterday by Strikers' Mobs.

FIRE DAMAGE $1,500,000

Ohio National Guard Placed on Duty at Noon—Eighty-Seven Persons Arrested—Youngstown Saloons Are Closed.

Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 8.—Quiet prevailed throughout the day with members of the Ohio National Guard patrolling the principal streets of East Youngstown, where last night drink-crazed mobs ran riot, looting and burning property and causing the loss of one life and property amounting to $1,500,000. Rumors of fresh outbreaks resulted in renewed vigilance on the part of the militia.

Meetings of strikers were held in the hills back of the town this afternoon at which plans of action were said to have been discussed. It was also learned that employes of plants in the Mahoning Valley now on strike will hold a meeting tomorrow. According to the plans, the men will assemble on the outskirts of East Youngstown and march past the scene of last night's rioting and on to a big hall where speakers will address the crowd.

1,000 Militiamen in Reserve.

Militia officers refused to indicate what attitude the militia would take in the matter. They admitted, however, that the Fourth regiment, composed of nearly 1,000 men, was being held in reserve at Berlin Centre, 15 miles west of here, for any possible emergency.

Although troops began arriving here about 5 o'clock this morning, none was taken to East Youngstown for patrol duty until nearly noon when Mayor W. H. Cunningham, of that place, requested that militiamen replace police officers there in order to permit the men to get a much needed rest. The remainder of the troops stayed on the trains which were backed into the yard of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, where they will be quartered while here.

Efforts on the part of the state to effect a settlement between the strikers and the Republic Iron & Steel Company and the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company will probably open here tomorrow.

Saloons Are Closed.

For the first time in the history of the city saloons were closed in Youngstown on a Saturday, this action being taken by the city authorities in an effort to prevent further disorder. Saloons in East Youngstown and Struthers were also closed but those in Girard, five miles away, were open and cars running to that town were crowded.

Reports from Struthers, where threats had been made to blow up the Yellow Creek Dam, which would result in the flooding of the business section of that place, said that it was quiet there. A detachment of soldiers were sent to that point to patrol the district all night.

Eighty-seven persons have been arrested as a result of the riot and every available cell and barred room in the jail was put in use.

Fire continued to smoulder in the ruins along Wilson avenue tonight, casting a lurid glow down the ruined street which had been roped off to prevent the curious from approaching too near to tottering walls.

Lighting Plant Wrecked.

A lighting system completed Thursday night at a cost of $10,000 was wrecked by the mob and tonight the principal street of East Youngstown was in darkness.

Despite rumors that at least four persons had been killed last night, search by the police today showed that only one man, George Get, aged 23, who was shot as he was smashing a glass in a building, was killed. Twenty-two persons are in hospitals suffering from injuries, one of whom is in a critical condition. According to the police, at least 100 other persons suffered minor injuries, chiefly gunshot wounds, but were able to be taken to their homes.

Load of Beer Seized.

County authorities early tonight raided the homes of 30 foreigners in East Youngstown and confiscated a wagon load of beer and other goods alleged to have been taken during the rioting last night.

Five hundred militiamen under Maj. Arthur S. Houts, of Cleveland, with a machine gun tonight patrolled Wilson avenue and the adjacent hills. There was no semblance, however, of any trouble, but the militiamen refused to allow crowds to assemble.

Common Pleas Judge Barnum, of this city, tonight communicated with United States District Attorney E. Lowery Humes, of Pittsburg, with a view of instituting deportation against the foreigners who participated in last night's rioting. East Youngstown has a population of 15,000 persons, of which only 400 are voters.

Washington, Jan. 8. — The corner stone of the new home here of the American Federation of Labor was laid today by President Gompers, in the presence of prominent national and local labor leaders. Secretary of Labor Wilson was the principal speaker.

JURY YET UNABLE TO REACH VERDICT

Still Deliberating in Case of New Haven Officials.

LOCKED UP FOR NIGHT

Points Upon Which Jurymen Are Unable to Decide Is Matter of Conjecture—May be Out Several Days if Necessary.

New York, Jan. 8.—The jury in the New Haven case had failed to reach a verdict at 11:30 tonight and the jurymen were again locked up over night.

New York, Jan. 8.—The jury in the case of the eleven former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, charged with criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, were still deliberating on a verdict tonight. The case was submitted to them at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Rumors circulated in the court room were conflicting. One was that a majority of the jurors favored the acquittal of all the defendants; another that they had agreed on the acquittal of some and could not agree on the others; still another that they favored the acquittal of some, the conviction of certain others and could not agree upon the rest.

The length of time that had been taken in the deliberations led some of the attorneys to conjecture that the jury had found against the defendants on the question whether a conspiracy existed in 1890, the date of the enactment of the Sherman law. This was the fundamental question which Judge Hunt told the jury in his charge must first be settled.

In that event, it was suggested that the jurors might be deliberating on the question as to whether the conspiracy was continuous to the date of the indictment and were taking up each phase of the case in this connection, covering the entire 25 years of the history of the alleged conspiracy.

If anything was to be deduced from the nature of the exhibits called for during the day, it appeared that the question of the New Haven's competition with the Joy Steamship Line, and of the extent of William Rockefeller's participation in it, was one issue of debate. In addition to correspondence in the matter preventing the sale of two steamboats to the Joy Line, the jury spent two hours in open court listening to the reading of the testimony of Frank M. Dunbaugh, former president of the Joy Line.

The jury also asked for correspondence between the Maine Steamship Company and the New Haven and for a letter referring to rebates alleged to have been given by the New Haven on sugar shipments for which it was competing with the Joy Line.

It was commented upon by counsel that neither this nor the correspondence had been mentioned by the government in summing up the case.

All of the defendants except William Rockefeller were in court when the jury filed in just before noon for the reading of the testimony.

Judge Hunt's plan in the event a verdict was not reached tonight was to send the jury to an uptown hotel and have them resume deliberations at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. It was said on good authority that the court, in the hope that a verdict might be eventually reached, would keep them out a number of days if necessary.

NEW WARSHIPS TO BE ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN

Nos. 43 and 44 Will be Built in Government Yards.

Machinery Will be of Design Similar to That of the California—Electric System Has Been Successfully Tested.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The two battleships to be built at the Mare Island and New York navy yards and designated as Nos. 43 and 44 will be equipped with electrical propelling machinery similar to that designed for the California, now nearing completion. Plans for the ships are being revised, it was learned today, to arrange distribution of the machinery which has been substituted for the direct steam turbine drive proposed in specifications sent out to private bidders.

The ships were awarded to the navy yards when offers from private bidders failed to come within the legal limit of cost. No private concern ever has bid on an electrically propelled vessel. The California is the first fighting ship on which the system has been installed, although it has been giving satisfactory results in the Jupiter. Secretary Daniels acted on the unanimous verdict of his engineering aids in deciding to equip the new ships with electricity.

The Mare Island yard will be ready to lay the keel of one of the new battleships probably next October. The California will be launched at the New York yard in time for the other new battleships to be laid down in her place in September.

LANSING HOST AT FAREWELL BANQUET

Addresses Are Made by Pan-American Delegates.

CONGRESS HAS ENDED

Saurez Gives Toast to "President of United States as Symbol of Country That Has Entertained Us So Fraternally."

Washington, Jan. 8.—Delegates to the second Pan-American Scientific Congress, which ended a two week's session here today, were guests of Secretary Lansing tonight at a banquet featured by addresses re-emphasizing the growing tendency towards closer relations among the American republics.

Secretary Lansing, Ambassador Eduardo Saurez Mujica, of Chile, president of the Congress; Judge George Grey, of Delaware, chairman of the United States delegation, and Ignacio Calderon, Bolivian minister here, were among those on the after-dinner programme. Mr. Lansing explained the gratification of the United States for what the Congress had accomplished and Ambassador Saurez, responding for the organization, proposed a toast to the "President of the United States, as a symbol of the country that has entertained us so fraternally."

Endorsement of President Wilson's Pan-American policy was made by Minister Calderon, who declared it "a great doctrine, which excludes no man, threatens no country but is the culmination of that great universal yearning for freedom, for peace, for justice and for amity."

Monday as the guests of the United States government the foreign delegates will leave for a tour north as far as Boston, which will end at New York January 16.

Judge Grey in his address of farewell tonight, emphasized the need of military preparedness, directed "Not for war," but as happily has been said, "Against war."

He added that the opportunity might come, "and we all fervently pray it may soon come," when the President could offer as the spokesman of all the Americas a suggestion that "might find lodgment in the mind and heart of the people of the world."

Strengthening of the sea power, south as well as north, he said, was a duty, "that we may protect everywhere the commerce that traverses the high seas and ocean paths that are open to all neutral nations."

"These," he declared, "are sentiments which are felt in the hearts of the American people as they hold up the olive branch of peace to the nations as of the world. It is for us of all the world to make a moral salvage of Christian civilization."

Secretary Lansing told the delegates he hoped each one of them would return to his country "an apostle of Pan-Americanism, teaching his fellow citizens the truth as to other republics, wiping out the doubt as to their sincerity." He said Pan-Americanism should be the guide of all the American republics in their intercourse, and the hope of America in all times.

WHITMAN CHARGES RILEY WITH MISCONDUCT IN OFFICE

Governor Will Decide Upon His Removal at Hearing Tuesday.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Charges of misconduct in office were preferred by Governor Whitman tonight against John B. Riley, state superintendent of prisons. Superintendent Riley will be given a hearing at the legislative chamber on Tuesday, after which the governor will announce his decision on the question of removing Riley from office.

On Thursday the governor requested Superintendent Riley's resignation on the ground that Riley's transfer of 66 Sing Sing inmates to Dannemora prison would have the effect of rendering intolerable the position of Warden George W. Kirchwey. Riley refused to resign and in his reply to the governor explained that when it was discovered that some of the men included were officers of the Mutual Welfare League, they were eliminatd from the draft and others named in their places.

The governor notified the superintendent today that he saw no reason for changing his opinion; that public interest demanded Riley's immediate resignation.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE

Met at noon.

Adopted Lodge resolution calling on Secretary Daniels for Admiral Fletcher's report on naval war game last summer.

Woman suffrage amendment favorably reported by suffrage committee.

Passed bill providing for a commission to codify and suggest amendments to the general mining laws.

Continued debate on ship bill.

Adjourned at 5 p. m. to noon Monday.

HOUSE

Met at noon.

Representative Rainey, of Illinois, delivered a Jackson day address.

Secretary Garrison continued testimony before military committee.

Passed Ferris bill to open for fifty year leases undeveloped water-power resources in eleven states.

Roads committee reported favorably Shackleford bill to appropriate $25,000,000 annually to aid states in road building.

Creation of a national defense fund not to exceed $150,000,000 annually, from income, inheritance and corporation taxes proposed in a bill by Representative Keating, Colorado.

Adjourned at 4:30 p. m. to noon Monday.

VISIT NAVAL BASE OF BRITISH FLEET

Where Warships Keep Watch Over the North Sea.

AN IMPRESSIVE SCENE

Journalists See Numbers of War Craft Under Steam Ready to Sail at Moment's Notice—Establishment Full of Energy.

London, Jan. 8.—Under escort of officers assigned by the admiralty, an Associated Press correspondent and a party of foreign journalists were given the first opportunity recently to visit one of the great naval bases on the coast where cruisers, destroyers and submarines are assembled for their watch over the North Sea and from which point big ocean-going submarines are sent on forays to the Baltic and the Dardanelles.

It was an impressive sight of concentrated power and alert readiness, with long lines of battle-scarred cruisers stretching seaward and headed by the famous Arethusa, back of the mass of flotilla destroyers, then a countless number of submarines of the latest D and E type which have recently performed such brilliant work from the Dardanelles to the Bosphorus and throughout the Baltic.

The day was typical of the rigors the British fleet is now experiencing in the North Sea, with rain pelting them in oil skins, a northwind, cutting the sea into foam and seagulls everywhere. The little fishing village on the coast had been transformed by the war into a vast naval rendezvous, with storehouse stretching a half mile, prepared to re-equip and send it back to sea within two hours of its arrival.

Here were also the "mother" ships ranged in long lines along the quay ready to receive back their fighting children each time they came from a raid or a battle.

The huge establishment was vibrating with energy and in the harbor mine sweepers were coming back from their work; hydro-aeroplanes were maneuvreing from the deck of their craft and black smoke from the funnels of the cruisers and destroyers told of their readiness to dash out to sea after an enemy craft.

The Arethusa and the light cruiser squadron had just returned from scouting along the German coast in search of a German fleet which was said to have ventured out from the Kiel canal. Nothing had been seen of the German ships and the British officers—the same who had now received their stars in the famous fights under Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty—were derisive at the idea that the Germans would venture forth.

One of the officers was in command of the torpedo tubes when they fired the deadly missiles which struck the German cruiser Bluecher and sent her reeling to the bottom in the great fight of last January. He pointed out these self-same tubes and told how they had worked.

"First we let go that one," he said, "and then this one. It was this one that hit the Bluecher amidships. She was lying off there about 1,500 yards. The thing that impressed me after we hit her was the deathly stillness. It was terribly still until the great ship threw up her bow, turned clean over and sank.

"Yes, this is the one that did it," and he patted this terrible death-dealing engine affectionately, as if it were his child, as, in truth, it has been since he sank the Bluecher. Scars of battle

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AUSTRIAN LINES ARE BROKEN BY RUSSIANS

But Vienna Claims Enemy Was Ultimately Ejected.

Russians Resume Heavy Attacks in Eastern Galicia and in Bukowina. Austrian Statement Tells of the Fighting.

Berlin, Jan. 8. (By Wireless to Sayville)—The Russians have resumed their heavy attacks against the Austrian lines in Eastern Galicia and in Bukowina and in some places succeeded in penetrating Austrian positions, but are declared in the official statement by the Vienna war office, received here today, to have been ultimately ejected. The statement is as follows:

"The battle in Eastern Galicia and on the Bukowina front has been resumed. The Russians advanced under pretense of following our batteries on the Stripa. The 16th and 24th Honved regiments and the 57th Galician regiment by a counter attack ejected the enemy. Among 720 Russians taken prisoners were one colonel and ten lesser officers.

"There has been bitter fighting near Toporoutz and east of Rarancza and on the Bessarabian frontier. The Russians entered parts of our trenches but were driven back by reserves in hand to hand fighting. One officer and 250 men were taken prisoner.

"The Russians attempted to re-take the cemetery north of Czartorysk, but failed."

FORD EXPEDITION IN TRIP TO HAGUE GETS A VIEW OF GERMANY

SEEK PLEDGE FROM GERMANY'S ALLIES

To Safeguard American Lives in Submarine Warfare.

OFFICIALS ENCOURAGED

President Being Urged to Request of All Central Powers to Give Definite Assurances for Safety of Americans.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Encouraged by the conciliatory attitude shown by Germany and Austria in recent diplomatic exchanges with the United States, officials are considering requesting a definite and comprehensive statement pledging not only Germany, but all of her allies, to respect in the conduct of their sea warfare the safety of American lives for which this government has contended throughout the entire submarine controversy.

President Wilson is being urged by some of his close advisers to ask the Germanic allies for definite assurances that no unarmed ships with Americans aboard shall be destroyed by any of them until the passengers have reached a place of safety. The President is said to look with some favor upon such a proposal, but has reached no decision. In any case, he probably will take no steps in that direction until details of pending negotiations with these countries have been cleared up.

Officials are particularly gratified over Germany's latest note on the discussion of the American ship William P. Frye, made public today, because of its acceptance of the principle that the placing of noncombatants in life boats before a prize is destroyed is not a sufficient guarantee of safety.

This concession, coupled with the offer of Germany to pay indemnity for the Lusitania victims, and Ambassador von Bernstorff's assurances regarding the conduct of German submarines in the Mediterranean, has contributed greatly to the feeling that a satisfactory solution of the entire problem might be near at hand. This hope is strengthened by Austria's deference in the second Ancona reply and the assurances of Baron Zwiedinek, the Austrian charge here, that if it developed that an Austrian submarine sank the liner Persia he had no doubt personally that full satisfaction would be given. No further details regarding the Persia incident reached the State Department today, but there has been an apparent lessening of tension as the days have gone by without any official confirmation that it was a torpedo and not a mine that sank the ship.

WILL CONTINUE FIGHT

Villa and His Army Reported to Be Awaiting Split in Carranza Ranks.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 8.—Gen. Francisco Villa, resting his men and horses in the Guerrero district of Chihuahua, is awaiting disaffection in the Carranza ranks and expects actively to continue opposition to the defacto government, according to a letter said to have been received by a Villa adherent today.

General R. Hernandez, who disappeared with a small following yesterday from the Carranza army has joined Arzumado, a Zapata chief, captured Harral and attacked Torreon, according to information given State Department representatives here. The report lacks confirmation.

Other advices made fragmentary through broken communication, told of occupation by Villa forces of small towns between Madera and Casas Grandes. Numerous cattle are daily disappearing from the Hearst ranch through Villa raids, according to its manager.

CALL FOR FULL REPORT ON ATLANTIC FLEET WAR GAME

Motion is Placed Before the Senate by Senator Lodge.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The unpublished portion of Rear Admiral Fletcher's report on the war games of the Atlantic Fleet last summer in which the invaders landed a force in Delaware Bay was called for today by the Senate on motion of Senator Lodge.

In these maneuvres the sea-going qualities of the small submarines were first tested in actual battle conditions. Because of rough weather they failed to do the work required of them, resulting in an agitation in the Navy Department for the abandonment of coast defense submarines entirely, in favor of the larger sea-going type.

The maneuvres also caused a conflict of opinion between Admiral Fletcher and Rear Admiral Knights, who commanded the attacking force and also acted as umpire, details of which are undisclosed. The plan of the maneuvres was worked out by Admiral Knight as head of the Navy war college.

MAJOR B. G. M'DOWELL DEAD

Was Native North Carolinian and Served in Confederate Army.

Bristol, Tenn.-Va., Jan. 8.—Major B. G. McDowell, 83 years old, died at his home here today after an illness of three weeks. Major McDowell was a native of North Carolina, having been a major in the Confederate army, attached to the Sixty-second North Carolina regiment. He came to Bristol in the early 80's practicing law until about ten years ago, since when he has devoted his entire time to church work.

Special Train from Copenhagen Touched at Lubeck, Hamburg and Bremen.

SUGGESTIONS OF WAR

Train Loads of Soldiers and Nurses Passed — Silent Crowds at Stations.

Dutch Government Welcomes Expedition to Holland.

The Hague, via London, Jan. 8. —Five weeks after its departure from New York the Ford peace expedition reached The Hague today. The members of the party plan to begin immediately the work of spreading the peace propaganda. The trip from Copenhagen via a special train through Germany, touching at Lubeck, Hamburg and Bremen, was filled with impressive suggestions of war. At the important stations the American peace advocates passed train loads of soldiers bound for the front and Red Cross nurses in hospital coaches.

Silent Crowds Watch Train.

The progress of the expedition through Germany was watched by silent crowds, except at one place where a German lieutenant lifted his helmet and expressed success to the project.

Arriving at the German port of Warnemounds in a ferry boat from Denmark, the Americans, with the Norwegian, Swedish and Danish delegates were met by a special train, provided by special permission of the military authorities, and which stood on the dock surrounded by soldiers. The peace advocates stood on the platform in the dusk in drenching rain as their names were called. One by one they were permitted to go aboard the train. Then the coaches were closed and the train started on the trip across northwestern Germany.

After a while the military guards on the train relaxed the rules and permitted the travelers to look out of the windows. In the brilliantly lighted stations at Lubec, Hamburg and Bremen the pilgrims caught glimpses of Red Cross nurses on the platforms; soldiers leaning out of the windows of incoming and outgoing trains; and the familiar gray-coated German officers passing back and forth. Frequently a crowd of civilians anticipating the passing of the expedition hurried for a closer inspection of the train.

Evidences of War.

Evidence of the war was not missing from the train itself. Only one dining car was provided for the 200 travelers. The railroad authorities explained that all the dining cars were being used to transport wounded.

Posted in the cars were printed notices calling upon the public to eat sparingly and not waste food. One of these notices gave ten rules, admonishing the people to cook potatoes with the skins on, save the scraps of bread and abstain from meat.

Another notice was to the effect that when the train was passing over bridges or through the tunnels the windows and doors should be locked because spies on occasions had thrown bombs with the purpose of destroying the railroad.

After leaving Hamburg and while approaching the western fighting zone the train was kept at its highest speed and the usual stops at the smaller stations were omitted. The crowds at some of these stations indicated that the people along the railroad had been informed of the coming of the expedition. Yet the spectators everywhere viewed the train silently.

One enlivened incident, however, occurred, at Bentheim, near the Holland frontier. There, near the end of the trip through Germany, all the members of the expedition were to have been searched but the authorities, through the lieutenant in charge of the train, announced that the searching had been set aside.

Cheered at One Station.

The travelers crowded into the little station restaurant at 3 o'clock in the morning and began cheering. The Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, of Chicago, thereupon mounted a chair and thanked the German authorities. He explained the purpose of the peace expedition.

Cries came for a speech from the German lieutenant. He finally mounted the chair, lifted his helmet and said: "I hope that your project will meet with success."

More cheering rang through the little country station. Later the Holland customs officer, who crossed the border to meet the expedition, announced that the Dutch government waived examination and welcomed the members of the party to Holland. Long before daylight the train had crossed the border and was speeding toward The Hague. Within a week the officials of the peace mission expect to select the members of the peace board that is to remain at The Hague. The other members of the expedition will

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FAVORABLE REPORT ON SUFFRAGE BILL

Provides for Amendment Giving Ballot to Woman.

LAID BEFORE SENATE

Report Shows Part Woman Has Played in the War in Europe, Stating Man Will Soon Realize Her Right to Vote.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The Susan B. Anthony amendment providing for woman suffrage was favorably reported today to the Senate by the suffrage committee. After pointing out that the government of the United States is one of delegated powers, the report says:

"Manhood suffrage has been from time to time extended. Every enlargement of the franchise has been a natural and logical development of the principle of popular sovereignty. We may assume that universal male suffrage is an established factor in our system of government.

"In our opinion every argument and every principle upon which universal manhood suffrage rests, demands the extension of its privileges and responsibilities to women. They are subject to the laws, are taxed for the support of government and subject with men to a common destiny. They comprise 50 per cent of our population.

"Together with the men they constitute the people. In patriotism, intelligence, devotion to welfare of the government and in capacity for franchise, they are in no wise inferior to men.

"Neither logically nor justly, therefore, can unlimited suffrage be recognized as an essential to our republican form of government and its existence at the same time be limited to one-half of the people, arbitrarily segregated from the other half by the accident of sex.

"Woman's activities, her participation, her sacrifices and her misfortunes in the great conflict now raging over three continents have disposed of the contention that she should not be armed with the ballot because she cannot wield the sword. She has taken man's place in all the industrial pursuits of organized society, she has maintained his government, manufactured his ammunition, observed and enforced his laws, operated his machines, bound up his wounds, buried his dead and has been his comrade in arms upon the firing line. Man has become conscious of her powerful co-operation in war. He will soon recognize the justice of her demands to share his burden in public affairs in times of peace."

The report adds that, inasmuch as the nation nearly half a century ago determined to restrict state authority over the ballot by abolishing the disqualification of color, there is no reason why it should not continue this policy by abolishing the disqualification of sex.

The report was signed by Senators Thomas, Owen and Hollis, Democrats, and Sutherland, Clapp and Jones, Republicans. Senator Catron, Republican, of New Mexico, dissented, and Senator Johnson, Democrat, of South Dakota, did not sign the report. Senator Ransdell, Democrat, voted for the report, but his name did not appear on it when presented.

FORD EXPEDITION IN TRIP TO HAGUE GETS A VIEW OF GERMANY

(Continued From Page One.)

start on their return to the United States on January 15.

FORD MAY REJOIN PARTY.

Sends Cablegram to Members of Party Saying His Health is Improving.

London, Jan. 8.—A Reuter dispatch from The Hague says:

"The members of the Ford party have received a cable dispatch from Mr. Ford stating that his health is improving and that he hopes soon to rejoin the party in Holland."

REQUESTED LOWER RATE

British Government Asked to Fix Ocean Rate at $2 Per Hundred.

Galveston, Jan. 8.—Cablegrams to local shippers, received today, indicate that receivers of cotton in Great Britain have asked the government to fix a minimum rate of $2 a hundred pounds on cotton from Gulf ports to Liverpool. These advices indicated that the government has not taken this action.

Shippers declare that such a ruling would cause great loss to British shipping and enable owners of vessels of other nationalities to introduce rates at figures much higher than the present quoted of $3 per hundred pounds.

REMINDS LANSING OF THE PRESENCE OF GUNS ON SHIP

Austrian Charge Takes Up Case of Italian Steamer Giuseppi Verdi.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Baron Erich Zwiedinek, charge of the Austro-Hungarian embassy, today informally called to the attention of Secretary Lansing the presence of two mounted three-inch guns on the Italian Steamship Giuseppi Verdi when she arrived in New York Thursday.

SAYS 20,000 COLLEGE MEN ARE READY TO SERVE IN WAR

President John Grier, of Princeton, Addresses Republican Club.

New York, Jan. 8.—Approximately 20,000 college men are in readiness to take the field should the United States become involved in war, declared Dr. John Grier, president of Princeton University, in an address here today before the Republican Club.

To Fortify the System Against Winter Cold.

Many users of GROVE'S TASTELESS Chill TONIC make it a practice to take a number of bottles in the fall to strengthen and fortify the system against the cold weather during the winter. Everyone knows the tonic effect of Quinine and Iron which this preparation contains in a tasteless and acceptable form. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. 50c.

COACH HAUGHTON NEW PRESIDENT OF BRAVES

Becomes Part Owner of the Boston National Club.

Sale of Club to Boston Syndicate Said to Have Been Made for About Half Million Dollars—Stallings to be Retained.

Boston, Jan. 8.—Percy D. Haughton, the famous Harvard football coach, today became president and part owner of the Boston National League baseball club. Associated with him as head of a syndicate of Boston men is Arthur C. W. Wise, member of a local banking concern. The new president announced that he would retain the services of George T. Stallings as manager of the club and that Stallings would have absolute charge of the playing end of the organization. Walter E. Hapgood will continue as business manager.

The announcement of the sale of the club, which two years ago won the world's championship after a sensational season, was a surprise to sporting circles. The Braves had not been on the market and until within a few days ago President James E. Gaffney and Robert F. Davis, of New York, the owners, had fully expected to retain control during the coming season, according to a statement issued by Mr. Gaffney.

Unofficially the price paid is said to be close to a half million dollars. The club was purchased three years ago by Mr. Gaffney for $187,000. The new Braves' field, at which the last world's series was played, was not included in the sale.

Mr. Haughton gave out a copy of a telegram which he sent to Manager Stallings at Haddock, Ga., after Mr. Gaffney had wired the news of the sale of the club. The telegram said:

"Hope you will not be much disappointed in transfer of club. Feel confident that with your aid we can make a success."

COMES AS SURPRISE.

Baseball Followers in New York Had Not Expected Sale of Braves.

New York, Jan. 8.—The sale of the Boston National League club by Messrs. Gaffney and Davis to a group of Boston bankers comes as a great surprise to local baseball magnates and followers of the game. In the present disturbed condition of the National game the sale or prospective sale of several National and American League clubs has been reported and discussed from many angles, but the Boston National club was never mentioned in this connection.

It was said here today, however, that the decision of Gaffney and Davis to retire from baseball was not due to any loss of interest in baseball, but rather to the fact that the time and money necessary for a successful operation of the club seriously interfered with their other business interests.

Percy D. Haughton, who, it is understood will act as president of the Boston National League baseball club under the new regime, is more noted as a football player and coach than a baseball man, although he played on the 'varsity nine while an undergraduate at Harvard in the late nineties and captained the Crimson team of 1899.

Of late years Haughton has divided his attention between the coaching of Harvard football teams and the Boston Stock Exchange. His success, year in and year out, with the Crimson elevens, has made him one of the most famous of American football coaches. Since he took charge in 1908 the Cambridge elevens under his tuition have played 73 games in eight year, of which 64 have been won, four lost and five tied.

The new president of the Boston Braves is a man of few words and rather nervous temperament. He possesses great executive ability and has remarkable strategic ability for planning complicated and deceiving plays.

Umpire Now in Boxing

Billy Evans.

Billy Evans, one of the most popular referees baseball has known, and one of the best, may quit the game forever. He has been appointed a member of the Cleveland Boxing Commission, and his duties there may take up all his time.

NEGRO CONFESSES THE MURDER OF MR. GURLEY

Feeling Runs High in Wayne; Lynching is Rumored.

John Richards, in Statement, Implicates Two Other Negroes; One is Caught and Officers Are on Trail of the Other.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 8.—John Richards, negro, arrested this morning charged with the murder of Mr. Anderson T. Gurley, in the presence of prison officials and newspaper men this afternoon made a confession and statement in which he implicated as confederates in the crime two other negroes, Isham Smith and Ben Coley. At the end of an exciting chase late this afternoon Smith was captured by Sheriff Edwards. Coley is still at large, but officers are on his trail tonight.

Feeling against the negroes in this city and throughout Wayne county is at fever heat and there were rumors afloat this afternoon that a large delegation from the murdered man's section were mobilizing to visit Goldsboro and lynch the negroes now in jail. Sheriff Edwards is taking extra precautions to protect the prisoners should this be attempted.

The body of Mr. Gurley was found in the river near here yesterday morning about 10 o'clock following an all-night search by officers and citizens, which was inaugurated soon after evidences were found Thursday afternoon indicating that the Buck Swamp planter had been waylaid on his way home a short distance from Goldsboro, clubbed to death, robbed and his body dragged towards the river, while his two-horse team was left wandering. Mr. Gurley had sold a load of cotton here Thursday and it is almost positively known that he had about $35 in cash on his person when he started home. When his body was found only $3.50 was found in his pockets.

In his confession this afternoon Richards said he had shot a fellow several days ago at a factory and was skulking to keep from being arrested; that he was in the neighborhood of Wayne Red Brick Company's yard, near the Little river bridge, Thursday afternoon when Isham Smith and Ben Coley came up with him and told him they were on their way to hold-up a "rich old man who had sold cotton today in Goldsboro" and would cross the river on his way home and for him (Richard) to come along with them.

When they had been at the bridge a little while, they saw Mr. Gurley approach sitting in his wagon, alone, and Isham Smith said "there's our man;" that the three of them started walking slowly across the bridge and when Gurley passed they said to him "good evening." He said "good evening;" then Ben Coley walked ahead of the team and Isham Smith, who had a slim piece of iron, walked behind the wagon, until they got into the curve of the road, protected from view; that at this point Ben Coley suddenly said "whoah" to the team and held them while Isham Smith sprang into the wagon and struck Mr. Gurley over the head with the iron before he could rise from his seat, failing him senseless and killing him with a second blow on the head. They then turned the team back towards the river bridge, rifled the body of what money they could find and his watch, knife and pistol, and then threw the body in the river.

Hundreds of people went to the scene yesterday where Mr. Gurley was murdered about a mile and half northwest of Goldsboro, Thursday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock. This morning about 3 o'clock Deputy Sheriff Toler and Constable Jack Fulghum arrested John Richards. They say that, according to the strong evidence pointing in his direction, given to the officers before the negro was arrested, they are led to believe there is little doubt in regard to Richards being the man who murdered Farmer Gurley.

According to the evidence given these officers, John Richards went to a small country store near the colored insane asylum, about one mile from the scene of the murder, early yesterday (Friday) morning and tried to purchase a pair of overalls. Failing in this he tried to get change for a $20 bill which plainly showed blood had been smeared on the bill, which had the appearance of being fresh.

Frank Coley, another negro arrested by these officers, stated that Richards had tried to get him to come to Goldsboro and purchase him a pair of overalls, and stated to the officers that the pair of overalls Richards had on while he, Coley, was in the presence of Richards, was covered with fresh blood and that while in his presence Richards picked up several hands full of dirt and tried to rub the blood off the front of his overall jacket, which was wet coated.

Richards says Frank Coley had no hand in the murder.

At the time of his arrest Richards had another bill of money in his pocket which had the appearance of being smeared with fresh blood, but had on a pair of new overalls, and denied the charge against him made by Coley in regard to his wearing bloody overalls. However, the officers believe the story told by Coley and are making a diligent search to find the discarded clothes Richards wore when he donned his new suit of overalls.

Rumor is current that Richards, in company with another negro, was seen near Hooks' bridge, the scene of the murder, Thursday afternoon.

VISIT NAVAL BASE OF BRITISH FLEET

(Continued From Page One).

were all over the ship, which the officers pointed out with the pride that a Heidelberg student displays when he exhibits his wounds. A deck galley amidships had been entirely shot away, a melanite shell having exploded in it. This has been rebuilt. One dent in the side armor was pointed out, as big as a wash bowl. The upper works were literally peppered with shrapnel, but the scars were now neatly bandaged with two-inch riveted steel plates, so that the saucy Arethusa was again as good as ever.

The party now went aboard the latest type of big destroyers, which are here arranged in great battalions with steam up. They are very fast, some of them making 37 or 38 knots, and even touching 42 knots on a measured mile, while all of them do 35 knots on regular service.

Lying outside of them were the submarines of the D and E type, the latter being seagoing craft of great radius, which are now making distant undersea voyages to the Baltic and the Dardanelles. The smaller D boats have the trim outlines of an eight-oared racing shell but the big new ocean rangers are as ugly as some submarine monster, with a steel fin running fore and aft and a camel's hump amidship for a deck. One of the commanders pointed out their fine qualities.

"They can stay under water 72 hours," he said, "yes, three days, without any inconvenience to the crew from lack of air. The D boats are good for runs of 24 hours under water."

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Swamp-Root is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs. It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses. It is not recommended for everything. According to verified testimony it is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles

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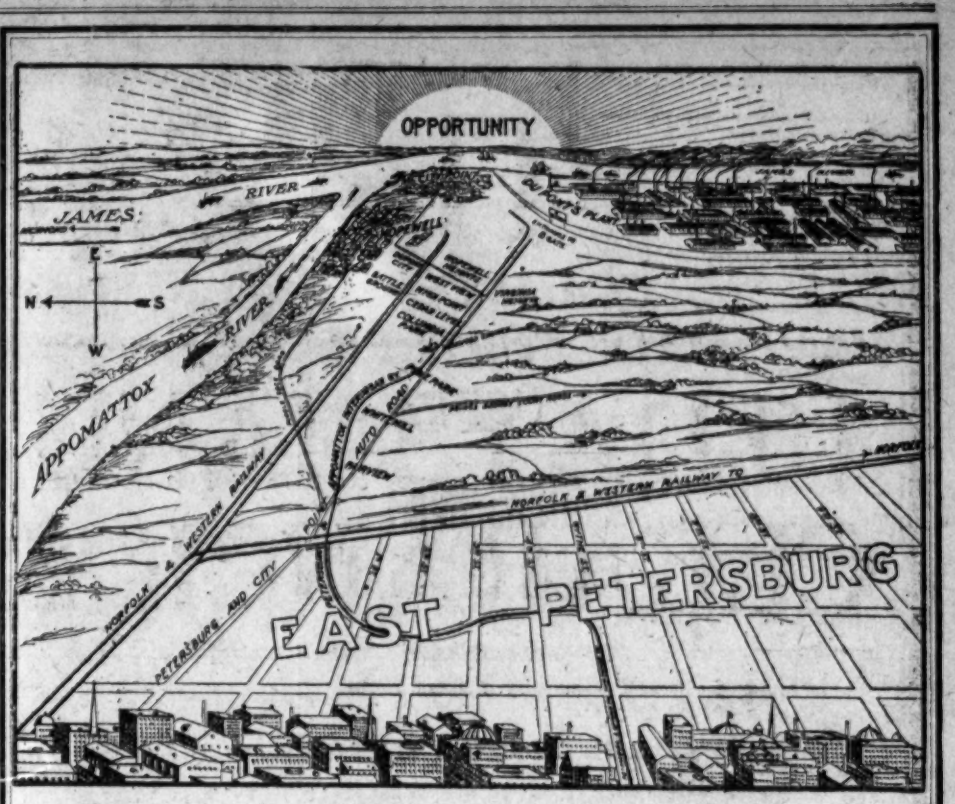
MOTHERS--YOUR CHILDREN'S HAIR NEEDS CARE

Seeds of Baldness Come Often From Neglect in Youth.

The hair of some children is naturally backward in healthy development. Growing up so fast, mental and bodily development of these boys and girls makes tremendous demands upon their vital forces. And oftentimes, when there is not enough of that vital force to supply all needs, it is the hair which suffers. Dry, dull, brittle, lifeless-looking hair and dandruff is the result and Mother is distressed because of its lack of beauty.

Parisian Sage is the ideal hair and scalp treatment for growing children as many mothers can testify. This delicate and wholesome scalp vitalizer is entirely harmless and its nourishing ingredients supply just the elements of nutrition that properly invigorate the hair and scalp, dissolve dandruff and promote healthy normal hair growth.

Many mothers have become personal users of Parisian Sage because of the good it has done their children. Certainly a preparation that is tender and wholesome enough to invigorate baby's scalp is a preparation well suited for mother, too. Parisian Sage is sold by R. R. Bellamy and many other good druggists, and the cost in trifling.



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Ladies' Fur Trimmed and Tailored Suits, marked $30.00, now .. .. ..

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month; or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SUNDAY, JAN. 9, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING

TOP. O'... ... ...

It is to be noted that the vast majority of the leaders in the world's life, in the colleges of the leading nations, in the ranks of statesmen, in the number of those who devote time and money to the elevation of mankind, are the open followers of Jesus Christ. Therefore to ignore the life and teachings of Christ is to be unscientific beyond any possibility of justification.

—JOHNSTON.

Senator Works but he makes us tired instead of himself.

What has become of the bad man who used to undermine the state of society?

One half the world does not know how the other half lives without taking in the movies.

The first week of 1916 has passed and we are still doing our best to hold our own in spite of resistance.

The New York bankrupt whose liabilities were $1,000,000 and assets 5 cents made what seems to have been a jitney bust.

If we expect to be a beneficiary of the will of the people, we have to act like an heir apparent of the people. Politicians do that.

Some men are not qualified to sit on the United States Supreme Court bench, but it is their judgment that they are fitted for the presidency of the great American republic.

Says the Raleigh Times: "We look for evangelist Dew to drop some sparkling thoughts." His name probably will remind men that they are not getting their dew as of yore.

The logomachic Roosevelt says his ideas come straight from Lincoln. That is no reason, however, why any man should do injustice to Lincoln's ideas. Anyhow, where did T. R. get the idea that he is in sole possession of Lincoln's ideas?

It is announced that a Baltimore lady has given up a musical career for a husband. If he does not prove any more satisfactory than a musical career, she can very easily go back to it. There is an advantage in giving up something which we can rely on for a return engagement.

One of the most noticeable things in the war is the quiet fortitude with which Italy is carrying on her operations. Not mentioning her vast expenditure for preparedness, she cheerfully makes the announcement that since she entered into the conflict it has cost her more than a half billion dollars.

Big men show the small fry of creation how to be haughtily impervious to rabid criticism and to serenely refrain from retaliation on account of a perfect sluice of prevarications bordering on libel. Under scarthing attack, most of us would become so perturbed and agitated that somebody would have to hold us to keep us from cracking one another's bean.

"Hit twice with a broom," says a headline. Must have been a case of intervention in the performance of household duties while they were in progress. In years gone by it seems that the rolling pin or the poker used to be called into requisition in matters of domestic molestation. Use of a broom in this day and generation indicates that some agent for a vacuum cleaner should call around on business.

A North Carolina Republican complains that on account of the Wilson administration he has to pay $1 a bushel for corn. That is where a Democrat who raises corn has to laugh. Republicans who can raise corn at 25 cents a bushel but won't do it certainly have to pay Woodrow Wilson prices for corn. There is no way out of it. The gods help those who help themselves by being Democratic sellers instead of Republican buyers.

MOBILIZING FOR GOOD ROADS

One of the healthiest signs of progress in North Carolina is the militant spirit for good roads and The Star notes it with the greatest satisfaction for the reason that this paper was a pioneer advocate of modern rural highways. What railroads are to the general traffic economy of the whole country improved roads are to the economy of rural traffic. Developments follow the wake of either means of transportation and no longer is it necessary to present an argument to that effect. The people realize it and have accepted it as the very foundation of progress anywhere.

In the "State of Robeson" that sentiment is so militant that the citizens of Lumberton and the county propose to mobilize in behalf of good roads as one of the greatest deevloping factors to be utilized in that peculiarly resourceful section of North Carolina. The Lumberton Robesonian gives us this idea of the spirit that is to be fostered in an organized way in that great county:

"The Farmers Union of Robeson and the Chamber of Commerce of Lumberton are starting the New Year with interest in good roads. If these two organizations will work with determination something like order may be brought out of the present chaotic condition of road matters in Robeson. Nothing more worthy the serious attention of good citizens could be championed and it is to be hoped that both organizations will tackle the problem with determination not to be discouraged and not to let go until the reproach of poor roads in Robeson has been wiped out."

The purpose of the Farmers' Union and the Chamber of Commerce to unite in the good roads cause is but carrying out the now universally popular plan of co-operation between town and county. It is a movement to mobilize all the forces of the county for its development, and that co-operation will not only prove effective as to good roads but as to other matters for the mutual development of the county and its towns—not one but all. The very first need for the development of a town is a railroad or railroads, and so the chief element in the development of a county is good roads. Realizing that, co-operation along that line is to be one of the 1915 plans in Robeson.

The popular idea these times is to have a city plan on which a city or town's builders may work with a view to carrying it out. When a plan is adopted the booster forces get behind it and work enthusiastically to carry it out. The plan that can be most relied upon to bring about development is the one selected to be agreed upon, and certainly that good roads plan in which the wide-awake men of Lumberton and Robeson are to co-operate is not only the most feasible but the most necessary thing to be done in promoting development in Robeson. It is beginning on the ground floor, and it must be admitted that the finest section on earth would remain in an undeveloped state of it did not have highway and railway facilities as the basis of progress.

The Robeson people have hit upon the most vital plan it is possible at this time to undertake, but they must not forget to ask the State Highway Commission to co-operate with them in their efforts to provide Robeson with a highway system. Good roads building depends upon good engineering and proper construction of highways, and, if the economies are to be considered, the State Highway Commission should be depended upon by Robeson for the effective aid which the State has aimed to give to counties which intend to do permanent road construction.

The Star wants to co-operate in Robeson's co-operative movement, and just at this time it wants to furnish its hearty congratulations to the Farmers' Union of Robeson and the Chamber of Commerce of Lumberton.

NEW TIN INDUSTRY.

The Star has often emphasized the fact that the rich resources of South America are to be drawn upon more than ever for American industry, and if our South Atlantic ports are to benefit by it they will have to know more about the Latin-American resources upon which this country is to draw heavily in the near future. There is not one material but many that should be imported to Southern ports from South America for manufacture, and logically our South Atlantic ports are most admirably adapted for the import and export manufacturing that this country can do as the result of closer commercial relations with our neighbors to the south of us.

"Commerce Reports", issued by the Department of Commerce, at Washington, announces the establishment of an entirely new industry for the United States in the importation of tin ores and the smelting and reduction of such ores at Perth Amboy, N. J. The bulletin states that it opens the way to a business which will mean $100,000,000 to the foreign commerce of the United States.

All arrangements have been completed for the importation of Bolivian tin ore by the American Smelting & Refining Co., and a large plant has been erected at Perth Amboy for smelting and refining the raw material. It will be the first attempt to establish the industry on a large scale in the United States.

The first definite information that such an undertaking had been decided upon was contained in a letter to Secretary Redfield from William Loeb, Jr., of the American Smelting & Refining Company, in which it was stated that a new plant had been practically completed at Perth Amboy for the smelting of tin ores and concentrates and the electrolytic refining of tin. Mr. Loeb stated that this country imports about 5,000 tons of tin yearly and of this about 90 per cent is Straits tin, which is consumed largely in the production of tin plate. The Straits Settlements impose an export duty on tin ores, thus compelling the reduction to metallic form in the country in which it is produced.

The Bolivian tin, according to Mr. Loeb's letter, contains impurities which, with the established methods of smelting, do not produce a tin suitable for tin plate, but the plant at Perth Amboy proposes not only to smelt the impure ores from Bolivia and other countries, but to refine the product by the electrolytic process. A recent analysis of this electrolytic tin by experienced chemists showed it to run 99.98 per cent pure, while the base metal from which it was produced contained only 93 per cent. For the manufacture of tin plate this tin is produced as good as the best Straits tin.

In the meantime the Secretary of Commerce has addressed a letter to the State Department suggesting that the matter of Bolivian export duties be taken up with the Bolivian Government and that some expression of opinion from that government be obtained as to future interpretations of the old treaty between the two countries. The State Department exchanged notes with Bolivia and the final result was that the Bolivian minister of foreign affairs signed an assaurance that there would be no future discrimination against the United States in the matter of export duties.

Although the United States is easily the greatest user of tin, only a very small quantity of the metal is mined in this country and practically no smelting has been done here. About 90 per cent of the metal imported originates in the Straits Settlements, where the world's greatest tin mines are located, although great quantities are received indirectly by way of England, Belgium and Germany. Important quantities imported from Europe also originate in Bolivia, the concentrated ore being shipped from that country to Europe for further refining. In normal times the United States imports about $50,000,000 worth of tin, which is somewhat more than a third of the world's production. Bolivia produces about $25,000,000 worth annually.

The value of a tin smelting industry to the United States is great but difficult to estimate in its full importance. The smelting industry itself will give employment to many workers and will be a great convenience in many ways to the great tin plate industry. But the purchase of great quantities of ore from a South American country will establish credits in our markets in their favor and lead to the establishment of commercial relations with that country which would otherwise have been difficult to effect. The Bolivian minister, Senor Don Ignacio Calderon, calls attention to this important point by emphasizing the necessity of buying in foreign countries as well as selling there. The ships that carry ore to the United States will carry back American products for South American markets. Bolivia buys three or four million dollars worth annually in the United States and sells nothing to this country at present.

Mr. Loeb, who is at the head of this new enterprise, was President Roosevelt's private secretary. He writes the Department of Commerce that all the financial arrangements have been made to carry out the enterprise herein referred to. There is not the slightest reason why just such industries as this should not be secured for Wilmington, which is some 500 to 600 miles nearer the tin ore supply than are the ports higher up on the North Atlantic coast.

JUSTICE ALLEN.

We don't know what the chances are to get Associate Justice W. R. Allen on the Supreme Court bench of the United States, but the whole State is behind him. The North Carolina senators and all the representatives in Congress except one have enlisted in his behalf, and the bar and press of the State are urging the appointment of Judge Allen. North Carolina tenders Judge Allen to President Wilson as a fit candidate for his consideration, and we are sure he would make an eminent successor to the distinguished Justice Lamar whose able service on the Supreme Court bench has been ended by his death.

So far as North Carolina is concerned, there is unanimity here as to the merits of Judge Allen and the desire of the State to have him honored by the President. Governor Craig is among the strong advocates of the North Carolina judge, and numerous of the State's leading men are urging his appointment. Representative Britt, the only Republican representative in Congress from North Carolina, states that he is for former President Taft, if a Republican is to be appointed, but he favors Judge Allen if Justice Lamar's successor is to be a Democrat.

So say we all of us. For distinguished qualifications and high character, North Carolina tenders a man worthy of the President's consideration.

WHAT DO WE UNDERSTAND, ANYWAY?

A pacifist says he cannot understand why we should put this country in a state of preparedness. Of course, he does not understand it, and another thing he does not understand is why nature recognized the necessity for equipping the corporosity of a yellow-jacket with some kind of an all-fired touch-me-not. Though we may soak our heads and enter into grave contemplation of the philosophies of this world, there are things that we shall never understand. It is equally strange that a yellow-jacket knows enough to back up against an innocent by-stander and push instead of butting into him after the manner of a billy goat.

This is awfully academic but it is a very simple matter which no Byzantine logothete and no end of Oyster Bay logomachy can possibly solve by theorization of any kind whatsoever. Noah seems to have known a thing or two about the unknowable, but it is beyond the power of any imposter to interpret the impossible to the satisfaction of our posterity, much less to our satisfaction while we are here facing conditions under forward looking circumstances.

We may as well abandon sophomorical ideals and get back to nature with a view to getting our bearings. So far as understanding things is concerned, we are lucky if we know enough to get in out of the wet or to be prepared against the unexpected. We love pacificists and we love our enemies (nit) but we cannot understand why our enemies do not love us. We cannot even understand how we make enemies instead of friends. Even the pacifists ought to understand the fact that we don't seem to understand how to keep our foot out of it, even though we think we are trying.

What do we understand, anyhow? Whatever it is, it does not seem to be unanimous.

Well, one week of the new year is gone. Is it still too early to organize for that big agricultural and industrial fair for the southeastern quarter of the State, which it has been proposed to hold in Wilmington next November? Ten full months is none too much in which to get up such a fair as ought to be held here. The farmers in a dozen counties ought to be interested in making exhibits before they even plant their crops, so they can plant and cultivate with prize winning in view.

The Jacksonville Times-Union inquires: "Can it be that we have no American humorist to advise us in this crisis of our fate?" The real trouble about it is that we can hardly tell one American humorist from another. They all keep us in a roar of laughter by their funny way of taking themselves seriously. We must learn to recognize a humorist when we behold him entertaining and elaborating the idea that he is the whole show.

The situation around Czernowitz is said to be critical. It is as safe a proposition that both the Russians and the Austrians will catch fits in attempting to hold on to any such place.

THE DECLINE IN ARITHMETIC.

To the Editor of The Star:

That too little attention is being paid to arithmetic in the public schools is shown on all sides by the pupils being turned out in the business world.

There seems to be an urgent need for an awakening in the study of arithmetic, especially in our High School.

Boys and girls enter High School ranging in ages from 13 to 15 years. Just when they are beginning to understand what this study means to them, as a foundation for life, the arithmetic is discontinued, while the schools continue to turn out a large percentage of pupils who cannot add rapidly or correctly.

The need of accuracy in the business world shows no abating, and the ability to show a "preparedness" is still worth while.

I think we parents and the business men should demand that the High School of Wilmington teach arithmetic as one of the leading text books. It is a most important study, and accuracy obtained by constant application insures steady employment and assured incomes in after life.

A MOTHER.

CURRENT COMMENT.

As told in The Enterprise last fall, the cotton mills of Albemarle are preparing to do a much larger business in the manufacture of cotton yarns than ever before. Two large mills being erected by the Efird Manufacturing Company and the Wiscassett Mills Company, are now nearing completion. These mills are to cost $1,000,000, or more, and will mean the employment of hundreds of new hands. The Norwood Manufacturing Company at Norwood, made improvements on their cotton mill last year, and after doing a good year's business have large orders booked ahead. The time is not far distant when other cotton mills will be erected in the county. Just where these will be located we are not prepared to say.—Albemarle Enterprise.

Your Uncle Sam is teaching employers a few fine tricks on that new government railroad he is building up in Alaska. William C. Ades, chief of the company, is the boss of the big job. What do you think was one of the first things he did when he began the work this summer? He wrote to Secretary Lane and said that one of the first buildings he wanted to put up at the new town of Anchorage (which is the construction camp base for the railroads) was an amusement hall. He said that he thought it was a bad thing for a big construction camp not to have a place where the men could have proper recreation, and he asked authority to spend $500 in equipping a hall with a phonograph, a library, some pool tables and other amusements. Mr. Downey ,comptroller of the treasury, promptly ruled that it was a most proper expenditure. So now the men at Anchorage have a government-owned recerstion plant, where they can get healthy amusement free as part of their contract with Uncle Sam-model employer. The building is a regular community playhouse and civic center. In addition it is used for all sorts of community purposes. The other day a wandering preacher arrived at the construction camp. When Sunday came around the government building was turned over to him, the billiard tables were pushed back against the wall and the preacher held Sunday service.—Cleveland Press.

While the government is utilizing its experts in dyestuffs and fertilizer research and experimentation, it might be a good plan to employ some of them in investigations of American tin mines. Commerce Reports has interested the country with the announcement that arrangements have been made for the importation of Bolivian tin ore and that this will add $100,000,000 to the commerce of the United States. Meantime, there are some tin ore developments in certain parts of the country that are languishing for government attention by reason of the fact that a sufficient amount of private capital has never been secured for the working of these mines on a commercial scale. One such mine is located near King's Mountain. It has been worked in a small way with excellent results. The ore is of a fine grade, but just to what extent the beds may exist has never been determined. It might be worth while for the government to send experts to investigate these ore beds, as it is possible that they may be found of a character extensive enough to justify mining on a large scale. The supply from Bolivia will come in handy, but at the same time it stands to reason that the United States should be casting around for the development of its own possibilities in that line.—Charlotte Observer.

HAD $17,000 IN WILMINGTON?

Vernon Pugh Said to Have Deposited Much Money in N. C. Banks.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 8.—Vernon Pugh, alias F. M. Scott, who was arrested a few days ago at the Croatan fishing lodge east of Newbern and taken back to Virginia to answer to a charge of conspiracy to pad the payrolls of the DuPont Powder Company, at Hopewell, involving an alleged shortage of more than $100,000 of the company's funds, is reported here to have deposited about $70,000 in banks in three cities of this State prior to his arrest, as follows: $50,000 in Greensboro; $17,000 in Wilmington, and $3,400 in Goldsboro.

It is reported that while he was at the lodge prior to his arrest, he not only put a $10 bill on a stove and watched it burn up, but put $10 and $20 bills on a fishing hook and used them as a bob to tempt game fish to bite.

NAMES JEWISH RELIEF DAY.

President Decides to Designate January 27—To Issue Proclamation.

Washington, Jan. 8.—President Wilson decided today, upon suggestion of Representative Sabath, of Illinois, former Representative Goldfogle, of New York, and other Jewish leaders, to designate January 27 as the date for collecting funds for the relief of suffering Jews in Europe, and will issue a proclamation to that effect.

Man that is born of woman gains his highest achievements through woman's influence.

A man never thinks of his sweetheart as a woman, only as a girl.

EXTRAORDINARY

REDUCTION IN

Coat Suits, Cloaks and Dresses

$10.00 Coat Suits, Green, Navy, Brown and Black; Special this week, at $5.00

$15.00 and $20.00 Suits; Special at $10.00

$10.00 Silk Poplin Dresses; several colors to select from Special at $5.00

Extra reductions on Kimonos, Bath Robes, House Dresses, Misses', Children's and Ladies' Coats.

$1.50 and $2.00 Sweaters, only 98c

All Ready-to-Wear Hats and Trimmed Hats at. . . . One-Half Off

Splendid Savings in Men's and Boys' Overcoats.

J. H. Rehder & Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

STATEMENT CONDITION

Home Savings Bank

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of business December 31, 1915.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	$241,927.37
Furniture and Fixtures	3,069.59
Stock in other Corporations	10,000.00
Cash and due by Banks	26,488.58
Total	$281,483.54

LIABILITIES:

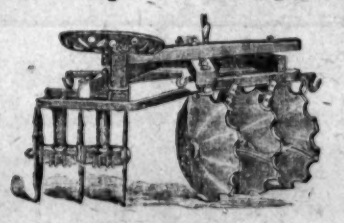
Capital Stock	$ 50,000.00
Profits	4,986.65
Deposits	226,132.10
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	364.79
Total	$281,483.54

J. W. YATES, President. J. W. LITTLE, Vice President

J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.

Parcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.



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Clarke Cutaway Harrows

Greatest of All Agricultural Implements.

Genuine Oliver Plows. Stalk Cutters.

Riding Sulky Plows.

We Have the Goods. Can Ship Promptly.

Goes Straight to the Point

A Long Distance Bell Telephone call, whether it brings a business or social message, has that faculty of going straight to the point—to the bottom of things—admitting no chance of delay or misunderstanding.

Bell lines reach almost everywhere. Rates for out of town talks are surprisingly low. Why not use the quickest and surest route to satisfactory results?

Try it! Others have, and they're still at it.

Ask Long Distance for rates today.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

THE IRON MEN

THE "IRON MEN" WISH ALL THEIR FRIENDS A PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR—1916. LET US HELP YOU TO MAKE IT ONE.

BEST PRICES ON IRON STEEL AND MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

ORANGE AND WATER STS. "THE IRON MEN"

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!

LARGE STOCKS, PROMPT DELIVERY. LET US SERVE YOU.

W. B. THORPE & CO

'PHONE 789.

INSPECTS POLICE SYSTEMS

Councilman Hall, in Charge of Department of Public Safety, Visits Several Cities.

Councilman J. M. Hall, in charge of the department of public safety of Wilmington, is determined that the city's police force shall be as efficient and capable as that of any in the country and in order to find out just what other cities are doing, he took the past week off and visited Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., and Washington, D. C. He made a thorough inspection of the police departments of these cities with the special object of seeing how they deal with the detection of burglars and sneak thieves.

Councilman Hall spent three days in Washington and was given every opportunity to study the methods used in that city by the force of 715 policemen, who look after the enforcement of law in the National Capital. Major Raymond W. Pullman, superintendent of the force, manifested keen interest in the visit of Councilman Hall and gave him much valuable information.

Councilman Hall was given a badge and spent a day with the plainclothes squad going into the criminal centers and studying at first hand methods used for the detection of violations of the law. He went through every department and was thoroughly acquainted with all the ins and outs of the operation of the big police force.

Councilman Hall was fortunate while in Washington in having the opportunity of hearing several lectures by Raymond B. Fosdick, former commissioner of accounts of the city of New York, who has written a book that is considered an authority on European police systems. Mr. Fosdick had been secured by Major Pullman to give a series of addresses to the Washington police force, it being a part of the plan of administration of his department to have addresses and lectures by experts. Mr. Hall spent some time in personal conferences with Mr. Fosdick.

Before going to Washington, Councilman Hall spent two days in Norfolk and Portsmouth and studied the plan of administration for the police forces of these two cities. He found this to be very profitable and secured many ideas that will be of help to him in the management of Wilmington's police department.

"While I believe that Wilmington's police force is thoroughly efficient," said Councilman Hall last night, "I found as a result of my visit to these cities that there are a number of short cuts that can be introduced that will materially aid in the enforcement of the law. In other words, I believe we can have an improved system that will result in doing better work without increasing the force."

Councilman Hall found as a result of his trip that Wilmington has not been the only city that has had an epidemic of burglaries and a lot of sneak thieving in recent months. It seems to have been general over Eastern cities.

Councilman Hall discussed this phase of law enforcement not only with the police heads but also with members of the detective squads and they were unanimous in the opinion that it has not been due to organized gangs nor to the work of one or two men but that it is contagious. One man burglarizes a house and another determines to try the same thing. It quickly spreads until there may be many robberies.

Councilman Hall says he is determined to break up the epidemic of robberies in Wilmington and his trip North was for the special purpose of studying methods of accomplishing this.

The purchase of bloodhounds is being seriously considered by him and Chief of Police Williams and it is not improbable that dogs will be secured this week.

CALLS MEETING COMMITTEE

Business Men to Discuss Question of Free Sites for Manufacturers.

A meeting of the committee of 28 business men of Wilmington, who were appointed several weeks ago to cooperate with Mr. Hugh MacRae in making plans for the development of the tract of 500 acres of land in East Wilmington, recently purchased by the Tidewater Power Company, has been called for Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The meeting was called by Mr. MacRae and will be held in his offices in the Murchison National Bank building.

The appointment of the committee by Mr. MacRae followed an enthusiastic meeting of citizens at which plans were outlined for providing by co-operative effort for furnishing free manufacturing sites for enterprises desiring to locate in Wilmington.

The following are the names of the citizens appointed by Mr. MacRae: Messrs. William Gilchrist, Sam Bear, Jr., J. O. Carr, J. H. Rehder, Roger Moore, J. B. Rice, J. M. Solky, J. G. L. Gieschen, Louis E. Hall, M. S. Willard, James H. Cowan, E. T. Taylor, H. E. Longley, J. Holmes Davis, Joseph E. Thompson, J. V. Grainger, Robert Ruark, Thomas E. Cooper, W. D. McCaig, J. S. Williams, J. Allan Taylor, Graham Kenan, L. W. Moore, J. L. Williams, M. F. H. Gouverneur, Frank B. Meade, T. D. Love and Dr. C. P. Bolles.

TO BE SOLD AT RETAIL.

Entire Stock of Ladies' and Children's Wearing Apparel Offered.

Of interest to the ladies of Wilmington is the announcement of Mr. G. Dannenbaum, No. 20 Market street, that on Monday he will begin a one week's sale of his entire stock of ladies' and children's wearing apparel to make room for the spring stock that is expected soon. Mr. Dannenbaum has recently added a retail department to his business and this sale will be of special interest. The sale starts on Monday and will last for one week only. Elsewhere in today's paper he quotes articles and prices that will be found quite attractive.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed for record yesterday: Benjamin Ross and wife to J. J. Lowe, for $25 and other considerations, tract containing two and three-fifths acres in Federal Point township; Southeastern Realty Company to Chadbourn Lumber Company, for $100 and other considerations, lot on southeast corner of 14th and Dock streets, 39x89 feet in size; W. G. Fergus and wife, Katie R. Emmart, for $500, tract of five acres in Masonboro township; G. T. Emmart and wife, of Winston-Salem, to W. G. Fergus, for $1,500, tract containing 100 acres on Myrtle Grove Sound in Masonboro township.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head

Because of its tonic and laxative effect Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness nor ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on box. 25c.

DURHAM LAWYER THE ORATOR

R. H. Sikes, Esq., Will Speak at Wilmington Celebration of Birthday of Lee.

R. H. Sikes, Esq., a well known and popular member of the Durham bar, has accepted an invitation to make the address at the annual celebration of the birthdays of Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson which will be held in the Academy of Music on January 19th at 2 P. M. The announcement of the plans for observing the anniversary of the birthdays of these beloved leaders of the South was made yesterday.

The arrangements for the exercises is in the hands of a joint committee from the Cape Fear chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, and the Cape Fear Camp, United Confederate Veterans. After the exercises in the Academy of Music, the veterans will be given a dinner by the Daughters of the Confederacy.

Major General Jas. I. Metts, commander of the North Carolina Division of the United Confederate Veterans, will preside at the exercises at the Academy of Music, and Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside Baptist church, will be the chaplain. A musical programme will be rendered by a quartet that will be announced later.

The Veterans and Sons of Veterans will form at the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry and will march to the Academy of Music where the exercises will begin promptly at 2 o'clock. The Wilmington Light Infantry and the Boys' Brigade have been extended an invitation to act as escorts to the veterans in the parade.

Mr. Sikes is a native of Wilmington and a son of Mr. T. P. Sikes, of this city. He grew to young manhood here and has a host of friends in the city. After completing his law course at the University of North Carolina, he located in Durham and from the start took a high stand among the lawyers of that progressive city. He served as judge of the Recorder's court of Durham for several years. He has made quite an enviable reputation as a speaker of more than ordinary ability.

EVELYN SCOTNEY COMPANY

To Appear in St. Andrew's Brotherhood Lyceum Course Tuesday Night.

The St. Andrew's Brotherhood Lyceum Course includes the Evelyn Scotney Company, which will be presented at the Memorial hall of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, January 11. The company is composed of Mme. Evelyn Scotney, soprano, of the Boston Opera Company; Mr. Howard White, basso cantante, of the Boston Opera Company, and Mr. Herbert Seiler, pianist and accompanist.

As a girl in Melbourne, Australia, Mme. Scotney, to quote her own words, "never dreamed of becoming a grand opera singer." Her first ambition in music was the piano, but that was not to be. One night in Melbourne, while the great Melba was sitting in the audience, Mme. Scotney sang at a concert. Melba was delighted, took her to Europe and insisted on coaching her personally. Later, through the influence of the prima donna, she became a pupil of Marchesi and Tosti. While pursuing her studies in Paris and London Mme. Scotney turned her attention to the concert stage, appearing with great success. It was at a private recital in London that Director Henry Russell of the Boston Opera Company heard her and made her an offer to come to America. Mme. Scotney's first appearance in Boston was in a small part in Thais." A few days later at a concert she sang the mad scene from "Lucia." Of this the Boston Post writes:

"Mme. Scotney sang her way into the hearts of music lovers in her first appearance at the Boston Opera Company concert in the mad scene from "Lucia." She rose upon the wave of popular favor, and all who heard her pronounced her a new star in the operatic firmament. Her amazing success caused Director Russell to arrange a special performance of 'Lucia' with Mme. Scotney in the title role, directly after Tetrazzini's appearance. Of this performance the critics write, "Last night Mme. Scotney appeared for the first time in a stella operatic role and with extraordinary success she aroused great enthusiasm, the audience giving her unstinted applause. After the mad scene she received no less than nine curtain calls. It was a night that should prove memorable for the gifted young soprano. Although putting her voice against that of the great Constantine, she sang as easily as though at her own piano. Her voice was as clear as crystal, extraordinarily brilliant with that charming-like hardness that denotes a great colorature singer."

Besides being a grand opera singer, Mr. White is a gifted violinist and Mr. Seiler is an able pianist. The programme will be composed of solos and duets, both instrumental and vocal, and a rare treat is promised the music lovers of Wilmington.

WHO WANTS THESE BOYS?

Clerk of Court Seeking Home for Five-Months-Old Twins.

Who wants to adopt two fine five-months-old twin boys, whose father is unable to provide for them a home such as he desires that they have. Their mother died last August. There are four other children in the family and the father feels that he cannot look after their welfare and is anxious that somebody will take care of them and adopt them. He lives in New Hanover county and would prefer that the boys remain in this county, if possible.

Anyone interested is requested to communicate with the Clerk of Superior Court, who will give full information.

BIG INCREASE FOR QUARTER

Wilmington Postoffice Shows Gain of $3,000 for Last Three Months.

The Wilmington postoffice made a fine showing for the last quarter of 1915, the receipts being $37,819.60 as compared with $34,810.50 for the same quarter of the preceding year or a gain of $3,009.19 in favor of 1915. The biggest gain was for December, the increase being approximately $2,000 for this month. The figures for the there months are as follows:

	1915.	1914.
October	$10,746.04	$11,531.66
November	13,146.09	11,231.99
December	13,927.47	11,996.85
Total	$37,819.60	$34,810.50

Meeting of Boys' League.

Rev. W. M. Craig, pastor of the First Baptist church, will be the speaker at the meeting of the boys' league of the Y. M. C. A. which will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock. "The Everlasting Document" will be his subject. There will be special music by the Boys' League quartette. All the boys of the city are invited to attend.

UNION MEETING OF BAPTISTS

Will be Held at Bear Branch Church in Pender County—Programme is Announced.

In accordance with the custom of the Baptist denomination for holding union meetings on the fifth Saturday and Sunday in each quarter, the members and ministers of the Wilmington association of this church will meet at Bear Branch Baptist church in Pender county January 29th and 30th. The programme for the meeting has been arranged by a committee and is announced as follows:

Saturday, January 29.

10 A. M.—Devotional exercises, conducted by Mr. D. L. Gore, of Wilmington.

10:30 A. M.—Organization.

10:45 A. M.—"Union Meeting Brought Down to Date," by Mr. G. E. Leftwich, of Wilmington.

11:15 A. M.—"A Matter of Great Importance," by Rev. W. M. Craig, of Wilmington.

11:45 A. M.—Sermon by Rev. A. L. Goodrich, of Point Caswell.

Dinner.

2 P. M.—Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. A. D. Carter, of Garland.

2:15 P. M.—"Standing of a 'Trunk Baptist'," by Rev. W. G. Hall, of Wilmington.

3:15 P. M.—"Can We Improve on Our Present International Sunday School Lessons?" by Rev. C. V. Brooks, of Wallace.

Sunday, January 30.

10 A. M.—Devotional exercises by Rev. E. L. Weston, of Burgaw.

10:30 A. M.—"Boys," by Mr. O. B. Hinnant, of Wilmington.

11 A. M.—Sermon by Rev. J. A. Clark, of Winter Park.

Dinner.

2 P. M.—Sunday School mass meeting conducted by Mr. G. E. Leftwich, of Wilmington.

FINE HEALTH RECORD

Wilmington and New Hanover Praised by State Board of Health.

The State Board of Health in its press article sent out to all the daily and weekly papers in North Carolina on Friday of the past week gives high praise to the splendid showing in health work made by Wilmington and New Hanover county.

"The city of Wilmington and New Hanover county are at this time enjoying an enviable record made in health work," the bulletin states. "During the past five years they have demonstrated in a fine example, first, the value of an efficient whole time health officer; second, that health is purchasable and money invested in health work pays handsomely; third, that the death rate for any town or community is a reducible factor, and fourth, that co-operation is a most essential element in the accomplishment of health returns.

"As a result of this extensive health campaign, according to a resume given by Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt, county health officer, which embraces reports for each year since 1911, the death rate has been reduced from 29.43 per 1,000 population in 1911 to 16.4 in 1915. Another notable fact is that smallpox has been entirely wiped out, not a case having occurred in the city or county last year. During 1910 and 1911 nearly as many as 800 cases were reported.

"The past year in the city's and county's health work, according to the report, was remarkable from many points of view. A school nurse and a food inspector were employed for whole time service. A modern abattoir, a reduction plant, modernly equipped meat markets and dairying methods were installed. Medical inspection of county and city school children including the colored school children was begun and is now in successful operation. Both the city and the county are enjoying the fruits of their labor—better health, clean homes and a low death rate."

USED CHAIR ON WOMAN

Bennie Carter Careless About Handling Furniture—Goes to Roads.

Recorder Empie thought that the careless use of chairs and other furniture by Bennie Carter, colored, who was charged with assaulting Eliza. Smith, also colored, was entirely uncalled for and yesterday after hearing testimony decided that four months on the county roads was about the right amount of punishment. John Lee, colored, charged with slapping Hester Lee and afterwards with picking her up and carrying her out of his own house, got off lighter but had to pay fine of $10 and the costs.

Richard Crawford, colored, was taxed with the costs for assaulting Essie Hankins, also colored. Johnnie Williams and Sylvester Gause, two colored boys, were paroled in the custody of their parents for skating on the sidewalks in the business section of the city.

JOINT INSTALLATION.

Two Councils of Royal Arcanum to Have Joint Ceremonies Monday.

Cornelius Harnett and Carolina councils of the Royal Arcanum have arranged for a most interesting occasion on Monday night when there will be a joint installation of officers of both councils in the hall of Cornelius Harnett Council, on North Third street. The installation will be in charge of Deputy Grand Regents J. Well, of Cornelius Harnett Council, and J. Edwin Bunting, of Carolina Council, and it is hoped to have a very large attendance of the membership of both councils.

A feature of the joint meeting will be a supper to be enjoyed after the exercises at the Dixie Cafe, on Princess street. All officers and members of the two divisions of the order in Wilmington are most cordially invited.

PENDER WOMAN DEAD.

Mrs. W. N. Anderson Passed Away Yesterday—Funeral Today.

Mrs. W. N. Anderson passed away yesterday at her home in Canetuck township in Pender county after a long illness. She was about 65 years old. The funeral will be held this afternoon from Bethlehem Baptist church in Pender county and the interment will be in the church graveyard. She was a devoted member of this church for many years.

Surviving Mrs. Anderson besides her husband are the following children: Messrs. W. D., John C., Arthur and J. L. Anderson, of Wilmington, and Jude and Peele Anderson, of Pender county; Misses Ida and Dora Anderson and Mrs. Belle Pridgen, also of Pender.

Phone 28

for the gas heater expert.
(Advertisement.)

ANNUAL MEMBERS MEETING

Col. Walker Taylor Will Make Address at Y. M. C. A. Tuesday Night. Special Music.

The annual meeting of the members of the Wilmington Young Men's Christian Association will be held at the association building on Tuesday night beginning at 8:15 o'clock. Col. Walker Taylor will make an address and Mr. O. B. Hinnant, city boys' work secretary, will also speak. There will be a special musical programme under the direction of Mr. W. G. Robertson, organist of St. James' Episcopal church.

There will be reports of the work of each of the departments of the association and plans discussed for enlarging the activities of the association during the coming year. At the close of the meeting, which will be held in the boys' lobby, refreshments will be served by a committee of young ladies.

The association has had an excellent year and while the work had to be curtailed somewhat because of the financial depression, the organization is now in splendid condition and it is believed that this year will be the best in its history. General Secretary Huntington has received the cordial cooperation of the members in carrying on the work during the past year.

A quiet campaign has been under way for several weeks to increase the membership of the association and many of the young men of the city have been interested. The active membership of the association is now larger than it has been in several years and those availing themselves of the advantages are growing in numbers.

AN EVENING OF FUN.

Boys of Y. M. C. A. Have Enjoyable Time at First "Stunt Night."

The first "stunt night" by the boys of the Y. M. C. A. was given last night and proved to be a splendid success. There were nearly 100 boys present and a number of visitors. Mr. D. H. Howes, Jr., chairman of the boys' work committee, welcomed the visitors to the association building and presented membership tickets to a number of the new members of the association.

Mr. Odis B. Hinnant, city boys' work secretary, made an inspiring address to the boys in which he explained what membership in the association should mean and appealed to them to be loyal to its ideals. Mr. C. Walton Johnson, boys' work secretary, commended the work and enthusiasm of the boys.

The programme, which was arranged by the boys, consisted of musical selections by the orchestra, a number of patriotic and camp songs, yells by the clubs and last, but not least, stunts by the boys. One of the main features was the hypnotizing by Mr. Johnson of one of the boys, who, while in the trance, did many exciting things. Delicious refreshments were served. The entertainment last night was under the auspices of the Round Dozen Club and the Lee Clubs.

WILL SPEAK TODAY ON SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK

Mr. J. M. Way, of Spartanburg, Here in Interest of Federation.

Mr. J. M. Way, field secretary of the South Atlantic States for Sunday School work, arrived in Wilmington last night and will deliver several addresses today in the interest of forming a federation of the Bible classes of the North Carolina Methodist Conference. There will be an organization meeting in Fayetteville January 19 and 20.

Mr. Way will make an address at Fifth Avenue Methodist church this morning at 1 o'clock and will speak at Grace eMthodist church tonight. Mr. Way will also make an address at the meeting of the Sunday school of Grace church this morning.

Mr. Way is a native North Carolinian, having been born in Greensboro. He is regarded as one of the leaders in the Sunday school work in the South.

HOT ASHES CAUSE FIRE.

Home of Mr. E. J. Dobson Badly Damaged Yesterday Morning.

Hot ashes produced such a heat as to start a fire in the kitchen of the home of Mr. E. J. Dobson, No. 423 South Fourth street, yesterday morning about 4 o'clock. The fire department was called and responded promptly. The kitchen was almost completely burned up, the amount of damage being about $500, but the firemen did good work and saved the residence from being destroyed.

Smoke in the tailoring establishment of Mr. E. J. Poezolt, No. 3 South Front street, yesterday morning at 7:15 o'clock was responsible for calling out the fire department, but no damage of any consequence was done. The smoke was caused by a defective flue.

War Declared

on cold rooms by gas heater.
(Advertisement.)

How to Cure Colds.

Avoid Exposure and Drafts. Eat Right. Take Dr. King's New Discovery.

Your Cough and Cold begin to get better as soon as you take Dr. King's New Discovery. It is prepared from Pine Tar, healing balsams and mild laxatives. Dr. King's New Discovery kills and expels the cold germs, soothes the irritated throat and allays inflammation. It heals the mucous membrane. Search as you will, you cannot find a better cough and cold remedy than Dr. King's New Discovery. Its use over 45 years is a guarantee of satisfaction.

"From exposure I had a cough and cold combined that nearly put a finish to me. While looking for something to ease the irritation that bothered my throat and lungs, a friend advised "Dr. King's New Discovery." I bought a bottle, the first dose helped and before the first bottle was used my cold was well."—*G. R. Spoven, Smithdale, Ark.* At all druggists.

Our Certificates Of Deposits

Draw Interest from Date of Issue. If you did not make your deposit with us on the regular Interest period, we would suggest that you call today and let us issue you a certificate of deposit, drawing interest from Date.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

REPORT TO THE CORPORATION COMMISSION

of the Condition of

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1915.

ASSETS:

Loans and Discounts Other Than Demand	$1,992,797.87
North Carolina State Bonds	25,500.00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	14,500.00
Banking House	50,000.00
All other Real Estate Owned	2,300.00
Demand Loans	285,950.84
Cash on Hand and in Banks	355,320.48
Invested Trust Funds	72,000.00
Total	$2,798,369.19

LIABILITIES:

Capital	$ 100,000.00
Surplus	200,000.00
Undivided Profits	66,759.91
Dividends Unpaid	4,071.50
Building Reserve	11,000.00
Discount Unearned	10,000.00
Deposits	2,406,537.78
Total	$2,798,369.19

I, Jno. Lewis Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JNO. LEWIS WILLIAMS,

Correct-Attest:

N. B. RANKIN,
JNO. D. BELLAMY, JR.
J. V. GRAINGER. } Directors.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of January, A. D., 1916.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.

"LAVENDER AND OLD LACE"

YOU furnish the Old Lace and we will furnish the Lavender. We have just received a fresh lot of Lavender Flowers. Nothing daintier or more refreshing than the odor of Lavender Flowers among laces and other dainty fabrics.

Have you selected your Xmas gifts? We have a beautiful line of Manicure Sets, both for gentlemen and ladies, in White Ivory and Mother of Pearl. Also beautiful finger nail buffers in the latest style.

For Coughs and Colds, use the best. Bunting's Climax Cold Tablets and Wine of Cod Liver Oil. The latter is a fine reconstructive tonic, also; 25c. the box and $1.00 the bottle. Syrup of White Pine with TAR is also an excellent relief for coughs.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

The ORIGINAL Prescription Specialists.

Sachets:—Vantine's Geisha Girl, Gardenia, White Lilac, Clover, Lily of the Valley, Violet, Carnation, Azurea and Mary Garden.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NEW HANOVER COUNTY—Notice.

The undersigned, having been appointed and duly qualified as administratrix of the estate of Richard S. Rose, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are notified to exhibit the same before me on or before the 23rd day of December, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 23rd day of December, 1915.

CORNELIA A. ROSE,
Administratrix.

de27-1aw6w

SPRING LINE

Royal Society Art Packages

Now on Sale---2nd Floor

These outfits come to you complete, clean and intact, in a sealed envelope. They contain the article to be embroidered, stamped on material of the highest quality, exact instructions and a carefully prepared chart of stitches and colors with sufficient floss to entirely complete the embroidery.

Spring line includes Gowns, Corset Covers, Princess Slips, Combinations, Envelope Chemist, Aprons, Children's Dresses, Infants' Sets, Caps, Boudoir Caps, Table Covers, Luncheon Sets, Laundry Bags, Etc.

Price $1.00.

497—Ladies' made up Night Gowns, of highest quality Nainsook, size 15, 16 and 17; Price **$1.00**

509—This up-to-date Sport Blouse is ready-made of superior quality, white Repp and requires only the embroidery in dark blue.

Size 8, **$100**; Size 10, **$1.25**; size 12, **$1.25**

Our Art Department Carries Full Assortment of Royal Society products, including package Outfits, Embroidery Floss, Celesta Twist, Crochet Cottons, Etc.

Send 25c for the Royal Society Album of cross stitch and embroidery, or 10c for the latest crochet books Nos. 5 and 6.

Sizes 10 and 12 ..... $1.25
Size 8 ..... $1.00

BELK-WILLIAMS CO.

210- 212 NORTH FRONT STREET.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Council, of Scott's Hill, were in the city yesterday, guests at the Orton.

• • •

Misses Addie Williams and Bessie Mitchell, of Garland, were in the city yesterday, guests at the Orton.

• • •

Mrs. S. C. Damon, of Kingston, R. I., is spending some time with her brother, Mr. M. S. Willard, No. 520 Orange street.

• • •

The Woman's Missionary Society of Fifth Avenue Methodist church will meet Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the parsonage of the church.

• • •

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Misses M. J., Jeanie and Fan Williams have returned from Wilmington, where they were guests of Miss F. R. Williams."

• • •

Mrs. L. K. Taylor, who has been on a visit during the Christmas holidays to her daughter, Mrs. J. Sidney Hood, of King's Mountain, has returned to the city.

• • •

Rev. J. P. Pate, the new pastor of Bladen Street Methodist church, and his family arrived from Whiteville Friday and are residing in the church parsonage.

• • •

Miss Isabel Arnold, of Elkins, West Va., the beloved field secretary of the Southern Presbyterian church, arrived in Wilmington yesterday and is the guest of Miss Eliza Murphy, No. 115 South Third street.

• • •

Miss Katie Foard will sing "Consider and Hear Me" by Wooler at the morning service of the First Baptist church today and at the night service Miss Katherine Vollers will sing "The Earth is the Lord's," by Lynes.

• • •

Mrs. Jack Holmes, of Syracuse, N. Y., arrived last night from Norfolk, Va., after visiting Mrs. E. B. Holman, is now visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Darden, on North Third street.

• • •

The members of the Linen Auxiliary of the James Walker Memorial Hospital, who have not paid their dues for 1916, are requested to send same to Mrs. W. G. Hull, treasurer of the organization, No. 13 North Sixth street.

• • •

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Matthew's Lutheran church will give a coffee party at the home of Mrs. H. W. Konig, 917 North Fourth street, Wednesday afternoon, January 12th, at 3:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. Claude Joyner, of Cismount, Va., are spending some time at The Orton. Dr. Joyner practiced the profession of medicine in Jacksonville, Fla., for nearly a quarter of a century but has now retired and recently purchased a large farm in Virginia.

• • •

Garland, N. C., Jan. 8.—The So-So Club was delightfully entertained by Mrs. J. P. Floyd at her home Thursday afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock, all members being present except Mrs. D. L. McBryde, the president, who was away on account of her sister's illness and was missed very much by the club. Many selections were rendered on the piano by Miss Fannie Rich; also the guests enjoyed very much the dance given by Miss Rosalind Roberts. At the close of the meeting delicious refreshments were served. The club will next be entertained by Miss Rosalind Roberts.

MR. AND MRS. BUSCH TO CELEBRATE SILVER WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest J. Busch, of this city, will celebrate their silver wedding anniversary at the Elks' Temple on Saturday evening, January 15th. The following invitations have been received by friends:

1891 1916

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest J. Busch
request the honor of your presence at
the celebration of the
Twenty-fifth Anniversary of their
wedding
Saturday, the fifteenth of January
from eight until twelve o'clock
at the Elks' Temple.

A. D. Brown

The Store That Sells

Wooltex
The H. Black Company
Designers and Makers
PARIS-CLEVELAND

Coats Suits Skirts

This Season's WOOLTEX Coats and Coat Suits Are Now Half Price

A Wooltex Coat or Coat Suit is guaranteed to give two full seasons' satisfactory service.

Agents American Lady Corsets; Butterick Patterns, and Black Cat Hosiery.

LAST DANCE OF HOLIDAY SEASON IN FAYETTEVILLE

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 8.—The last dance of the holiday season was danced in the Marsh-MacKethan building Monday night and was thoroughly enjoyed by some forty members of the younger set. They were Miss Lucille Culbreth with Noel Patton, Miss Mildred Courtney with Jennings Pemberton, Miss Mary Bruton with Ned Grady, Miss Edna Jennings with Earl Stewart, Miss Louise Bruton with Robert Nolley, Miss May Sedberry with Algernon Hubbard, Miss Sallie Haigh Underwood with John Garrason, Miss Murdock with Murchison Walker, Miss Ruth Sedberry with John Hubbard, Miss Minnie Holland with E. F. Capps, Miss Annie Wightman with Robert Tolar, Miss Mary Starr Cook with John Manning Huske, Miss Helen Dodson with H. L. Cook, Jr., Miss Catherine Renalds with John H. Cook, Miss Sarah Tolar with Charles Marsh, Miss Mamie Holt with Haskell Bowen. The stags were B. R. Huske, Jr., Edmund Pemberton, William Hunter, Billie Huske, Rufus Thornton and Henry Campbell. The chaperones were Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wemple, Mrs. O. B. Wightman and Mrs. Maggie Carson Williford.

• • •

GRACEFUL DANCES WILL BE FEATURE OF CARNIVAL HERE

Another evidence of the brightness and progressiveness of Wilmington will be given Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 24, 25 and 26, when several hundred of the city's popular young women and young men will exhibit their versatility and talent in the Business Men's Carnival which will be held in the Academy of Music under the auspices of North Carolina Sorosis.

The carnival will be more tuneful, more sprightly, more gorgeous, more spectacular, it is stated, than any other entertainment that has been presented under local auspices and will abound in rioting color, fanciful and variegated costumes, difficult attractive dances and a great bevy of beautiful maids and matrons.

There will be something in the carnival to appeal to everyone. Twenty-five beautifully costumed numbers will be presented each evening. Choruses from the late musical comedy successes, interspersed with sketches and specialties in which local favorites will appear at their best in singing, dancing and pantimime. There will be a change of programme each evening.

Did you catch the merry echo of the tambourines? It's from a band of Spanish gypsies led by their queen, Miss Florence Potter. Rehearsals are under way and every person connected with the cast is working to make the carnival a grand success. The carnival is being coached and staged under the personal supervision of its author, Mrs. M. A. Harris, of Carlisle, Pa.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Justice George Harriss was unable to be in his office yesterday on account of illness and all cases set for trial yesterday were continued until next week.

—Sheriff Cowan announces elsewhere in today's Star that he is preparing the advertising list of those who have not paid county taxes an dthat unless immediate payment is made the costs will be added.

—The City Epworth League Union which was recently reorganized will hold a special meeting Monday night at 8 o'clock at Fifth Avenue Methodist church. There will be a special musical programme. The public is invited.

—Laurence George and Edward Livingston, two colored boys, were found by Plainclothesman D. W. Coleman taking pieces of iron from a vacant room at Front and Dock streets yesterday afternoon and were locked up on charges of larceny.

—Justice Bornemann officiated the past week at the marriage of Rev. C. J. Wilcox, a well known colored minister in this city, and Josephine Bass. The colored preacher is a great friend of the "judge" and desired that the magistrate perform the ceremony.

—Justice Bornemann requests that all members of his glee club carry canes and wear red ties. It is quite the proper thing to carry canes, the justice declares, and is conducive to sound health because it keeps men from stooping.

—Messrs. J. T. Larrimore and W. R. Dosher, charged with an affray which resulted from a misunderstanding as to a business transactions, were each taxed with the costs by Justice W. A. McGowan, the case having been disposed of Friday afternoon.

—John W. Lee, colored, a well known stevedore of this city, who lives at No. 518 North Ninth street, wishes his friends to know that he is not the John Lee, who was in the Recorder's court to answer to charges of disorderly conduct and assault on a female.

INSISTS ON ONE FALL

"Unknown" Wrestler Reiterates Request for Match With Hanson.

The "Unknown" wrestler who has challenged Fritz Hanson, the local welterweight, for a match of only one fall, the winner to take all the gate receipts, still insists upon these terms, according to a telegram received from him yesterday. Following the bout Friday night, a challenge was read from the "Unknown," stating that he wanted to meet Hanson for a match, but the latter said he would consider only a match for the best two out taree falls.

The "Unknown" was in Wilmington several weeks ago and came nearer being Hanson's equal, in the opinion of the local fans, than any of the wrestlers that have appeared here.

While Hanson has many friends who insist that if he meets the "Unknown" he should make the match for the best two falls out of three, there are others who express surprise that Hanson will not accede to the stranger's terms.

TO GIVE BIBLE AND FLAG

Wilmington Councils of Junior Order to Have Exercises Today.

Delegations from both Jeff Davis and George Washington Councils, Junior Order United American Mechanics, will go to Acorn Branch public school this afternoon to present a Bible and flag. The presentation on behalf of Jeff Davis Council will be made by Woodus Kellum, Esq., and for George Washington Council by Mr. F. A. Lord.

Those attending the exercises will meet at the Odd Fellows' building this afternoon and will leave at 2:30 o'clock for the school house, which is in Cape Fear township on the Castle Haynes road.

ARREST SUSPECTED MULATTO

Held on Charge of Vagrancy But Chief of Police Williams Thinks May Have Entered Homes.

Vagrancy is the charge made against a big mulatto negro, weighing about 175 pounds, who was taken in custody last night by the police at Brown's pool room for colored pepole, No. 10 South Second street, but Chief of Police Williams says he has strong reasons for believing that he is the man who entered the homes of several people in Wilmington the past week.

Chief of Police Williams and his officers have been working for several days with a view to finding the mulatto who was bold enough to go into homes in broad daylight and in one instance at least succeeded in getting $3.50 in money. They found a clue which led up to the arrest last night and Mrs. W. A. Furlong, who lives at No. 2 Postoffice avenue, and who found a big mulatto hidden in a bedroom in her home Thursday morning, and others whose homes have been entered recently will be given an opportunity today to say whether or not the man now being held is the man they saw.

Chief of Police Williams and Councilman Hall accompanied Sergeant Grimsley to Brown's pool room last night shortly after 10 o'clock. They placed the negro under arrest. He offered no protest but declared he had been working at different places naming specifically MacMillan's garage and the Royal Bakery.

While Nathan Smart was the name entered upon the police blotter, it is understood that the man arrested goes under other names. Chief of Police Williams said last night that the negro arrested finished about three weeks ago a sentence of ten months on the New Hanover roads for housebreaking. He appears to be a negro of more than average intelligence and while not so well dressed as had been the man who entered Mrs. Furlong's home, he looked neat and tidy in spite of the overalls.

The mulatto was locked up and steps will be taken today to find out if he is the mysterious mulatto, who is badly wanted here.

SUNDAY SERVICES

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector: Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Violin and Organ recital in the evening at 7:30. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:45. Everybody welcome to all services.

Grace Methodist church, Rev. M. T. Plyler, pastor: Preaching in the morning at 11 by the pastor. A special self-denial and thank offering will be taken for the emergency fund for missions. At 7:30 in the evening Mr. J. M. Way, divisional field secretary, of Spartanburg, S. C., will speak on the Adult Bible Class work. This promises to be a notable occasion.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, Sixteenth and Market streets, Rev. E. deF. Heald, Jr., rector: Sunday school at 9:45 in the morning. Service and sermon at 11. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. All are welcome.

Fifth Avenue Methodist church, Rev. J. H. Shore, pastor: Morning services at 11 o'clock, conducted by Mr. J. M. Way, Field Secretary, Southern Methodist Sunday School Board. Sunday school at 9:45. Evening services at 7:30 o'clock, preaching by the pastor.

St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector: Holy communion in the morning at 7:30. Service and sermon at 11. Sunday school at 4. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

St. John's Mission, 1313 N. Fourth street: Sunday school at 9:30 in the morning. Mr. Virginius Hall, superintendent. Service every Wednesday evening at 7:30. All are cordially invited.

Christian Science Society, church edifice Seventeenth and Market streets: Services in the morning at 11. Subject "Sacrament." Sunday school at 12:15. Testimonial meeting Wednesday evening at 8:15. Free reading room in the Murchison National Bank building, open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 4 to 6:30 in the afternoon. The public is cordially invited to attend the services and visit the reading room.

St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, Fifth avenue and Ann streets. First mass in the morning at 7. Last mass and sermon at 10:30. Vespers in the evening at 8.

Calvary Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor: Worship Sunday morning at 11 and in the evening at 7:30. Sermon subject, "Unwise Decisions." Other Sunday services, Junior B. Y. P. U. and Boys' Club at 10. Deacons' meeting at 3. Sunday school at 3:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Teacher Training Class and Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. Sunbeams Thursday afternoon at 3:30. A cordial welcome to all services.

Winter Park Baptist church: Services Sunday night at 7:30, conducted by Rev. J. W. Rowell, of Waxhaw, N. C., lecturer of Grand Lodge of Masons of North Carolina. Mr. Rowell's subject will be, "A Higher Vision of God." Sunday school each Sunday morning at 10:30. Prayer meeting each Thursday night at 7:30. The public is cordially invited to attend.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausan, pastor: Service with Holy Communion in the morning at 8. Subject of sermon "Thy Light is Come." Sunday school at 3:30 in the afternoon. Visitors cordially invited to these services. The church council will meet Tuesday evening at 8.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets, Rev. W. M. Craig, acting pastor: Sunday school in the morning at 9:45, Mr. D. H. Howes, superintendent. Preaching at 11 in the morning at 9:45, Mr. D. H. Howes, superintendent. Preaching at 11 in the morning and at 7:30 in the evening. Sermon in the morning by Rev. J. W. Rowell, subject, "God's Marking." Evening subject, "First Aid Men." B. Y. P. U. meets at 6:30, Mr. L. F. Gore, superintendent. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 8. All cordially invitd to join in worship at these services.

St. Matthew's Lutheran church, Fourth and Harnett streets, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor: Preaching in the morning at 11 and in the evening at 7:30. Sermon subjects: Morning, "The Wise Men's Visit;" evening, "The Boy Jesus in the Temple." Sunday school in the afternoon at 3:30. Preparatory services Friday evening at 8. All cordially invited.

Bladen Street Methodist church, corner Fifth and Bladen, Rev. J. P. Pate, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

USE GOWANS Rub-It-On FOR COLDS, CROUP, PNEUMONIA
BECAUSE: IT IS MORE PENETRATING AND RELIEVES QUICKER
AT DRUGGISTS 25¢ 50¢ $1.00

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

Reception and Visiting Cards
CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED.

Send for Samples and Prices.

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO.

Forty-seven Whitehall Street Atlanta, Georgia

PERSONALS.

—Mr. A. F. Doane, of Southport, was a guest at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. W. L. Robbins, of Phoenix, was registered at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. A. T. Preyer, of Greensboro, spent yesterday in the city, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. R. H. Stephenson, of Wilson, was among the guests at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. M. P. Bullard, of Bolivia, was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Dr. Jas. M. Northington, of Boardman, was a visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. E. A. Downey, of High Point, was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Messrs. L. E. Pridgen, William B. West and E. L. Johnson, of Fort Caswell, are spending a few days in the city.

—Mr. L. B. Bornemann, who has been spending the holidays at home very pleasantly with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bornemann, has returned to Elon College, where he is a ministerial student.

—His many friends will be glad to learn that Mr. J. T. Runge, who has been confined to his home for three days with grippe, is improving and expects to be out in a day or two, probably today. He is the Associated Press telegraph operator in the office of The Morning Star.

SONS OF VETERANS TO ORGANIZE LOCAL CAMP.

Will Meet With Cape Fear Camp of Confederate Veterans Today.

All sons of Confederate Veterans in Wilmington are invited to attend the regular meeting of Cape Fear Camp, United Confederate Veterans, which will be held at the W. L. I. armory this afternoon at 4 o'clock. It is expected that a local camp of Sons of Confederate Veterans will be organized to assist the Confederate Veterans in keeping alive the memories of the War Between the States.

The Daughters of the Confederacy are also invited to attend the meeting this afternoon. It is hoped that the joint meeting will be largely attended.

Christian church, Dock street, Rev. J. E. Reynolds, pastor: Preaching in the morning at 11 and in the evening at 7:30 conducted by the pastor. Sunday schoo. in the morning at 10. Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8. The public cordially invited to attend all services.

A Gas Heater
will chase the chill away.
(Advertisement.)

Lost Dog

Lost: — Black and Tan Male Hound. Has slit in left ear. $10.00 reward for return to O. H. Sherman, foot Grace street (Old Cape Fear Machine Works Building).

NOTICE

Cornelius Harnett Council, 231, and Carolina Council, of the

Royal Arcanum

cordially invite their brothers to witness the joint installation of both councils on Monday, January 10th, in the old Odd Fellows' Hall, on Third street.

Visiting brothers are welcome.

Refreshments.

By order of Regents.

MUNSON COUNCIL, NO. 4, ROYAL AND SELECT MASTERS.

Regular Assembly will be held Monday evening, 8 o'clock, Masonic Temple. Visiting Companions invited to attend.

By order of he T. I. M.

THOS. J. MOORE,
Recorder.

We have a complete and up-to-date lens grinding plant, and can make your glasses while you wait. We can duplicate any broken lens you may have, at short notice.

See us about your eyes and we will save you money.

Spectacles or Eye Glasses fitted to your eyes for $1.00 and up.

EYES EXAMINED FREE

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 515 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg
Phone 905 WILMINGTON, N. C.

DOES YOUR STOMACH TROUBLE YOU?

MAYR'S Wonderful Stomach Remedy will change that Long Face!

And One Dose Has Often Dispelled Years of Suffering.

Mayr's Wonderful Remedy can really be termed WONDERFUL. No matter where you live—you will find people who have suffered with Stomach, Liver and Intestinal Ailments, etc., and have been restored to health and are loud in their praise of this remedy. It acts on the source and foundation of these ailments, removing the poisonous catarrh and bile accretions, taking out the inflammation from the intestinal tract and assists in rendering the same antiseptic. Sufferers are urged to try one dose—which alone should relieve your suffering and convince you that Mayr's Wonderful Remedy should restore you to good health. Put it to a test today. Send for booklet on Stomach Ailments to Geo. H. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, 156 Whiting St., Chicago, or better still, obtain a bottle from your druggist.

For Sale by Druggists everywhere.

500 dozen Mullet Roe.
200 bags Head Rice.
200 bags Rose Rice.
150 bags Broken Rice.
200 bags Coffee.
Complete Line Groceries.
Orders Solicited.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Wholesale Grocers.

Xmas Goods

Oranges
Apples
Butter
Cheese
Plain Flour
Self-Rising Flour
All Sizes
Rush Orders
Filled Promptly.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.

To All of Our Friends we wish a Pleasant Christmas and Prosperous New Year

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Ready Clothes

THERE are only two kinds of clothes, so far as the process of making is concerned; ready clothes and made-to-measure. But there are hundreds of different kinds in each class.

Ready clothes, when they're made right, are better clothes than the usual made-to-measure. There's no doubt about it; and Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes prove it.

Special Values in Suits and Overcoats $15 and up

See Our "Neverbreak" Fibre Wardrobe Trunk $15

The A. David Company

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

SPECIAL

Big advantage by trading at Solky's. While we have had the Largest Holiday Business that we have done in years, we have kept up our stock in every department, and we can suit you in Men's and Boys' Clothing. A full line of Top Shirts, Silk and Cotton Hosiery, all kinds of Underwear, Leather Goods and Trunks, Stetson and Knox Hats, and lots of other good merchandise, that we will guarantee, if bought from us.

Come and See! No Trouble to Show You!

J. M. Solky & Co.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

No. 9 N. Front St.

WRITE US TODAY

And Let Us Send You Catalogues and Price Lists of

Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves

—also—

FIRE DOGS, FIRE FENDERS, SHOVELS AND TONGS, AND FIRE PLACE GRATES.

Cold Weather Will Soon be on us, so Don't Delay in Preparing to Furnish Your Trade With Cold Weather Necessities.

A Complete Stock. Orders Filled Promptly.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

NORTHAM'S

OFFICE SUPPLIES, LOOSE-LEAF LEDGERS, TRANSFER CASES, GUIDES AND FOLDERS.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

PHONE 651 — WILMINGTON, N. C. — 101 PRINCESS ST.

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

ATTENTION JUNIORS.

You are requested to be at the hall (Corner Third and Princess streets) Sunday afternoon, January 9th, at 2:15 P. M., from whence we will leave to present Bible and Flag to the Acorn Branch School.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell Building

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
Ladies' and Children's Wearing Apparel

Must be Sold to Make Room for Our New Spring Stock

All Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, Waists and Sweaters, Etc.

ARE OFFERED AT RETAIL—AT GREAT SACRIFICE

COAT SUITS $15.00 to $20.00 Value at $7.50	COAT SUITS Last Years Models Were $10 to $25 Now $3 to $5	LADIES' AND MISS COATS Reduced to $3.50 to $9 50	CHILDS' COATS Age 2 to 6, $1.00 to $2.50 Age 10 to 14, $1.75 to $3.50
LADIES' DRESSES Serge, $2.00 to $4.50. Silk, $3.50 to $7.50. Gingham, 75c	CHILDRENS' DRESSES Age 2 to 6, 35c. Age 6 to 14, 35 to 75c	SHIRT WAISTS Cotton, 35 to 75c. Silk, 75c up Net, $1.00 to $3 00	WOOL SKIRTS Serge, $1.50 to $2.50. Poplin $2.00 to $4.00
SILK PETTICOATS Messaline, Taffeta and Silk Jesey 75c to $1.50	SATINE PETTICOATS Satine Petticoats, 25c to $1.00 Outing Petticoats, 15 to 40c	GOWNS AND KIMONAS Outing Gowns, 69c, Outing Kimonas, 69c	ALL WOOL SWEATERS $3.00 Values at $1.50

SALE BEGINS MONDAY, JANUARY 10TH AND LASTS ONE WEEK ONLY

G. DANNENBAUM

20 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Next door to New-Way Market

Chords and Discords

An Eloquent Word.

The pessimistic young man walked hurriedly through Post Office Park, intensely occupied with his own thoughts. A pretty young mother and a proud father were sitting on one of the cozy seats, while their one-year-old child was happily occupied in playing on the grass.

As the young man approached the child, it looked up at him with smiling countenance, and he involuntarily extended a word of greeting.

"Mamma," was the one word of reply from the child. That, perhaps, was the only word the little child could speak. But in saying it, there was more eloquence than if it had been uttered by William Jennings Bryan himself or any other orator. There was in the expression more real happiness, more joy, more tenderness, more sincerity than in any sermon or address.

And in that word was summed up all the real happiness of all the world. It was touched with simple, confiding love, the pure sincerity of childhood's innocence, the everlasting reality of life's golden dreams.

Dream Literature.

"Dream literature," remarked the news dealer, when a man handed over the necessary spondulix the other day for the last issues of The Fra and The Nautilus, one a magazine of disapproval of most mundane things and the other of "New Thought."

"Yes, my friend, it's dream stuff, most of it, but then, you know, I have enough of the humdrum side of life without having to look for more of it when I want to read," replied the purchaser.

The news dealer didn't continue the remarks—he was too busy just then telling a boy what he thought of a numbskull who didn't have sense enough to know the location of a certain street.

No Need of Dull Hours.

In the New Era, published at the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., recently appeared the following exhortation to coming souls who feel that there is little of interest in life:

"There are few dull hours, unless ours are dull. Dull hours afflict, mainly, dull people No man is dull, unless willing. The most obtuse intellect may be sharpened to a point of interest in something. Nothing is absolutely and hopelessly uninteresting except nothing. Avoid vacancies. Almost any unwelcome intrusion is better than none. Invite the thought and speculation. Think along some line. The man whose mind is unoccupied, is absent. He is out. A book, one leaf of a book, an object of any kind, starts some thought if one inclines toward mind occupation. The man who gives away to dull hours is locked in and locked out at the same time. Put a dull hour to work. Harness it up with ideas, and it will pull like Cincinnatus at the plow.

"It will make and move the hour back of it also. And when you get an hour going the day moves Read, write and raise questions There are no dull hours—only dull people, because they will not bestir themselves. When a dull hour weighs you down, start something. Get action. That's the antidote.

"Prison is prison only to those who think little else than prison and keep it up.

"Remember, that you are looking and feeling better than you ever did before in your life.

"It's a fact."

No Christmas for Him.

The express office was the scene of much activity, as it was just at Christmas time, and the people were gathering in great numbers to get packages and parcels, many of them having come to get their holiday shipment of booze. An aged negro ambled into the office and securing his package of Oh Be Joyful, went out on the street and began a conversation with another negro, forgetting to guard carefully his package. It fell to the ground and was broken. The poor fellow carefully surveyed the broken bottle and looking into the other's face exclaimed, "Foah de Lord, Christmas done come and gone!"

The Morning Paper.

Instead of the time honored statement of Gray's Elegy that "Here some mute, inglorious Milton may lie," we may yet see the day when from the reveries of some future poet may come the sad refrain that here lies some dumb, unknown Walt Mason, who failed to speak forth in battling words of rhyme about everything conceivable and many that are. Be that as it may, Wilmington possesses a Walt Mason of some ability and while he may never consent to retail his wares to newspaper syndicates to be distributed to a million readers, he yet would give the readers of The Morning Star an opportunity to enjoy his literary effusions.

As a sample of what our rhyming friend can do when he but half tries and writes without thought of publition but simply to pay tribute to his friends, the following is submitted:

"The morning train had come and gone and left with quite a caper, but in departing carried all news, for there was the morning paper. Fresh from the press this came, all filled with items so sought for. Why should it not when all the time 'twas this that it was bought for? To every home for miles around, it scattered through the village and the people there through every page began to pillage. Now here was Tom, the village sport, his name in great big letters, who had gone to town to bum around when loosed from home tied fetters. Subscriberg felt blue and acted rather naughtily to see Tom, the village swell, walk around so high and haughtily. All because Tom's name had been printed in glaring type when he had gone to the great big town on the preceding night. So if you today must indeed know it; you may be certain The Morning Star will be sure to score it."

Weak, Weary Women

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End Them.

When the back aches and throbs,
When housework is torture,
When night brings no rest nor sleep,
When urinary disorders set in,
Women's lot is a weary one.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Have proved their worth in Wilmington.

This is one Wilmington woman's testimony.

Mrs. J. G. Carney, 320 Church St., Wilmington, says: "I was so run down and felt so bad all over that I could hardly get about to do my housework. I felt so tired and languid that I could hardly drag myself around. After being on my feet a great deal, my back pained me the most. I was feeling so poorly that I decided to take something to build up my system and my dr gist, Dr. Hall, recommended Doan's Kidnew Pills. I got relief after taking a few doses. My back felt stronger and my kidneys acted more regularly. Since then, I have kept Doan's Kidney Pills on hand and have taken a few doses occasionally, whenever my back has felt the least bit sore. They have never failed to give quick relief."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills — the same that Mrs Carney had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props. Buffalo, N. Y.

Topic for Sunday, January 9, 1916.

WHY SHOULD WE JOIN THE CHURCH?

Eph. 3:8-21.

Why join the church? Because no one can live a Christian life without affiliating himself with the church. When an individual becomes a follower of Christ, he thereby becomes a member of God's great church, which is composed of all those who have dedicated their lives to His service. Thus he really becomes a member of God's church automatically, when he makes his first decision. For organization's sake, it is found necessary to divide this great body into small, local working bodies, with local organizations, with local government. The individual has a choice in the local body with which he shall affiliate himself. Nevertheless it is as inconsistent to believe that an individual can wilfully refuse to affiliate himself with a local organization, and still be a Christian, as it is to believe that a man can become a soldier and belong to no regiment, corps or military body.

Joining the church should be a matter of pride. It is a milestone passed, an accomplishment in our life effort. If an individual, after many years of preparation to teach school, never takes a school or affiliates with the teaching bodies, he can never be said to be a school teacher, no matter how elaborate his preparation. No matter how apparently earnest the decision to serve Christ is, if the individual deliberately refuses to associate himself with Christ's followers, he never really becomes one of them.

Admitting a man to the Christian body is very much like the closing of a sale by a salesman. If the prospect tells the salesman "you can send your goods, but I will not sign a contract, or will not promise to take them," it should never be considered as an order. If the buyer does not want the goods sufficiently to give his word that he will accept the same on delivery the goods should never be shipped. But the salesman should consider that he has fallen short in showing the buyer his need of the goods and bringing him to a point where he feels the goods are essential. An individual who says "I will live a Christian life, but will not join the church," should be considered only as a prospective Christian—one with whom the greatest efforts should be used to show him the peculiar advantages which will come to him by a full dedication of his life to the Master, and to bring him to a point where he is willing to say, "O Lord, I will go where you want me to go, and be what you want me to be."

The remark is often heard, "I will be a Christian, but will not join the church, for I do not like the people who are in the church." The answer should be that we are sorry for their sakes, for it is the only brand of Christian there are. It is the kind that the Lord has selected, and the people who are using their every effort to His honor and glory, and if this kind of follower is not to your liking, we are sorry, for it is God's people.

Joining the church is selecting the Christian people as associates for life. It is the organization of Christian people. And no one has a right to enter any particular class of people or profession unless they honor, respect, and are glad to associate with those who are already on this plane of life.

The church gives advantages for service, which cannot be obtained in any other way. It is the union in which the strength of a multitude is added to the weakness of the individual, thus making the weak strong. It is the efficiency organization by which one life, through co-operation, can accomplish more in the length of time assigned than could be accomplished by many lives working alone, in the same period It is the reservoir, the foundation head of energy, where those who are weakened from service can restore their strength.

The church is the Christian home, where strong points are appreciated, and strength imparted to the weak, where the weaker elements of life are strengthened, where mistakes are overlooked and forgiven, where the individual as an organization works for the individuals as a unit for all mankind.

Faults and shortcomings are a reason for joining the church, not a reason for keeping out. For the sum total of energy given to individuals is nearly equal. Therefore, the individuals with many apparent faults and shortcomings make up for the same with a few strong points. By association with others they contribute their strength for others' weakness and receive strength for their own.

The visible church is one of the three great institutions of God. One is the family. One is the state. Each of us belongs in one family and in one state. The third is the church. Each of us ought to be in one church. We cannot avoid being in a family and a state. We can reject or ignore our relationship to the church. But we lose and we cause loss if we do.

We lose fellowship. We lose inspiration. We lose experience. We lose charity. We lose strength. We lose clear sight of ideals which are the life of the world. We lose our opportunity and too often our inclination for services which the church is rendering as no other agency on earth is doing. Doubtless we may still have more of these things than some people in the church; but we have not as much of them as we should have in the church.

In the church we can have all that we now have that is good and pure. Is it because we could not have other things that are not good and pure that we stay out? And we can have what we do not now have. We can have the chance to help to make it what Christ would have it be. We can use its innumerable agencies of service as we cannot from without. We can stand openly for the principles which surely we believe inwardly.

If we hesitate to join the church because it is imperfect, are we less so?

If because we are too imperfect, was it not just such as felt this that Jusus called and made His first disciples?

If because there are hypocrites in the church, are we sure that this reason is sincere?

If because we prefer other things, are we choosing wisely? There will come a day. What then?

$35,000 FIRE AT GREENVILLE.

Tobacco Re-Drying Plant Burned, With Much Tobacco.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greenville, N. C., Jan. 8.—The re-drying plant of Gentry & Gorman, tobacco warehousemen and buyers, was destroyed by fire today. The fire was discovered in the boiler room, about 1 o'clock. It spread rapidly. When firemen reached the scene the inside of the building was a mass of flames. Metal roof confining flames.

Hughes-Thomas Company had a narrow escape, only hard work saving their plant, which was scorched, as was also the American Tobacco Company's plant and some other buildings.

There were 160 hogsheads of tobacco on the first floor, second and third being stocked with other tobacco, there being 250,000 or more pounds in the plant. The tobacco loss is not less than $35,000 or $40,000 with small insurance. The building was partially insured.

WILSON DISTRIBUTING POINT.

Northern Manufacturers to Build Big Storage Warehouse There.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Jan. 8.—Wilson is to be the location for a big warehouse to be used by Northern manufacturers who will ship their product here and distribute through the South from this point. This will enable the manufacturers to take advantage of the lower freight rates from North Carolina points under the new law.

The warehouse will be owned and built by a company of Richmond business men, Clarence D. Coleman, the president, was in Wilson Friday making the preliminary arrangements for the location of the warehouse. The company has a capitalization of $125,000, and Thomas Gresham, of Richmond, is the vice president.

There are three women who influence a man throughout his life, his mother, his sweetheart and his wife.

Pinehurst, N. C., Jan. 8.—Philip Carter, of New York, junior golf champion, defeated E. T. Mason, Framingham, 3 up and 1 to play, in the first division finals of the mid-winter golf tournament here today. T. A. Kelly, Southern Pines, defeated R. C. Shannon, 2nd, of Brockport, 5 up and 4 to play in the second flight, and C. B. Hudson, Northfork, won from J. D. C. Rumsey, Brooklyn, 7 and 5 in the third.

A man should never think of his wife as a woman; when he thinks of her as a woman he is in danger.

New Orleans, Jan. 8.—Charles Frank, president-manager of the Atlanta Southern Association club, announced here today he had signed Outfielder Osborne of the Louisville American Association team.

It is a rare and fortunate maa who retains the same woman for a wife that he won as a sweetheart.

When he thinks of her as a devil he is lost, and on a fair way to the devil.

ECZEMA
CAN BE CURED
Free Proof To You

J. C. Hutzell, R. P. Druggist

All I want is your name and address so I can send you a free trial treatment. I want you just to **try** this treatment—that's all—**Just try it.** That's my only argument.

I've been in the drug business in Fort Wayne for 20 years, nearly everyone knows me and knows about my successful treatment. **Over three thousand people** outside of Fort Wayne have, according to their own statements, been cured by this treatment since I first made this offer public.

If you have **Eczema, Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter**—never mind how bad—my treatment has cured the worst cases I ever saw—**give me a chance to prove my claim.**

Send me your name and address on the coupon below and get the trial treatment I want to send you FREE. The wonders accomplished in your own case will be **proof.**

CUT AND MAIL TODAY

J. C. HUTZELL, Druggist, 1067 West Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Please send without cost or obligation to me your Free Proof Treatment.

Name..... Age.....

Post Office..... State.....

Street and No.....

ANNUAL MEETING

The 63rd annual meeting of the Lot Owners of Oakdale Cemetery will be held Monday evening, January 10th, 1916, at 8 o'clock at the company's office, No. 3 Odd Fellows' Building.

W. H. HOWELL,
Secretary.

We WISH OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS A HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

DRINK TEM-PO
TASTES, LOOKS and SMELLS LIKE BEER

Drink Tem-Po

A Non-Alcoholic Beverage---Healthful, Nourishing and Nutritious
COMPLIES WITH ALL PROHIBITION LAWS.

DRINK TEM-PO
TASTES, LOOKS and SMELLS LIKE BEER

A DRINK FOR ALL THE FAMILY

ABSOLUTELY Pure and Without Drugs or Chemicals of Any Kind

NOTICE TO TEM-PO DEALERS--There is No Government Tax Required to Handle This Beverage

THE TEM-PO MFG. CO.
Baltimore, Maryland

Edward Posey LOCAL DISTRIBUTOR

R. T. McFADDEN
Savannah, Ga. Gen. So. Agents

PETROLEUM PRODUCTION AGAIN BREAKS RECORD

Estimates of United States Geological Survey Place Total Output for 1915 at More Than Two Hundred and Ninety Million Barrels.

Preliminary estimates of the total yield of Petroleum for 1915 indicate a slight increase over the record-breaking yield in 1914. This condition does not agree with the currently reported reason for the exceptionally high prices now prevailing for motor fuel.

As a result of the over-load put on the transporting and refining phases of the petroleum industry by the excess output of crude petroleum in 1914, the year 1915 may be characterized as a period of readjustment in which production activity was purposely retarded as far as practicable. The small increase therefore is more significant that the simple figures suggest.

According to John D. Northrop of the United States Geological Survey the marketed production of petroleum in the United States in 1915 approximated 267,400,000 barrels, and the total yield approximated 291,400,000 barrels, about 24,000,000 barrels of oil brought to the surface during the year being placed in field storage by the producers.

The following table shows by States the marketed production of petroleum in 1914 and an estimate of the corresponding production in 1915, in barrels:

State.	1914.	1915.
California	99,775,327	89,000,000
Oklahoma	73,631,724	80,000,000
Texas	20,068,184	26,000,000
Illinois	21,919,749	18,500,000
Louisiana	14,309,435	18,500,000
West Virgina	9,680,033	9,000,000
Pennsylvania	8,170,335	8,700,000
Ohio	8,536,352	7,900,000
Wyoming	3,560,375	4,200,000
Kansas	3,103,585	3,000,000
Indiana	1,335,456	1,000,000
New York	938,974	900,000
Kentucky	562,441	450,000
Colorado	222,773	200,000
Other states	7,792	50,000
	265,762,535	267,400,000

The apparent increase in the quantity of marketed production in 1915 is accounted for by the continued output of oil in large quantities from the Cushing field, Oklahoma, during the first half of the year, and from the Humble pool, Texas, during the entire year, as well as by the discovery and rapid development of new pools in Louisiana and Texas.

Larger Stocks.

The stocks of crude petroleum held by pipe line companies at the end of 1915, amounted to approximately 195,000,000 barrels including oil retained in storage by certain oil companies that conducted a pipe line business at the beginning of the year but which business was taken over and later conducted by separate pipe line companies. This reserve is approximately 50,000,000 barrels greater than at the end of 1914.

Prices of crude petroleum at the wells were uniformly low in all fields from January to August when the permanent decline of the Cushing field resulted in an increased demand for oil produced in other parts of the country with a consequent advance in the scale of prices warranted. From the low level of $1.35 a barrel maintained from April 3 to August 14, "Pennsylvania grade" the market standard, advanced steadily during the last third of the year, reaching $2 a barrel on November 18 and $2.18 a barrel on December 17 and disclosed a strength which indicates a rapid return to the $2.50 level attained before the advent of Cushing. "Kansas and Oklahoma" grade recorded an even more rapid recovery. From its low level of 40 cents a barrel maintained from February 15 to August 2, this grade advanced to $1.20 a barrel in a little more than four months, passing its former high level of $1.02 on December 13, and attaining the price above quoted on the following day. California grades were fairly steady throughout the year, a 5 cent cut affecting heavy oils in the Valley fields on June 7 and a corresponding advance affecting the same grade of oil on October 26, followed by a general advance of 2 1-2 to 5 cents on all grades except Ventura county and Santa Maria, effective November 20.

Throughout the country as a whole drilling activity was at a low ebb in all the developed fields until late in the year when the advancing market proved an incentive for a moderate amount of new work. The Cushing field, Okla., and the newer pools discovered as the result of wildcat drilling during the year sustained a marked activity which was due to the conditions of local competition rather than to any justification expressed by the oil market.

Appalachian Region.

In the classic fields of the Appalachian province development was for the most part of routine character. The bulk of the field activity consisted as usual in keeping the oil wells producing to capacity by cleaning, deepening to lower "sands" or plugging back to neglected "sands," and in the occasional completion of a new well where lease conditions would permit. Many wells that could be profitably operated with oil at $2.50 a barrel were plugged and abandoned as a result of the low prices for oil in the latter part of 1914 and the greater part of 1915.

In Pennsylvania the drilling of a well on the Lutheran church lot at Evans City, Butler county, and its completion as a 125-barrel producer in the third sand in May, was the signal for a frantic town-lot development that resulted in the rapid exhaustion of a small pool of oil, overlooked in the development of the region 40 years ago.

Near East McKeesport in Allaghany county a gas wel estimate at 45,000,000 cubic feet open flow was completed on the Spiegel farm in July and furnished an incentive for additional drilling that was attended with indifferent success.

The old Dorseyville field, in Indiana township, Allegheny county, was extended to the north and east in the last half of the year as the result of promising discoveries of oil in the 30-foot sand late in June.

Little of interest developed in the West Virginia fields in 1915. The pool on Cabin Creek, Kanawha county, opened late in 1914, furnished a number of good wells but attracted little attention because of the fact that the discovery is well protected by acreage in the control of a single company.

The return of Tennessee to the ranks of the oil-producing states comprised a feature of much interest in the Appalachian region. In April the Whitcomb Oil Company successfully completed a 50 barrel well at a depth of 1,700 feet (pay "sand" at 945 feet) on the Toomey farm four miles northwest of Oneida, Scott county, near the Kentucky boundary. At the end of the year the "Oneida field" was credited with more than six active oil wells and Tennessee's place among the oil-producing states was assured. The discovery of a 30-barrel well in the old Irvine field, Estill county, Ky., aroused considerable interest in development work in that locality late in the year.

Lima-Indiana.

The "Trenton-rock" fields in western Ohio and eastern Indiana maintained a nominal activity in which the plugging of abandoned wells was more of a feature than the completion of new ones. Interest was well sustained in the area adjacent to Tiffin, Seneca county, Ohio, where a number of excellent oil wells were completed on the Seneca County Infirmary farm. The petroleum output in this division recorded the usual decline. At Cleveland, Ohio, the natural gas boom that featured 1914, gradually subsided without the discovery of an important oil pool, though the oil output of a few isolated wells amounted to nearly 500 barrels in the month of November.

With no new pools to its credit in 1915 the output of petroleum in Illinois recorded a decline which adversely affected the rank of the state as a contributor to the pertoleum output of the United States. In southeastern Illinois the "shallow-sand" fields of Clark, Cumberland, Coles and Edgar counties and the "deep sand" fields of Crawford and Lawrence counties failed to show productive extensions of sufficient value to retard the normal decline in output of the older portions of the fields. In Wabash county a wildcat well reported good for eight barrels of oil, completed early in December, three miles southwest of the Allendale pool, furnished an incentive for further drilling in what may prove to be a new pool. The Colmar field, McDonough county, in the western part of the State, was extended to the southwest in July by the discovery of a 150-barrel well on the Hamm farm in Sec. 19, Lamoine township, but efforts to extend the productive area still farther west into St. Mary's township, Hancock county, were unsuccessful.

Operations on the "Staunton dome" in Macoupin county, resulted, early in June, in the opening of a prolific gas field about four miles southwest of Staunton in Dorchester township. Development work was, however, considerably retarded by litigation between the oil and coal companies whose interests conflicted in this locality. Activity was slight in the Sanoval pool, Marion county, and in the Carlyle pool, Clinton county. Unsuccessful tests of interest were drilled near Hillsboro, Montgomery county, and at Rushville, Schuyler county, in areas of apparent in favorable geologic structure.

Mid-Continent Region.

Field activity in other paris of the Mid-Continent region was subordinate to that of Cushing, Okla., during the first half of the year, but the subsequent rapid decline of this prolific pool incited exploration and development in other parts of this division. During the last three months of 1915, the Healdton pool in Charter county received much attention as a result of which its daily output was increased from about 25,000 barrels to 75,000 barrels, and it displayed signs of becoming an able successor to Cushing. The completion as a 700-barrel oil well of a wildcat test on the Alberti farm five miles northeast of Blackwell in Kay county on July 24 is believed to indicate the presence of an important pool of oil and gas on the Blackwell anticline. The depth at which the principal sand was reported, 3,350 to 3,385 feet, in this well had prevented the completion of other tests in the locality up to December 24. Other localities in Oklahoma that furnished evidence of developing oil pools of consequence in 1915 were Vera, Washington county; South Coffeyville, Nowata county; Stone Bluff, Wagener, county; Holdenville, Hughes county, and the Fox lease 4 1-2 miles south of the Cushing field in western Creek county.

In Kansas active development centered in the Augusta pool, Butler county, and was mostly for gas although a few oil wells resulted. In October a wildcat test near El Dorado in the same county yielded a promising flow of oil but the extent of the productive area had not been proved to the end of the year. The various pools in Chautauqua, Montgomery, Franklin and Miami counties displayed only nominal activity.

Aside from the interest created by the drilling in of a few good gas wells near the city of Shreveport no developments of consequence took place in the Caddo district. Early in 1915, tests on the east side of Red River, east of the Abington pool in Red River parish, proved the presence of an important oil and gas field in the vicinity of Crichton, and throughout the year this new pool supported an active development that is responsible in a large degree for the notable increase in the State's output of oil.

Discoveries in North Texas.

Interest in the Panhandle region was centered at Strawn, Palo Pinto county, where oil was discovered on January 14, at a depth of 835 feet in a well drilled for gas by the Texas & Pacific Coal Company, on its extensive holdings in that locality. The shallow depth proved an attractive feature and before the end of the year the Strawn field had more than 75 oil and gas wells and was credited with an output of oil estimated at more than 250 barrels a day.

In the south-central part of the State an oil field of small area was developed at Thrall in Williamson county as a result of a wildcat test completed at a depth of about 850 feet on February 21. The accumulation of the oil in this field in porous rock of igneous origin intruder into a succession of impervious shales and marls is unique, no similar type of oil occurrence being known in the United States.

Eight miles south of San Antonio a 65-barrel well completed September 2, opened a new field in Bexar county, the importance of which remained undetermined to the end of 1915. Tests on the Schuernberg farm eight miles south of Brenham, Washington county, yielded sufficient oil to justify considerable activity in that locality in October and succeeding months.

Gulf Coast.

Among the coastal pools of Texas and Louisiana, Humble in the former state easily retained its rank of first in activity and in production. Interest was centered in the Stevenson and Landslide leases southeast of the old field where a number of gusher wells penetrating the deep sands increased the output of the field from 35,000 barrels a day in August to 75,000 barrels a day in October and November. Unsuccessful attempts were made to extend the productive area of the Sour-lake field to the north and to the west. In the Saratoga, Batson, Goose Creek and Markham pools no developments of consequence were reported. At Spindletop the deep test west of the oil development begun by the Gulf Production Company in November, 1914, was completed on June 9, 1915, at a depth of 4,729 feet without a discovery of oil or gas in paying quantities.

In Louisiana the Edgerly pool supported a nominal activity without notable extensions of the productive area. Vinton was extended toward the south in July. Jennings, Welch and Anse le Butte were featureless.

The petroleum output of Wyoming was materially increased in 1915 as the result of the completion of a six-inch gravity pipe line by the Illinois Oil Company from the Grass Creek field in Hot Springs county to the Burlington railroad at Chatham and of the opening in September of a prolific southwestward extension of the old Greybull field on town lots in the city of Greybull, Bighorn county. A monster gas well estimated at 20,000,000 cubic feet capacity, open flow, was brought in on the Byron anticline in northwestern Bighorn county late in September.

The most important development of the year in Wyoming was the opening of a new old field on the Silvertop anticline in northeastern Park county along the Montana boundary. The first well in this field was located in Section 1, T. 58 N., R. 100 W., of the sixth principal meridian and was completed in November at a reported depth of 1,100 feet. The initial flow was estimated at 400 barrels. A number of equally good wells were completed on this field before the end of the year not only in Wyoming but across the state boundary in Carbon county, Montana, as well.

In Fremont county, Wyo., activity in the fuel-oil field, opened in 1914 near Lander, was revived late in 1915 and there productive wells were completed before the end of the year.

At Havre, Hill county, Montana, additional tests inspired by the moderate flows of gas obtained in 1914 resulted in the completion of one well east of the city in November which was estimated, to be capable of yielding 15,000,000 cubic feet of gas a day. Distribution of this gas to consumers in Havre was commenced before the end of the year.

Decline in California.

In marked contrast to the reviews of the petroleum situation in California in the last nine years that for 1915 records a decline in output and a year devoid of spectacular features. As a result of the overproduction of petroleum in 1914, field activity in California was reduced to the lowest practicable minimum in 1915.

In the Midway-Sunset district the last of the big gushers (the Miocene No. 2) inherited from 1914, ceased flowing in March and from that time to the end of 1915 no wells of corresponding size were completed.

North of McKittrick in Sec. 25, T. 27 S., R. 20 E., of the Mount Diablo Meridian a new field of 35 per cent. Baume oil was opened by well No. 4 of the Beiridge Oil Company which was completed April 8 at a reported depth of 4,000 feet. Other wells were started on adjoining sections but the extent and value of the field remained unproved at the end of 1915.

At Coalinga the deepening of an old well in the white-oil district adjacent to Oil City in December was attended with such favorable results that a revival of activity in this area is assured.

The oil fields south of the Tehachipi range displayed more activity in 1915 than the San Joaquin Valley fields. In the Coyote Hills north of Fullerton a number of flowing wells were completed and to the northeast in La Habra Valley near Brea and Placentia developments were equally successful though retarded considerably in the latter district by water troubles. A small refinery began operations at Fillmore, Ventura county, in September.

In Colorado wildcat activity in a number of localities failed to discover oil and the State's production continued to be derived from the declining Florence, Boulder and Rangely fields. No production was reported from Utah. Tests in Washington, Oregon, Arizona and on the "eastern shore" of Maryland failed to justify the hopes of the drilling companies.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Jan. 8.—The actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $153,822,260 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $7,871,130 over last week.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The House judiciary committee next Monday will hear Representative Buchanan, of Illinois, on his impeachment charges against United States District Attorney H. Snowden Marshall, of New York. Chairman Webb announced this after conferring with Mr. Buchanan today.

Why Suffer With the Cold?
A gas heater will warm your room in a jiffy. (advertisement.)

HARBOR BILL AGREED UPON.

Proposed Measure Would Embrace a Maximum Expenditure of $44,000,000

Washington, Jan. 8.—A general harbor bill was formally agreed upon today by the rivers and harbors committee which voted to begin on the preparation of a measure on the basis of the projects already authorized. It would embrace a maximum of $44,000,000 for new work under authorized projects and $4,000,000 for their maintenance.

This is Gas Heater
weather. Phone to the gas office for one of those "Chill Chasers"—the gas heater. (advertisement.)

COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER

LAST CALL

Advertisement List (Sale of Land for Taxes) is now being prepared.

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S. P. COWAN, Sheriff.

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Our line is good, especially in Dining Room Furniture. All finishes — Jacobean Fumed and Mahogany. Low prices on Ranges and Cook Stoves.

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NEXT TO ORTON

More Furniture Sterchi-Bancroft Co. For Less Money

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW OF BUSINESS YEAR, FORECAST

Dullness Early; Prosperity Later; Foreign trade the Stimulant; War's Duration Affects Outlook—War Orders and Bounteous Food Exports Bring Wealth

Nineteen hundred and fifteen was a fitting heir to the year which saw the outbreak of the greatest war in all the world's history. War was indeed the main compelling cause of most of the year's activities, and its effects can be traced in almost every American trade, financial and industrial, happening of the past seventeen months. When to this was added a second year of bounteous crops sold at excellent prices, there existed a combination such as neither this nor any other country had previously experienced. A review of the year 1915 must of necessity, therefore, refer back to a certain extent to the latter part of 1914, which saw the injection of the most disturbing occurrence of modern times, but which, owing to this country's fortunate position, likewise saw the beginnings of the improvement growing into the greatest boom in trade ever witnessed. Looking back now to the opening of the year 1915, one may see clearly that the doubt and indecision reflected in the opening months of the year were not warranted; that improvement, slow, halting, or irregular, as it looked at times, was even then clearly manifest, and that this country, then and still spared from participation in hostilities, had already embarked on the most marvelous expansion seen in this or any other country.

The history of the business year 1915 may be said to deal with three great movements. First of these was the immense demand, begun before the year opened, for cereals, meats, wire, automobiles, horses, clothing and a variety of other products that practically swept the country bare of surplus stocks of staples of all kinds, and especially of any sort of ready-made war material, whether for offense or sustenance. An example of this was the taking up of every surplus bushel of the greatest wheat crop in the country's history at close to the highest prices ever known. The second period may be said to embrace the marvelous diversion which occurred in our industrial forces, which, lacking occupation of a peaceful kind, turned toward the production of war material, demonstrating the adaptability of American manufacturers, mechanics and artisans, and giving a vast incentive to the production of all kinds of metals, whose output alone would place the year in a class by itself. With the immense expansion in industry shown in the first half of the year, unemployment, which had declined steadily from high levels at the outset of the year, practically ceased to exist, skilled labor became scarce, and the commonest kind of common labor rose in demand. The third period may be said to have been coincident with the final realization by the business world that the immense foreign demands could not go on without a vast influence upon purely domestic trade, and this latter branch of business, possibly repressed early in the year by fear of our involvement in hostilities, stimulated by the large earnings and swollen pay rolls of industrial centers, and buoyed by the gathering of the greatest food crops in history, bringing unsurpassed earnings to farmers, surged forward in the fall months in a veritable ground swell of purchasing, which found stocks of goods bought on previous conservative lines all too small to satisfy demands. Decreases shown in the earlier months of the year were in many cases made up by the advance in the fall, but the year's results in distributive trade as a whole are hardly up to the best of previous years.

These three great movements were closely interwoven with each other and with auxiliary movements of a great stock market boom, unexampled export trade, unheard of imports of gold, unparalleled ease of money and a record-breaking high level of prices. Speaking generally, the great rush of foreigners for American food and ready-made war supplies inherited from 1914 was over by the first quarter of the year, by which time the country's industries, having mobilized for the production of war material, were fully embarked on the manufacture of munitions. Exports of the latter reached their greatest height in July, but continued thereafter at high levels. While the great advance in domestic trade was reserved for the autumn and early winter, the year closed with a volume of holiday trade never before equaled.

The Financial Uplift.

Financial circles had a very favorable year. Securities markets were active, interesting and profitable after the resumption of unrestricted dealings in March. The basic influences were the abundant supplies and unbroken ease of money, together with the strong financial position of the country. Europe shipped us $400,000,000 of gold and returned some $1,000,000,000 of American securities, which were readily absorbed. Furthermore, loans or credits aggregating nearly $1,000,000,000 were extended to foreign countries. These enormous items failed, however, to adjust the balance of trade, and foreign exchange ruled throughout strongly in favor of the United States. Demand sterling, which stood at around 4.85 last January, declined by September 1 to 4.50, but rallied to 4.74 in the past month, mainly through large foreign borrowings here. The establishment of "dollar exchange" in settling world-wide commercial transactions became an accomplished fact. These circumstances were, perhaps, less conspicuous than were the advancing stock prices and the revival of public interest in speculation. The "boom" in war-order issues, coppers, motor shares and other industrials was, indeed, the chief feature. On the whole, the stock market was the most remarkable for years. It withstood repeated accessions of profit-taking, and severe temporary reactions due to the Lusitania, Arabic and similar sinkings were only followed by fresh displays of buying and extraordinary price movements, as witness Bethlehem Steel's rise of 559 points. Quieting down in the late autumn, when it was thought that speculation might have over-discounted war-order results, a strong undertone was nevertheless maintained to the end, the railway list, which had theretofore been subordinated to the industrials, tending to respond to notable increase in earnings.

At times the unprecedented ease of money became a burden to the banks and rates ruled low. Call loans fluctuated within a narrow range, 1 1-2 to 3 per cent., and commercial paper, never plenteous enough to meet demand, ranged between 3 and 4 per cent. Some choice paper, in fact, sold as low as 2 3-4, a low level never heretofore reached.

It would not be correct to draw from the above condensed summary the idea that progress was practically uninterrupted and that no obstacles presented themselves. The strain of the later months of 1914 and the earlier months of 1915 is too fresh in mind to need mention. The benefits derived from the war abroad were at first chiefly discernible in the surplus cereal and food producing sections of the west. One section of the country, the south, was especialy hard hit by the low price paid for cotton, itself an inheritance of the war, and trade and collections in that section were slow to recover—slower, indeed, than anywhere else except the Pacific northwest, which, like the south, was hurt by the war's interruption of export trade in lumber even yet sees room for improvement in this direction. The south, of course, profited by forced diversification of crops and the industrial activity of the mid-year and later. Trade was best early in the surplus grain growing regions; thence the improvement born of active war-order demand spread to the industrial centers of the east, middle west and south, and later, with a higher price for a smaller cotton crop and the renewal of demand for lumber, naval stores, coal and iron, the trade movement was going forward with very slight irregularities in a harmonious advance to a record finish.

The business world here did not escape without scars from the dislocation that was wrought in all trade and industry by the outbreak of the war. Failures, like trade and industry, broke many records. Nothing like the total of failures recorded last year was ever before seen, the increase over 1914, the highest previous record, being 13 per cent.; but in this connection it needs to be stated that the first full year of the war saw the casualties greatest, and since early autumn they showed a tendency to decline from the high figures the previous year. There was especially great liquidation at the south, which led in the proportion of failure increases, but business mortality the country over took heavy toll from the thousands of new individuals, firms and corporations which embarked in business in the past decade, and the annual percentage of those failing to those in business was the largest since 1898. Liabilities were not so large as in years like 1914, 1913, 1908, 1907 or 1893, but still were very heavy. Some of the largest single suspensions were heritages of yast years' poor management or overextension. These factors as well as hostile legislation may be said to be reflected in a number of railway embarrassments, the bulk of these, by the way, being in the southwest, and 1915 ranks second in volume of defaulted railway liabilities.

The war bulks so large in the world's affairs at present, and so much of our present prosperity is due to it, that the future of this country's trade and industry depends largely upon the qeustions of when and how peace will return to the world. At the present writing peace seems rather far distant, and if that view is correct a continuance of insistent demand for a vast variety of American products seems as certain as anything can be said to be that exists in this world of change. Indeed, if our future ability to supply the things Europe needs to carry on war were equalled by our means to deliver (ships) or the buyers' power to pay for goods bought, there wold seem to be no limit to our ability to grow rich at our European neighbors' expense. As to the first-named drawback, it is well to note that we are—because we have been and are at peace—now the owners of the second largest merchant marine on the ocean, acquired through legislation made workable through war, and our shipyards bid fair to increase this mercantile navy by 400,000 tons during the coming year. As to the means of paying the vast sums the war is costing and will cost our neighbors, a large part of which must be spent with us, there is more room for doubt. Our willingness to take our own securities back is unquestioned, but whether we will be able to absorb further large belligerent loans is open to some question. This matter of payment became acute last August, and may well do so again, and then the question will have to be squarely met as to whether we will lend in order that our customers may buy from us. All these thoughts of course, flow from the theory that the war is to continue for a considerable time to come.

If, contrary to present expectations, the war ends shortly,, an entirely different set of problems will have to be met. In that case a large surplus of munitions would be sure to accumulate here. The campaign of preparedness would seem likely to absorb a great part of these for a time, but ultimately a swinging back of much war-order capacity to the arts of peace and a wide-spread readjustment of machinery, of labor and of wages would seem imperative. We should certainly be as quickly able to do this as our warring competitors, and by that time we should have been able to familiarize the rest of the world with American products of all kinds. Indeed, the flood of American products of every kind that has penetrated Europe in the past seventeen months has been the highest kind of advertising for us, the important fact being that Europe has paid the expenses. There is lacking evidence that large quantities of goods are being made up to be dumped on us when peace comes, though it would be vain to believe that we can hope to escape the competition sure to result when the belligerents return to peaceful trade pursuits. If, however, the war ends very shortly, it is well to bear in mind that we, in a greater degree than any other country in the world, possess the materials for restocking old world factories and rebuilding ruined cities. Furthermore, it is well to remember that in the past two years' enormous crops, sold at high prices, the ownership of securities repurchased from foreigners, and the possession of large quantities of foreign gold, we have a basis for prosperity esteemed sufficient in earlier days for a widespread boom. Perhaps, in view of the large business already booked and the wonderfully good prospects that unfold themselves to us, we need to guard ourselves as carefully from oversanguine anticipation, seeking expression, perhaps, in unbridled speculation, as a short time ago we needed to avoid being unduly affected by the pessimistic predictions called forth by the out break of the greatest war in history.

GLOOMY VIEW TAKEN OF FERTILIZER SITUATION

Farmers May Get Only Small Part of Amount Needed.

With Cutting Off of Potash Imports From Germany, Materials Are Scarce and High Priced — Secretary Houston's Report.

Washington, Jan. 2. — A gloomy view of prospects for fertilizing next year's crops is presented in a statement issued today by Secretary Houton, of the Department of Agriculture. Relief measures undertaken by the department since the European war disrupted the American phosphate industry and cut off potash imports from Germany will help, the statement says, but they offer slim possibilities that the American farmer will get a small part of the fertilizing materials necessary for his needs. Nitrogenous fertilizers alone will be available in the quantities needed.

The secretary takes up first the potash supply, long since exhausted in the United States by the German embargo on shipments. Investigation, says his statement, has shown four sources of supply in this country, but none immediately available. These are the kelp of the Pacific coast, alunite deposits in Utah, feldspathic rocks in the East and the mud of Searles Lake, California.

Manufacture from feldspar has been found to be feasible, but the cost is high. Development of Searles Lake deposits presents technical difficulties, and title to the property is involved. Manufacturers are experimenting now, the statement says, with alunite. Kelp is offered as the best material. Three large concerns have begun manufacture from kelp and government experts will be sent to the Pacific coast to aid in the experimental work.

Production will be slow for a long time, the secretary points out, and demand for potash in other industries is so great that none manufactured in the United States will be available soon for agricultural purposes. His statement says:

"The prices offered under existing conditions by the manufacturers of articles will cause practically the entire output of these concerns to be diverted from the fertilizer industry. It would require ninety or more plants, costing approximately $50,000 and having an operating capital of $25,000 each, to produce the quantity needed for agriculture This would involve the assumption that commercial phases of the problem were satisfactorily solved. The department is considering all phases of the situation."

The crippled state of the phosphate industry is attributed to the high price of sulphuric acid, much of which is being used now in the manufacture of war munitions. The price has jumped from $5 to $25 a ton. Demand for the acid is so heavy that abandoned plants are being refitted for its manufacture. The Bureau of Soils, meanwhile, is experimenting with the manufacture of phosphoric acid as a substitute for sulphuric.

Nitrate prices have advanced since the war began, but there is an abundant supply of nitrogenous fertilizing material, and the department is endeavoring to find methods to cheapen the cost of manufacture. The secretary concludes with a warning to farmers to conserve all fertilizing materials on the farm. He urges crop rotation, proper use of fertilizers and also use of lime to increase productivity of the soil.

IS A PAYING INVESTMENT

Money Invested in Health Work Nets Big Dividends to Insurance Companies.

(State Boad of Health)

Is money put in health work safe and a paying investment? This is the question that is confronting many North Carolin county officials who, during the year, will be called on for a decision. That they need a whole time health officer; that they want medical inspection for their school children; that they should provide free anti-typhoid treatment for all their people—these are not the questions. Can they afford to pay for these health measures? Will they pay and be worth while? These are the questions at issue and are they which will become stumbling blocks in the path of progress for the county who wavers its decision.

A county is not considered a soulless corporation, a life insurance company is. The latter is in business not for its health nor for any pride that it feels for its people; neither does it consider the welfare of its policyholders from a soul point of view. Yet life insurance companies have been foremost in preaching and teaching health, in investing their money in health work, and in sparing no labor or means to better health conditions of all classes. Why? Because it pays. Saving the lives of their policy-holders is a saving of money to the company.

As a case in point, the Metroplitan Life Insurance Company employs visiting nurses for the care of the health of their policy-holders, no less than 12 being employed in North Carolina; it maintains sanatoria where its employees may receive treatment free, and as one feature of its educational work it insists on periodic medical examinations as a means of warding off insidious diseases.

If the insurance companies find it such a profitable business to save the lives of our people and to invest money in health work, can a county or even the State afford not to be as wise and clever in a business matter so important?

A wrongly married man endures much, suffers much, rather than change. He dislikes to dissolve old associations and is a creature of habit, hating change. There is one thing that will change this, and emphasize his wrongs, make his suffering intense, and that is the appearance on the scene of another woman. This long coming woman has saved, when delayed on the road, the homes of many mismated couples.

A man's charity for the world, not to the world, is through his wife.

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Ready for you to step into the luxurious front seat, start it with the complete modern controls, and drive it home, to the envy of the neighbors.

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Nothing could better demonstrate our faith in the Maxwell's ability to stand up; nothing could better demonstrate our certainty that you will be pleased with the streamline body, the splendid appearance, the ready motor, the electric starter and lights, the demountable rims. Lots of power. All for $655.

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GENERAL HAMILTON MAKES HIS REPORT

On British Operations on Gallipoli Peninsula.

HIS MEN OVERWHELMED

Throws Light on Landings at Anzac Cove and Suvla Bay—Bestows Highest Possible Praise Upon Bravery of Soldiers.

London, Jan. 6.—General Ian Hamilton's report on the British operations on the Gallipoli peninsula, published in the official gazette tonight, tells the story of the fighting on the peninsula from the beginning of May to the middle of October.

Probably no more important contribution to the history of the present war has ye, been made. The report throws light on the great landing at Anzac Cove and Suvla Bay, August 7, which has been the subject of strong attacks upon the military administration of the government, the whole operations requiring the combined action of the army and navy.

The Suvla Bay landing failed to accomplish its object, the report shows, partly because the force consisted largely of untried troops under generals inexperienced in the new warfare, and partly through the failure of water supply. The sufferings of the troops for lack of water make painful reading.

General Hamilton bestows the highest possible praise upon the bravery of the men. He states that after the middle of August the Turks outnumbered the British and had plenty of fresh stores and munitions, which the British government was unable to furnish him. General Hamilton greatly opposed the abandonment of any of the bases held by the British troops.

General Hamilton's report, which was submitted to Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, secretary of state for war, carries the story of the Dardanelles operations up to the middle of October, when he relinquished his command. Concerning his retirement General Hamilton reports:

"On the eleventh of October, your lordship cabled asking me for an estimate of losses which would be involved in the evacuation of the peninsula. I replied in terms showing that such a step was to me unthinkable. On the sixteenth of October, I received a cable recalling me to London for the reason, as I was informed by your lordship on my arrival, that his majesty's government desired fresh, unbiased opinion from a responsible commander upon the question of early evacuation."

The most stirring passages of the document described the ill-fated landing at Suvla Bay and Anzac Cove early in August, for securing command of the heights on the middle of the peninsula and cutting off from their base the Turkish forces at the lower extremity where the Entente allied armies made their first landing.

Their operation began August 6. The climax was reached at daybreak on the tenth, when the Turks made a grand attack from the summit of Chunnuk Bair hill upon a short front held by two battalions of the sixth North Lancashire and the fifth Wiltshire regiments.

"First our men were shelled by every enemy gun," he said, "then assaulted by a huge column consisting of no less than a full division plus three battalions. The North Lancashire men were simply overwhelmed in their shallow trenches y sheer weight of numbers, while the Wiltshires, who were caught out in the open, were literally almost annihilated.

"The ponderous mass of enemy swept over the crest and swarmed around the Hampshires and General Baldwin's brigade, which had to give ground and were only extricated with great difficulty and very heavy losses.

"Now it was our turn. The warships and the New Zealand and Australian artillery and Indian Mountain Artillery brigade and the 69th brigade Royal Field Artillery were getting the chance of a lifetime. As successive solid lines of Turks topped the crest of the ridge, gaps were torn through their formation and an iron rain fell on them as they tried to reform in the gullies.

"Not here only did the Turks pay dearly for their recapture of the vital crest. Enemy reinforcements continued to move up under a heavy and accurate fire from our guns. Still they kept topping the ridges and pouring down the western slopes of Chunnuk Bair, as if determined to gain everything they had lost. But once they were over the crest they became exposed not only to the full blasts of the guns, naval and military, but a battery of ten New Zealand machine guns, which played upon their serried ranks at close range until their barrels were red hot.

"Enormous losses were inflicted and of the swarms which had once fairly crossed the crest line only a handful ever straggled back to their own side of the Chunnuk Bair.

"At the same time strong forces of the enemy were hurled against the spurs to the northeast where there arose a conflict so deadly that it may be considered the climax of four days fighting for the ridge. Portions of our lines were pierced and the troops were driven clean down the hill. At the foot of the hill the men who were supervising the transport of food and water were rallied by Staff Captain Street. Unhesitatingly they followed him back where they plunged again into the midst of that series of struggles by which generals fought in the ranks and men dropped their scientific weapons and caught ane another by the throat.

"The Turks came on again and again. Fighting magnificently and calling upon the name of God our men stodd to it and added by many a deed of daring to the old traditions of their race. There was no flinching; they died in the ranks where they stood. Here Generals Cayley, Baldwin and Cooper and all their gallant men achieved great glory. On this bloody field fell General Baldwin, who earned his first laurels on Caesar's Camp at Ladysmith. There, too, fell Brigadier-General Cooper, badly wounded.

"Toward this supreme struggle the absolute last two battalions from the general reserve were now hurried but by ten in the morning the effort of the enemy was spent. Soon their shattered remnants began to trickle back, leaving a track of corpses behind them. By night, except for prisoners or wounded, no live Turks were left upon our side of the slope. Two lesser attacks were made by the Turks the same day."

The first operations in the Anzac Zone appeared to have been carried out with comparative success. The Suvla Bay expedition which has been the subject of the greatest criticism suffered various misfortunes. Elaborate plans were worked out by the army staff with Vice Admiral DeRobeck.

During the night of the eleventh a division consisting of the 32nd and 34th brigades were brought from Imbros to S uvla. Three brigades with three batteries were landed in the darkness. The Turks were surprised. The division made good its position ashore.

"On the morning of the eighth," says the report, "General Stopford recollecting the vast issues which hung upon his success in forestalling the enemy, urged his divisional commanders to push on; otherwise all the advantages of the surprise landing must be nullified. But the divisional commanders believed themselves to be unable to move."

The weather was hot and the new troops suffered much from want of water, There was disorganization, inevitable after a night landing, followed by flights here and there with an enemy scattered over a country unknown.

"These pleas for delay," says General Hamilton, "were perfectly well founded, but it seems to have been overlooked that the half defeated Turks in front of us were equally exhausted and disorganized and that an advance was the simplest and swiftest method of solving the water trouble and every other sort of trouble."

The remainder of the story of Suvla consists largely of misfortunes.

General Hamilton explains that the senior commanders lacked experience in the new trench warfare and in the Turkish methods.

On the 15th General Stopford was relieved of the command of his division corps. General DeLisle succeeded him.

Describing the operations on August 10, General Hamilton explains why all the reserves were not available.

"At times," he said, "I thought of throwing my reserves into this stubborn central battle where probably they would have turned the scale. But each time water troubles made me give up the idea, all ranks at Anzac being reduced to a pint a day. Until wells had been discovered under freshly won positions the reinforcing Anzac by even so much as a brigade was unthinkable."

In the middle of August, General Hamilton estimates, Turks had 110,000 rifles to the British 95,000. The Turks had plenty of ammunition and supplies, while the British divisions were 45,000 below their nominal strength.

General Hamilton wanted 5,000 fresh rifles. He sent a long cablegram asking for reinforcements believing that with them furnished at once—he underlines "at once"—the troops could clear a passage for the fleet to Constantinople.

"It may be judged how deep was my disappointment," he says, "when I learned that essential drafts of reinforcements and munitions could not be sent, the reason given being one which prevented me from further insistence."

The report describes fighting, partly successful and with heavy losses on the 21st of August, which was designed to consolidate the British positions, important fighting ceased then.

"Sickness, the legacy of a desperately trying summer, took heavy tolls from the survivors of so many arduous conflicts," the report continues, "but all ranks were cheerful. All remained confident that so long as they stuck to their guns the country would stick to them and see them victoriously through the last and greatest of crusades."

An important feature of the document is the description of the joint army and navw plans for probably the most difficult and complicated operations every attempted on so large a scale. It was impossible to concentrate a third of the fresh troops to be launched in an attack on Suvla and Anzac within the confines where the British held ground.

N. C. STATE ROAD INSTITUTE

Third in North Carolina to be Held at Chapel Hill February 7-12 —Program.

Chapel Hill, N. C., Jan. 8.—The Third Road Institute of North Carolina will be held at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, under the auspices of the State University, the State Highway Commission and the North Carolina Geological and Economic Survey February 7-12, 1916, inclusive. The two previous Institutes have proved of great value to the engineers and superintendents attending them and it is the purpose of the Director to make this one of even more practical value.

A subject which will be given special emphasis this year is that of Road Maintenance, and in this connection there will be given illustrated lectures, instruction in the patrol system and actual demonstrations of the use of the road drag and other implements which have been found useful in the maintenance of public roads. An effort is being made to have all road supervisors, overseers and superintendents who have charge of the upkeep of any section of road in North Carolina attend this Institute and receive the benefits of the instruction which will be given by experts. The road drag seems to be a very simple instrument but in reality, to obtain the best results, considerable skill and experience is needed in the handling of it. It is hoped at this Institute that enough road overseers and supervisors will be instructed in the use of the drag and other implements for maintenance so as to reach every county of the State; and that the result will be that the money and free labor which is now being used for the upkeep of the dirt roads will be used to much better advantage than ever before and the road work of 1916 will be on a higher plane.

It is expected that there will be exhibits of road machinery, road materials and road models which will be of value and interest to all of those attending the Institute.

Questions of interest to Road Engineers will be discussed such a location; construction, including grading and surfacing, by force accounting and by contract; reports from road engineers as to machinery used and its efficiency; bridge construction; relation of superintendents and engineers to commissions; county road work and its relation to State work, etc. Road Engineers are invited and urged to bring up for discussion any problems with which they have met during the past year and it is believed a full discussion of such problems will go far toward effecting a solution.

The University will do all it can to help care for those attending the Institute and will furnish meals at Swain Hall at 15 cents each. The University will be able to provide rooms for a certain number and others will be accommodated at the hotel and boarding houses.

Invitations to the Institute are extended to all road officials, including county commissioners, road commissioners, road engineers, road superintendents, supervisors, overseers and patrolmen; in fact, to any citizen interested directly or indirectly in the road work of the State.

JOSEPH HYDE PRATT.
Secretary of State Highway Commission and Director of N. C. Road Institute.

A mother's love for a man is as firm as the rock of Gibraltar; her love fails not nor falters.

THEATRICAL

The pleasant news comes from the Academy of Music that the popular musical comedy success, "When Dreams Come True," will be shown there on Saturday, January 15th.

"When Dreams Come True" has been touring the South since early in August and has met with much favor from the public and the press of this section. The newspaper comments have been of a highly eulogistic nature and if they are to be believed, then the patrons of our theatre are to be congratulated that Manager Bailey has been able to secure this attraction for their entertainment. The book and lyrics of "When Dreams Come True" are from the pen of Philip Bartholomae, a writer of established reputation in the East, and the score was composed by Silvio Hein, one of the younger composers, who has a number of popular song hits to his credit. A better or more happy combination of composer and librettist it would be hard to find; they are both young men, and both of the South, Mr. Bartholomae having been born in Tennessee, and Mr. Hein in Louisiana, so in a way one might almost look upon "When Dreams Come True" as a product of the Southland. The scenes, however, are laid in and around New York; on the deck of an ocean steamer, a dock at midnight and in a mansion on Fifth avenue. The opportunity for scenic display is varied and has been taken advantage of

Minnie Desmond in Stewart's Musical Comedy, Academy, Tomorrow Night and Tuesday.

to the fullest extent. The story of the play tells of the adventures that befall a young American on a trip to Paris and the complications that he has to overcome. There is a blending of melodrama and farce in the plot, but fundamentally the story is pure comedy.

The song numbers are many, and the newest dances are indulged in by the large company, several new variations of the popular dances are shown, most of them invented by Wm. Pruette, one of the foremost dancers on the stage at the present time. An attractive bevy of young girls grace the stage at different times and wear some really stunning gowns. Some of the gowns were recently purchased at the Fashion Show in New York and the ladies of our city will have an opportunity to get a line on the new spring styles. Some of these gowns are unique in texture and colors. Taken as a whole the present season has not offered any theatrical attraction that has had more to offer than "When Dreams Come True." A special matinee will be given at 3:30 P. M.

Harry Stewart Musical Comedy Co.

At the Academy of Music tomorrow and Tuesday nights the Harry Stewart Musical Comedy Co., will hold the boards, and the people can feel well satisfied to think at last they can see a high-class musical comedy at popular prices. The company is headed by that well known character comedian, Harry Stewart, supported by a cast of well known musical comedy stars, including Miss Billie Fay, the little girl with the big voice; Miss Minnie Desmond, the famous character actress; Miss Bernice DeFarris, late feature with Town Topics Company; those merry comedians, Jim Corbley and Sallie Brilliant, and that ever popular baritone, Matt Kennedy, with a beauty Broadway chorus of dancing girls. The company carries 20 people.

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Big Comedy at Bijou.

Love may make the world go round, but the old kale helps some. That, at any rate, was what Alice thought, when upon the death bed of her father, she was forced to go to work in McNally's cafe as a full-fledged biscuit shooter. It appears that Alice's father had become indebted to McNally for numerous potations advanced entirely on the promise of future payment.

That's the beginning—just the beginning, mind you—of the greatest two-reel L-Ko comedy of the age, heading the Bijou bill for tomorrow, and starring Alice Howell, Dick Smith, and a big bunch of the L-Ko fun-makers. It's a cure for the blues, a sure grouch-chaser, and you'll go home after seeing it feeling good and friendly with the world. Don't forget to see this great feature Monday—It's a corker—

Tomorrow's Great Two-Reel Fun Picture at the Bijou.

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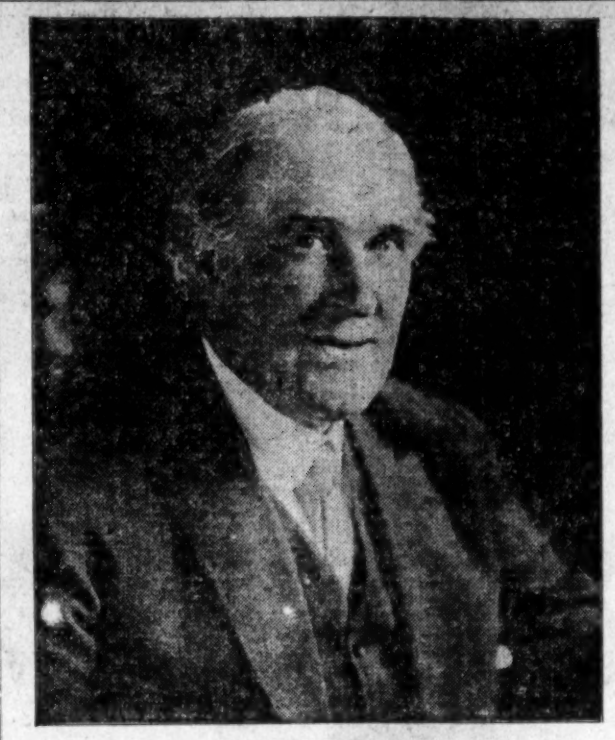

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VIGOROUS PROTEST AGAINST INTERFERENCE WITH MAILS.

United States Note to Great Britain Has Already Been Delivered.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The United States has sent to Ambassador Page at London for presentation to the British foreign office a note vigorously protesting against the British authorities interfering with and censoring mails from the United States to neutral European counties.

The note is understood to have already been delivered to the British foreign office, but its text has not been given out by the State Department.

Numerous complaints have been received from American business men and others that their mails destined to points in neutral and European countries have been opened by the British censors. Steamships carrying neutral mails to and from the United States have been held up by British warships and taken to British ports where practically all mail has been removed by the British authorities. The steamships then have been allowed to proceed and the mails detained and examined by the British censors. After complete examination the mails have been sent forward to their destination. This has resulted in much delay and in some instances confiscation of correspondence.

AS LAMAR'S SUCCESSOR.

Name of Judge J. L. Kelly, of Bristol, Va., Will be Presented.

Bristol, Va., Jan. 8.—The name of Judge Joseph L. Kelly, of Bristol, for the past two years a member of the supreme court of appeals of Virginia, will be placed before President Wilson for consideration in the choosing of a successor for the late Justice Joseph Rucker Lamar. The members of the local bar say that Judge Kelly will be Virginia's candidate for the position.

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY SEVERELY CRITICISED

By German Newspapers Published in China.

Attacks Made on Attitude of American Government Towards the British. Boast of German Domination in Belgium.

Shanghai, Dec. 15.—(Correspondence of Associated Press).—Many German newspapers have been established in China since the beginning of the European war. Most of these are weeklies, some are semi-weekly and The War, published at Shanghai, is a tri-weekly. These papers publish the full German official dispatches, usually both in German and English and also publish much editorial in English.

Early in the war, these German papers confined themselves very largely to the denunciation of the British, but recently Americans in China have come in for much criticism, and practically all the German newspapers are commenting extensively on the attitude of the Americans in the Far East.

In a recent issue The War contains the following article under the heading: "American Neutrality;" "We again refer to the only way for Americans to be neutral and that is, to be in league with everything British, and avoid being seen with a German.

"At the last meeting of Dr. Richard's Christian Literature Society we hear that the Americans were present in good numbers, another Anglo-American society. This proves that the Americans are neutral. We might ask, if the German Medical school held a meeting, would Americans have the courage to attend, and would this prove that they were neutral or unneutral?

"Dr. Richard's speech in the interests of peace hinted very clearly that the group of powers, of which Germany is one, stands for oppression, and England's group stands for defense of those oppressed. This insinuation proves also how neutral this society is, a society which once claimed Dr. Ernest Faber and Pastor Krauz.

"We would like to ask whether it is the idea of defending the oppressed that has enabled England to own so much of the earth's soil? And if the oppressed are to look to England for protection, why does she not at once occupy Russia?"

A leading editorial in The War discussing Germany's relations to Russia and to England begins: "There is a particular reason why the Americans do not regard the German's cause favorably. It may be found in her failure to appreciate gradual development of the present situation. And so the effect is taken for the cause. Germany's former relation to England and to Russia are frequently misunderstood."

Americans and the American attitude towards the war are constantly mentioned, specifically, and indirectly hinted at in articles appearing in practically all the German publications in the Far East. Some of the papers spare American residents of the Orient direct criticism, making their attack in a general way on the attitude of the American government.

The German papers are commenting extensively on the failure of the Belgian government to win any recent recognition from its allies, and the fact that Belgium was not admitted to the European group which joined with Japan in urging China to postpone its change of government. The War says: "Of late we have but rarely heard of Belgium, of the Belgian king and his army. Merged into the vast military establishment of the Allies, the little strip of country which he still calls his own, his small band of faithful followers and he himself have lost their political identity. No special importance attaches to them any more. Belgium seems to have lost its attraction which it had at the beginning as

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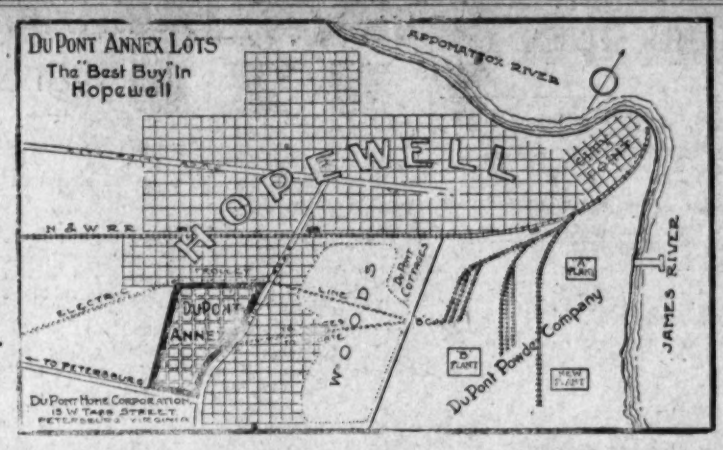

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INTESTORS: BUY LOTS IN DUPO T ANNEX

The Newest and Best Sub-Division of Virginia's Wonder City.

Du Pont Annex is on Electric Car Line, near N. & W. Rwy., and 10 Minutes Walk from Du Pont's "B" Gate

Quick Sellers---Easy Terms---Only 30 Days O.d---Resales at 150 Per Cent Profit

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Academy Of Music

2 Nights — Monday and Tuesday, January 11 and 12.

HARRY STEWART'S

BIG MUSICAL COMEDY CO.

20 —— PEOPLE IN THE COMPANY —— 20

Big Beauty Chorus. Gorgeous Costumes.

Special Scenery and effects.

OPENING BILL:

"A Call For Volunteers"

CHANGE OF BILL ON TUESDAY NIGHT.

Made For Laughing Purposes Only

Lower Floor, 35c. and 50c. Balcony, 25c. and 35c. Gallery, 25c. and 35c.

TICKETS ARE SELLING AT PLUMMER'S.

THE ROYAL

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

TOMORROW

Jesse L. Lasky-Paramount Present

THE NOTED STAR OF THE PHOTOPLAY

THEODORE ROBERTS

With Carlyle Blackwell as Co-Star, in an Elaborate Picturization of

"Mr. Grex, Of Monte Carlo"

A Narrative of International Diplomacy, with a Remarkable Forecast of Europe's Great War, as It Appeared Serially in the Saturday Evening Post.

Elaborate Scenes

The Men and Women at the Monte Carlo Gaming Tables.

BIJOU

TOMORROW

"From Beanery To Billions"

The Greatest Two-Reel L-Ko Riot of the Age—Two Solid Reels of Giggles and Guffaws!

"Love And A Sausage"

And Here's More Laughs Than You Ever Saw Before in a Single Reeler—Eddie Lyons, Lee Moran, Harry Rattenberry and Pretty Betty Compton.

"The Great Fear"

Gloria Fonda, Elsie Maison and Wm. Dowlin, in a Tense Human-Interest Drama.

Group From Chorus of "When Dreams Come True," Academy, Matinee and Night Next Saturday, January 15.

GRAND

TOMORROW

Thomas A. Edison Presents the

FEATURE DE LUXE

In Four Acts,

"The Ring Of The Borgias"

A Drama of Passion and Intrigue, Of Fierce Hate and Mysterious Murder—Four Acts of Mysterious Fascination, Starring

Margaret Prussing

Cora Linton

Carlton King

Augustus Phillips

Academy, Saturday, January 15

Matinee—3:30 P. M. Night—8:30 P. M.

The Deluxe Edition of Musical Comedy Perfection.

THE MUSICAL COMEDY OF YOUTH

WHEN DREAMS COME TRUE

NEW YORK'S GREATEST SUCCESS

A company of Supreme Efficiency

The Wonderful Dream Beauty Chorus

Gowned in the "Up-to-Now" Fashions

New and Tuneful Songs, Latest Dances

PRICES—Night, $1.50 $1.00, 75c, 50c.

PRICES—Matinee, $1.00, 75c, 50c.

Seats ready Thursday at Plummer's.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having qualified as Executor of the estate of Augusta M. Palfry, deceised, late of the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having cleams again the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at Wilmington, N. C., at the office of the American Bank and Trust Company on or before December 23rd, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons that are indebted to the said estate will please make immediate adjustment.

The day and year herein above written.

AMERICAN BANK & TRUST CO.,
Executor of the Estate of
Augusta M. Palfry, deceased.
By MILTON CALDER, Vice-President,
ja9-1aw6w

EAST CAROLINA MOST REMARKABLE SECTION

Agricultural Advantages Finest in the [illegible]

Such the Declaration of Northern Men Who Have Been Gunning and Inspecting Tidewater Carolina Recently.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Jan. 7.—Northern men who have been in tidewater North Carolina the past few days, gunning and inspecting the gigantic drainage work at Lake Mattamuskeet in Hyde county, declared it a most remarkable section in many ways and expressed surprise over the fact that the people of inland Carolina were not very well acquainted with the easternmost part of the State. The lack of intimacy on the part of the inland dwellers, they were assured, was natural in a state of three well-defined geographical divisions stretching more than 500 miles from east to west.

The agricultural advantages of the coastal region are the finest in the western hemisphere, the visitors expressed themselves as believing. The fact that more than 2,00 specimens of fruit, vegetables, grains, etc., can be produced in Hyde county has been proved by demonstration work, it is said. The timber resources of the section are magnificent. Hundreds of species of tree growth are known to the lumbermen in the eastern part of the State. Magnificent land reclaimed by the thousands of acres can be had at a lower ocst than non-productive, unirrigated land in the sparsely-populated parts of the west, even at this late day. Transportation facilities are considerably better than the northern men expected to find with surprisingly low rates. Thousands of small power and sail boats plying the sounds connect the thriving banks and mainland villages which cannot be or have not been touched by railroads.

Fauna Most Complete.

The fauna of the region, one of the visitors noted, is the most complete in the temperate zone, possible of either hemisphere. The "Southeastern part of the United States" has the largest representation of large and small mammals, reptiles and birds, especially of the nattators in the latter division, in each of the several large zoos in the country, it is believed. He was told that Lawson, probably North Carolina's first historian, found "lions," for which he probably mistook panthers, now extinct in the territory, and whales, about which he was correct, in the vicinities of the rivers and the ocean beach.

Geographical phenomena are as numerous in the sounds country as in any other part of the United States, and it is as rich a section in historical lore as any, having been the scene of the first landing of Englishmen on the continent, and of the first English colony, etc. The northern men saw with interest the "burned-out" lakes of Hyde, literally hollowed out of the peaty soil by flames in ages past; glimpsed Bogue banks, tropical on the sea side and of temperate vegetation on the sound side of the hummocks which divide the two zones, saw the sand mountains and the mysterious lakes of the Nag's Head neighborhood and heard of "Teach's hole," now obliterated by the shifting of sands on the bed of Pamlico sound and the changing of a current's course.

BRIDGE OVER NORTHEAST RIVER AT LANE'S FERRY

Bids to Be Opened in March—Pender to Build Stock Fence—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., Jan. 7.—Bids for the construction of a bridge over Northeast river at Lane's Ferry are to be opened on Tuesday after the first Monday in March, according to an order made by the board of commissioners of Pender county in session here Monday. The commissioners appointed themselves a committee to look after the erection of stock fences between Pender and the counties of New Hanover, Bladen and Sampson.

Mr. C. A. Maul, advertising agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, delivered an address in the court house here Monday, which was both entertaining and instructive to the farmers and other who heard it. The purpose of his visit and address was to interest the people of this locality in advertising this section to the outside world and, incidentally, to raise a small sum of money for this purpose, this being necessary to help prepare the material and aid in its distribution throughout the country. He secured a very nice contribution from the public spirited citizens present.

Announcement of the engagement of Mr. A. B. Croom, Jr., and Miss Elizabeth Rudder Fearington, of Winston-Salem, in The Star this morning, was read here with much interest, as this has been the home of Mr. Croom for so long, and his many friends here are ready to extend him congratulations.

The Duroc Jersey Swine Breeders' Association met here Monday and changed the constitution of the organization so as to widen its scope of operations by taking in neighboring counties. New officers for the year were elected, these being Frank L. Fuller, of Ashton, president; Robert I. Durham, Burgaw, vice president; W. G. McCullen, Burgaw, secretary and treasurer. The association will meet again in regular session the first Monday in April.

EXCHANGE OF COURTS

Between Judges Webb and Lane—Raleigh Police Have 600 Pints.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 7.—Governor Craig approved an exchange of courts today between Judge Webb and Judge Lane. Judge Webb will hold one week of court in Cleveland county beginning January 17 and one week in Lincoln county, beginning January 24. Judge Lane will hold one week of Forsythe county court beginning January 10 and one week of Rockingham county court beginning January 17.

Chief of Police Chas. F. Koonce has on hand more than 600 pints of whiskey that has been siezed the past few weeks in cases where automobiles with whiskey have been captured. The greater portion of this whiskey is that which was being brought from Petersburg for Chas. U. Smith, Smith having died in a Richmond hospital a few days after the capture was made. Now comes a report that I. C. Shore, of Petersburg, Va., a liquor dealer, is about to sue the city for possession of this whiskey on the ground that after the whiskey was delivered to the automobile in Petersburg a check that passed in payment was held up by a Raleigh bank under instructions from Mr. Smith by whom the check was signed. Armistead Jones and Son, of Raleigh, are counsel for the Petersburg dealer. There are 334 pints of liquor involved in the controversy.

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

You Can Now Get the Big Comfortable 35 Horsepower Overland for $695

En bloc 35 horsepower motor
Electric starting and lighting system
Electric control buttons on steering column
Four inch tires

Roadster $675
f. o. b. Toledo

Demountable rims; with one extra
106-inch wheelbase
Deep divan upholstery
One-man top; top cover

Model 83 B

With unerring judgment of value—

With a rush that swallowed up a record production in jig time—

The public took more than 50,000 of the $750 Overlands in six months.

In six months we've absorbed all the overhead; absorbed all the development expense; realized on all the experimental cost that is usually spread over a year.

We covered our material requirements at before-the-war prices—saved three and a half million dollars on aluminum and another million on steel.

We have increased our production capacity of 300 cars per day last June *to 1000 cars per day.*

So again we have broken *all* records.

Again we have planned and bought material for a bigger production program.

And again we are setting a new and supreme standard of value—

You can now buy the big, roomy, comfortable, thirty-five horsepower Overland for $695.

Here is the value which has clearly dominated the automobile market for the last six months—now made even more clearly dominant.

Here is the car with a performance record never even approached by any car of its size ever built—fifty thousand in every day service.

And though the price is reduced the car is improved.

It has an up-to-the-minute power plant, en bloc type, developing full thirty-five horsepower. It has abundant power and speed and an exceptionally quick get-away.

The value is pre-eminent—unapproached.

We guarantee that the price for this model will never be lower.

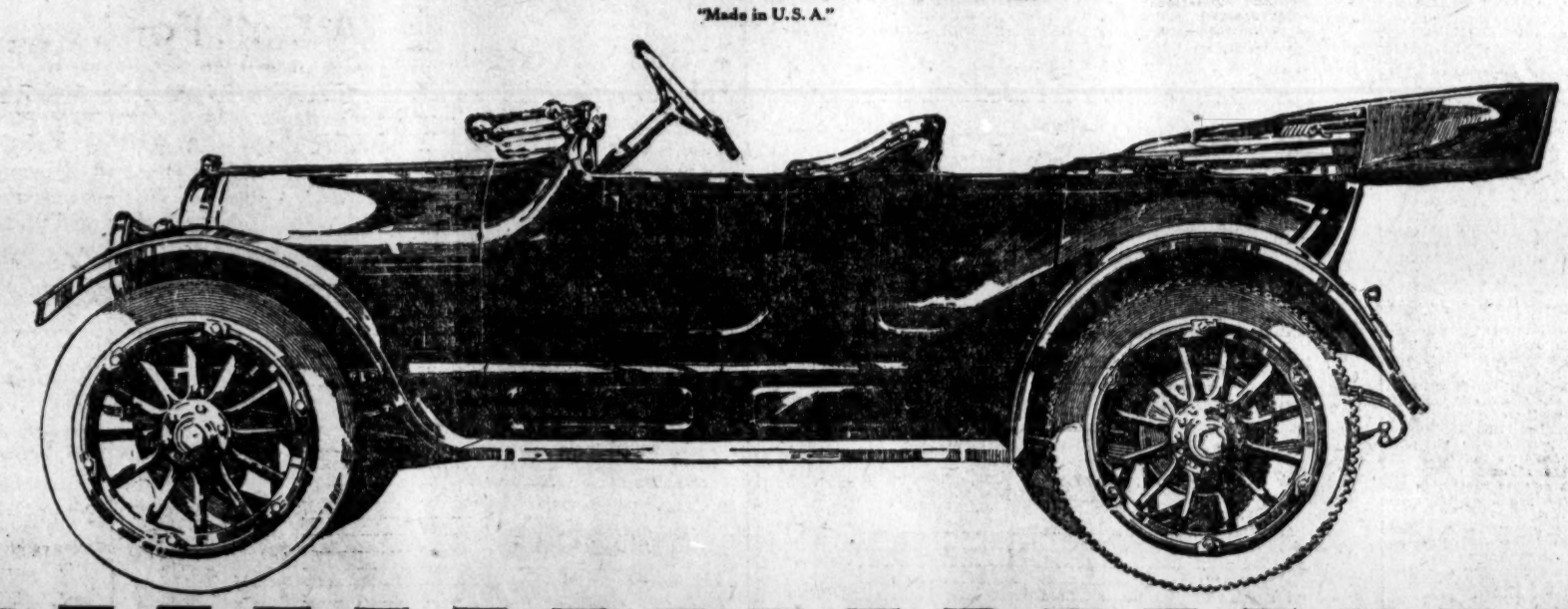
But this price reduction is made in the face of a rising material market—we cannot guarantee that it will not be higher.

See the Overland dealer now—anticipate your requirement if need be—but make sure of your delivery *now.*

H. L. FENNELL, 111 Chestnut Street, Wilmington, N. C., Phone 95

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio

"Made in U. S. A."



NURSES BEST FIGHTERS

Visiting Nurses Are Great Workers in Tuberculosis Fight.

(State Board of Health.)

The tuberculosis visiting nurse is now regarded by experts to be the most direct means yet found for combatting tuberculosis in the home and among all the people. The cured or arrested patient returned from the sanatorium has a great educational influence in his home and community but the nurse's practical methods of treatment and friendly visits are more direct and surer of results; besides, they reach further in the direction they are most needed.

Dr. David R. Lyman, of Gaylord Farm Sanatorium says of the visiting nurse: "If I were restricted to any one of the four agencies in treating tuberculosis, namely, sanatoriums, dispensaries, advanced hospitals and the visiting nurses, I would unhesitatingly take the visiting nurse, because the others would follow as the night the day."

Dr. Lyman believes that while all four agencies are necessary in the fight against tuberculosis, the visiting nurse deals directly with the fundamentals of the tuberculosis problem as it exists among the people and makes possible more effective work on the part of the other agencies. He believes that money invested in a visiting nurse whether it be for a county, town or small community is the best money spent for any social uplift work, health work or betterment work of any kind.

TEN DAYS OVERDUE

Fears Felt at Savannah for British Steamer Nagaristan.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 8.—Uneasiness was expressed among marine men here tonight over the British freight steamer Nagaristan, ten days overdue from London, from whence she sailed December 10. The vessel, which is of 4,327 tons, carried no wireless, it was said here.

WOMEN RISE AND APPLAUD.

Statement That Nation Should Thank Providence for Wilson Peace.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Delegates to the convention of the Women's National Democratic League rose to their feet and applauded today when Secretary of Labor Wilson declared the nation should thank Providence that the President had kept it out of war. The convention ends today with election of officers.

COLLIER NEPTUNE DISABLED.

Caught in Storm Off Virginia Coast. Towed Into Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 8.—The naval collier Neptune, which was disabled off the Virginia coast during yesterday's northeast storm, reached port this afternoon with the assistance of the naval tug Hercules, the Neptune left here Thursday to join the Atlantic fleet now en route to Cuba. Her engines became disabled and she was forced to anchor off Cape Henry for 20 hours to await favorable weather before attempting to reach port.

THEATRICAL

The pleasant news comes from the Academy of Music that the popular musical comedy success, "When Dreams Come True," will be shown there on Saturday, January 15th.

"When Dreams Come True" has been touring the South since early in August and has met with much favor from the public and the press of this section. The newspaper comments have been of a highly eulogistic nature and if they are to be believed, then the patrons of our theatre are to be congratulated that Manager Bailey has been able to secure this attraction for their entertainment. The book and lyrics of "When Dreams Come True" are from the pen of Philip Bartholomae, a writer of established reputation in the East, and the score was composed by Silvio Hein, one of the younger composers, who has a number of popular song hits to his credit. A better or more happy combination of composer and librettist it would be hard to find; they are both young men, and both of the South, Mr. Bartholomae having been born in Tennessee, and Mr. Hein in Louisiana, so in a way one might almost look upon "When Dreams Come True" as a product of the Southland. The scenes, however, are laid in and around New York; on the deck of an ocean steamer, a dock at midnight and in a mansion on Fifth avenue. The opportunity for scenic display is varied and has been taken advantage of

Minnie Desmond in Stewart's Musical Comedy, Academy, Tomorrow Night and Tuesday.

to the fullest extent. The story of the play tells of the adventures that befall a young American on a trip to Paris and the complications that he has to overcome. There is a blending of melodrama and farce in the plot, but fundamentally the story is pure comedy.

The song numbers are many, and the newest dances are indulged in by the large company, several new variations of the popular dances are shown, most of them invented by Wm. Pruette, one of the foremost dancers on the stage at the present time. An attractive bevy of young girls grace the stage at different times and wear some really stunning gowns. Some of the gowns were recently purchased at the Fashion Show in New York and the ladies of our city will have an opportunity to get a line on the new spring styles. Some of these gowns are unique in texture and colors. Taken as a whole the present season has not offered any theatrical attraction that has had more to offer than "When Dreams Come True." A special matinee will be given at 3:30 P. M.

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That's the beginning—just the beginning, mind you—of the greatest two-reel L-Ko comedy of the age, heading the Bijou bill for tomorrow, and starring Alice Howell, Dick Smith, and a big bunch of the L-Ko fun-makers. It's a cure for the blues, a sure grouch-chaser, and you'll go home after seeing it feeling good and friendly with the world. Don't forget to see this great feature Monday—It's a corker—

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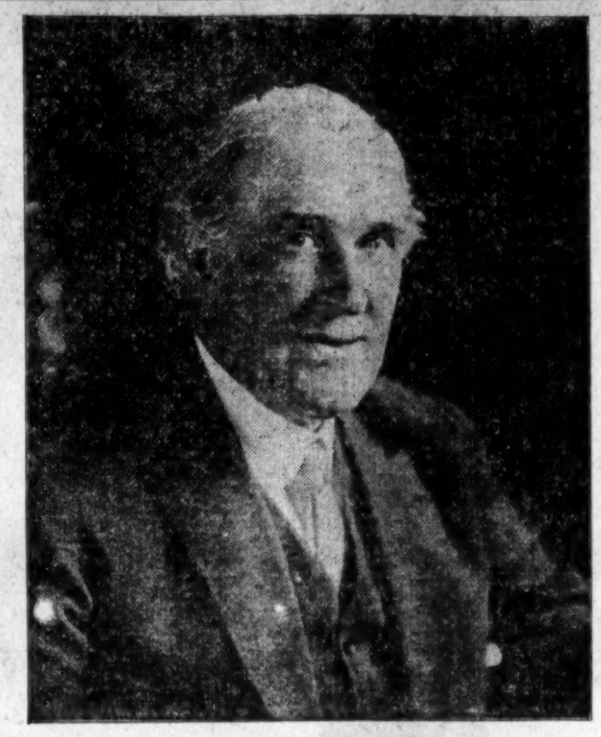

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VIGOROUS PROTEST AGAINST INTERFERENCE WITH MAILS.

United States Note to Great Britain Has Already Been Delivered.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The United States has sent to Ambassador Page at London for presentation to the British foreign office a note vigorously protesting against the British authorities interfering with and censoring mails from the United States to neutral European counties.

The note is understood to have already been delivered to the British foreign office, but its text has not been given out by the State Department.

Numerous complaints have been received from American business men and others that their mails destined to points in neutral and European countries have been opened by the British censors. Steamships carrying neutral mails to and from the United States have been held up by British warships and taken to British ports where practically all mail has been removed by the British authorities. The steamships then have been allowed to proceed and the mails detained and examined by the British censors. After complete examination the mails have been sent forward to their destination. This has resulted in much delay and in some instances confiscation of correspondence.

AS LAMAR'S SUCCESSOR.

Name of Judge J. L. Kelly, of Bristol, Va., Will be Presented.

Bristol, Va., Jan. 8.—The name of Judge Joseph L. Kelly, of Bristol, for the past two years a member of the supreme court of appeals of Virginia, will be placed before President Wilson for consideration in the choosing of a successor for the late Justice Joseph Rucker Lamar. The members of the local bar say that Judge Kelly will be Virginia's candidate for the position.

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY SEVERELY CRITICISED

By German Newspapers Published in China.

Attacks Made on Attitude of American Government Towards the British. Boast of German Domination in Belgium.

Shanghai, Dec. 15.—(Correspondence of Associated Press).—Many German newspapers have been established in China since the beginning of the European war. Most of these are weeklies, some are semi-weekly and The War, published at Shanghai, is a tri-weekly. These papers publish the full German official dispatches, usually both in German and English and also publish much editorial in English.

Early in the war, these German papers confined themselves very largely to the denunciation of the British, but recently Americans in China have come in for much criticism, and practically all the German newspapers are commenting extensively on the attitude of the Americans in the Far East.

In a recent issue The War contains the following article under the heading: "American Neutrality:" "We again refer to the only way for Americans to be neutral and that is, to be in league with everything British, and avoid being seen with a German.

"At the last meeting of Dr. Richard's Christian Literature Society we hear that the Americans were present in good numbers, another Anglo-American society. This proves that the Americans are neutral. We might ask, if the German Medical school held a meeting, would Americans have the courage to attend, and would this prove that they were neutral or unneutral?

"Dr. Richard's speech in the interests of peace hinted very clearly that the group of powers, of which Germany is one, stands for oppression, and England's group stands for defense of those oppressed. This insinuation proves also how neutral this society is, a society which once claimed Dr. Ernest Faber and Pastor Krauz.

"We would like to ask whether it is the idea of defending the oppressed that has enabled England to own so much of the earth's soil? And if the oppressed are to look to England for protection, why does she not at once occupy Russia?"

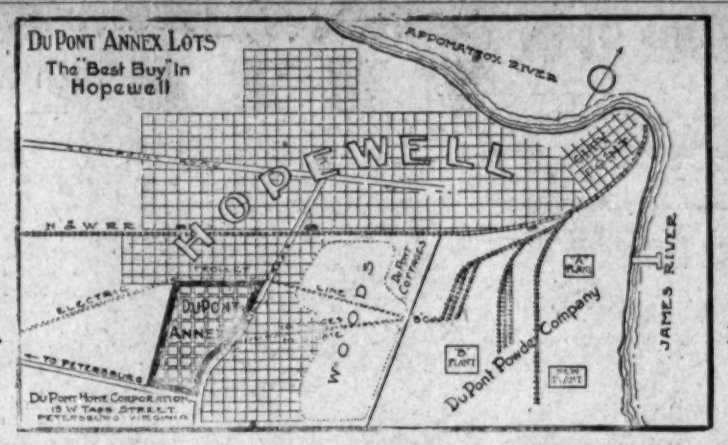
A leading editorial in The War discussing Germany's relations to Russia and to England begins: "There is a particular reason why the Americans do not regard the German's cause favorably. It may be found in her failure to appreciate gradual development of the present situation. And so the effect is taken for the cause. Germany's former relation to England and to Russia are frequently misunderstood."

Americans and the American attitude towards the war are constantly mentioned, specifically, and indirectly hinted at in articles appearing in practically all the German publications in the Far East. Some of the papers spare American residents of the Orient direct criticism, making their attack in a general way on the attitude of the American government.

The German papers are commenting extensively on the failure of the Belgian government to win any recent recognition from its allies, and the fact that Belgium was not admitted to the European group which joined with Japan in urging China to postpone its change of government. The War says: "Of late we have but rarely heard of Belgium, of the Belgian king and his army. Merged into the vast military establishment of the Allies, the little strip of country which he still calls his own, his small band of faithful followers and he himself have lost their political identity. No special importance attaches to them any more. Belgium seems to have lost its attraction which it had at the beginning as

jected to the foreground and have become paramount, Belgium is now of little consequence to the Entente Powers, and at best a side issue to be dealt with incidentally, if occasion arises. The voluminous war reports of the Allies do not mention Belgium's little army any more, although no doubt they have their daily fight just like the rest of them. The king of England recently visited France, but we have not heard a war slogan. It has served the purpose of detracting people's attention from the real issue and the cause of the war at the beginning and, as these real issues have gradually been proclaimed he remembered his luckless brother king in Flanders. The Belgian government remained silent when lately the other allies proclaimed anew their intention to stand together to the last."

The same editorial then reviews at length what Germany has done in Belgium, and says that under the direction of German officers all tillable land has been brought under cultivation, and the Belgian industries have been revived with a better wage scale than before the war. "Most important of all," the editorial continues, "the Germans have sent all Belgian children to schools."



150 Per Cent.. Profit on Quick Resales.

150 Per Cent.. Profit on Quick Resales.

INTESTORS: BUY LOTS IN DUPO T ANNEX

The Newest and Best Sub-Division of Virginia's Wonder City.

Du Pont Annex is on Electric Car Line, near N. & W. Rwy., and 10 Minutes Walk from Du Pont's "B" Gate

Quick Sellers---Easy Terms---Only 30 Days O d---Resales at 150 Per Cent Profit

WRITE OR WIRE

DuPONT HOME CORPORATION, Owners

H. M. MAGIE, Sales Agent

2508 W. GRACE ST RICHMOND, VA.

Academy Of Music

2 Nights — Monday and Tuesday, January 11 and 12.

HARRY STEWART'S

BIG MUSICAL COMEDY CO.

20 —— PEOPLE IN THE COMPANY —— 20

Big Beauty Chorus. Gorgeous Costumes.

Special Scenery and effects.

OPENING BILL:

"A Call For Volunteers"

CHANGE OF BILL ON TUESDAY NIGHT.

Made For Laughing Purposes Only

Lower Floor, 35c. and 50c. Balcony, 25c. and 35c. Gallery, 25c. and 35c.

TICKETS ARE SELLING AT PLUMMER'S.

THE ROYAL

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

TOMORROW

Jesse L. Lasky-Paramount Present

THE NOTED STAR OF THE PHOTOPLAY

THEODORE ROBERTS

With Carlyle Blackwell as Co-Star, in an Elaborate Picturization of

"Mr. Grex, Of Monte Carlo"

A Narrative of International Diplomacy, with a Remarkable Forecast of Europe's Great War, as It Appeared Serially in the Saturday Evening Post.

Elaborate Scenes

The Men and Women at the Monte Carlo Gaming Tables.

BIJOU

TOMORROW

"From Beanery To Billions"

The Greatest Two-Reel L-Ko Riot of the Age—Two Solid Reels of Giggles and Guffaws!

"Love And A Sausage"

And Here's More Laughs Than You Ever Saw Before in a Single Reeler—Eddie Lyons, Lee Moran, Harry Rattenberry and Pretty Betty Compton.

"The Great Fear"

Gloria Fonda, Elsie Maison and Wm. Dowlin, in a Tense Human-Interest Drama.

Group From Chorus of "When Dreams Come True," Academy Matinee and Night Next Saturday, January 15.

GRAND

TOMORROW

Thomas A. Edison Presents the

FEATURE DE LUXE

In Four Acts,

"The Ring Of The Borgias"

A Drama of Passion and Intrigue, Of Fierce Hate and Mysterious Murder—Four Acts of Mysterious Fascination, Starring

Margaret Prussing

Cora Linton

Carlton King

Augustus Phillips

Academy, Saturday, January 15

Matinee—3:30 P. M. Night—8:30 P. M.

The Deluxe Edition of Musical Comedy Perfection.

THE MUSICAL COMEDY OF YOUTH

WHEN DREAMS COME TRUE

NEW YORK'S GREATEST SUCCESS

A company of Supreme Efficiency

The Wonderful Dream Beauty Chorus

Gowned in the "Up-to-Now" Fashions

New and Tuneful Songs, Latest Dances

PRICES—Night, $1.50 $1.00, 75c, 50c.

PRICES—Matinee, $1.00, 75c, 50c.

Seats ready Thursday at Plummer's.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having qualified as Executor of the estate of Augusta M. Palfry, deceased, late of the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having cleams again the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at Wilmington, N. C., at the office of the American Bank and Trust Company on or before December 23rd, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons that are indebted to the said estate will please make immediate adjustment.

The day and year herein above written.

AMERICAN BANK & TRUST CO.,
Executor of the Estate of
Augusta M. Palfry, deceased.
By MILTON CALDER, Vice-President.
ja9-law6w

EAST CAROLINA MOST REMARKABLE SECTION

Agricultural Advantages Finest in the Hemisphere.

Such the Declaration of Northern Men Who Have Been Gunning and Inspecting Tidewater Carolina Recently.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Jan. 7.—Northern men who have been in tidewater North Carolina the past few days, gunning and inspecting the gigantic drainage work at Lake Mattamuskeet in Hyde county, declared it a most remarkable section in many ways and expressed surprise over the fact that the people of inland Carolina were not very well acquainted with the easternmost part of the State. The lack of intimacy on the part of the inland dwellers, they were assured, was natural in a state of three well-defined geographical divisions stretching more than 500 miles from east to west.

The agricultural advantages of the coastal region are the finest in the western hemisphere, the visitors expressed themselves as believing. The fact that more than 2,00 specimens of fruit, vegetables, grains, etc., can be produced in Hyde county has been proved by demonstration work, it is said. The timber resources of the section are magnificent. Hundreds of species of tree growth are known to the lumbermen in the eastern part of the State. Magnificent land reclaimed by the thousands of acres can be had at a lower cost than non-productive, unirrigated land in the sparsely-populated parts of the west, even at this late day. Transportation facilities are considerably better than the northern men expected to find with surprisingly low rates. Thousands of small power and sail boats plying the sounds connect the thriving banks and mainland villages which cannot be or have not been touched by railroads.

Fauna Most Complete.

The fauna of the region, one of the visitors noted, is the most complete in the temperate zone, possible of either hemisphere. The "Southeastern part of the United States" has the largest representation of large and small mammals, reptiles and birds, especially of the nattators in the latter division, in each of the several large zoos in the country, it is believed. He was told that Lawson, probably North Carolina's first historian, found "lions," for which he probably mistook panthers, now extinct in the territory, and whales, about which he was correct, in the vicinities of the rivers and the ocean beach.

Geographical phenomena are as numerous in the sounds country as in any other part of the United States, and it is as rich a section in historical lore as any, having been the scene of the first landing of Englishmen on the continent, and of the first English colony, etc. The northern men saw with interest the "burned-out" lakes of Hyde, literally hollowed out of the peaty soil by flames in ages past; glimpsed Bogue banks, tropical on the sea side and of temperate vegetation on the sound side of the hummocks which divide the two zones, saw the sand mountains and the mysterious lakes of the Nag's Head neighborhood and heard of "Teach's hole," now obliterated by the shifting of sands on the bed of Pamlico sound and the changing of a current's course.

BRIDGE OVER NORTHEAST RIVER AT LANE'S FERRY

Bids to Be Opened in March—Pender to Build Stock Fence—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., Jan. 7.—Bids for the construction of a bridge over Northeast river at Lane's Ferry are to be opened on Tuesday after the first Monday in March, according to an order made by the board of commissioners of Pender county in session here Monday. The commissioners appointed themselves a committee to look after the erection of stock fences between Pender and the counties of New Hanover, Bladen and Sampson.

Mr. C. A. Maul, advertising agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, delivered an address in the court house here Monday, which was both entertaining and instructive to the farmers and other who heard it. The purpose of his visit and address was to interest the people of this locality in advertising this section to the outside world and, incidentally, to raise a small sum of money for this purpose, this being necessary to help prepare the material and aid in its distribution throughout the country. He secured a very nice contribution from the public spirited citizens present.

Announcement of the engagement of Mr. A. B. Croom, Jr., and Miss Elizabeth Rudder Fearington, of Winston-Salem, in The Star this morning, was read here with much interest, as this has been the home of Mr. Croom for so long, and his many friends here are ready to extend him congratulations.

The Duroc Jersey Swine Breeders' Association met here Monday and changed the constitution of the organization so as to widen its scope of operations by taking in neighboring counties. New officers for the year were elected, these being Frank L. Fuller, of Ashton, president; Robert I. Durham, Burgaw, vice president; W. G. McCullen, Burgaw, secretary and treasurer. The association will meet again in regular session the first Monday in April.

EXCHANGE OF COURTS

Between Judges Webb and Lane—Raleigh Police Have 600 Pints.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 7.—Governor Craig approved an exchange of courts today between Judge Webb and Judge Lane. Judge Webb will hold one week of court in Cleveland county beginning January 17 and one week in Lincoln county, beginning January 24. Judge Lane will hold one week of Forsythe county court beginning January 10 and one week of Rockingham county court beginning January 17.

Chief of Police Chas. F. Koonce has on hand more than 600 pints of whiskey that has been siezed the past few weeks in cases where automobiles with whiskey have been captured. The greater portion of this whiskey is that which was being brought from Petersburg for Chas. U. Smith, Smith having died in a Richmond hospital a few days after the capture was made. Now comes a report that I. C. Shore, of Petersburg, Va., a liquor dealer, is about to sue the city for possession of this whiskey on the ground that after the whiskey was delivered to the automobile in Petersburg a check that passed in payment was held up by a Raleigh bank under instructions from Mr. Smith by whom the check was signed. Armistead Jones and Son, of Raleigh, are counsel for the Petersburg dealer. There are 384 pints of liquor involved in the controversy.

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

You Can Now Get the Big Comfortable 35 Horsepower Overland for $695

En bloc 35 horsepower motor
Electric starting and lighting system
Electric control buttons on steering column
Four inch tires

Roadster $675
f. o. b. Toledo

Demountable rims; with one extra
106-inch wheelbase
Deep divan upholstery
One-man top; top cover

Model 83 B

With unerring judgment of value—

With a rush that swallowed up a record production in jig time—

The public took more than 50,000 of the $750 Overlands in six months.

In six months we've absorbed all the overhead; absorbed all the development expense; realized on all the experimental cost that is usually spread over a year.

We covered our material requirements at before-the-war prices—saved three and a half million dollars on aluminum and another million on steel.

We have increased our production capacity of 300 cars per day last June *to 1000 cars per day.*

So again we have broken *all* records.

Again we have planned and bought material for a bigger production program.

And again we are setting a new and supreme standard of value—

You can now buy the big, roomy, comfortable, thirty-five horsepower Overland for $695.

Here is the value which has clearly dominated the automobile market for the last six months—now made even more clearly dominant.

Here is the car with a performance record never even approached by any car of its size ever built—fifty thousand in every day service.

And though the price is reduced the car is improved.

It has an up-to-the-minute power plant, en bloc type, developing full thirty-five horsepower. It has abundant power and speed and an exceptionally quick get-away.

The value is pre-eminent—unapproached.

We guarantee that the price for this model will never be lower.

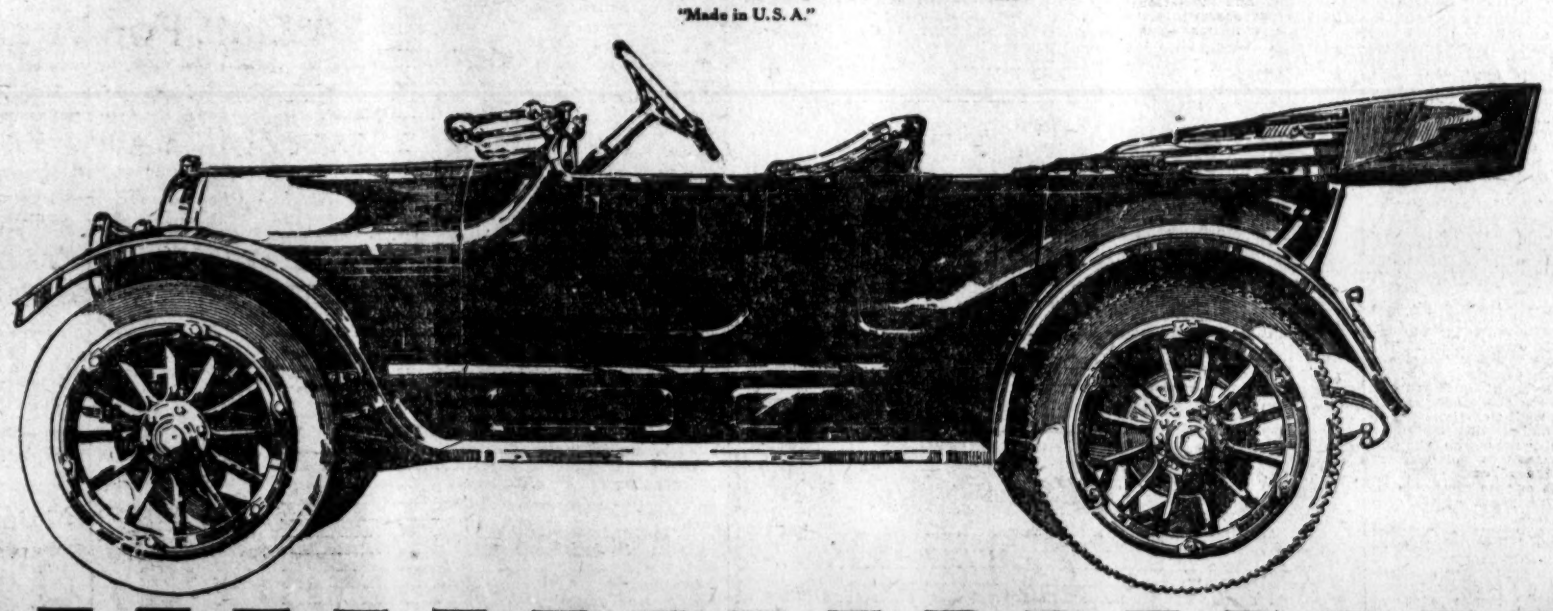
But this price reduction is made in the face of a rising material market—we cannot guarantee that it will not be higher.

See the Overland dealer now—anticipate your requirement if need be—but make sure of your delivery *now.*

H. L. FENNELL, 111 Chestnut Street, Wilmington, N. C., Phone 95

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio

"Made in U. S. A."



NURSES BEST FIGHTERS

Visiting Nurses Are Great Workers in Tuberculosis Fight.

(State Board of Health.)

The tuberculosis visiting nurse is now regarded by experts to be the most direct means yet found for combatting tuberculosis in the home and among all the people. The cured or arrested patient returned from the sanatorium has a great educational influence in his home and community but the nurse's practical methods of treatment and friendly visits are more direct and surer of results; besides, they reach further in the direction they are most needed.

Dr. David R. Lyman, of Gaylord Farm Sanatorium says of the visiting nurse: "If I were restricted to any one of the four agencies in treating tuberculosis namely, sanatoriums, dispensaries, advanced hospitals and the visiting nurses, I would unhesitatingly take the visiting nurse, because the others would follow as the night the day."

Dr. Lyman believes that while all four agencies are necessary in the fight against tuberculosis, the visiting nurse deals directly with the fundamentals of the tuberculosis problem as it exists among the people and makes possible more effective work on the part of the other agencies. He believes that money invested in a visiting nurse whether it be for a county, town or small community is the best money spent for any social uplift work, health work or betterment work of any kind.

TEN DAYS OVERDUE

Fears Felt at Savannah for British Steamer Nagaristan.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 8.—Uneasiness was expressed among marine men here tonight over the British freight steamer Nagaristan, ten days overdue from London, from whence she sailed December 10. The vessel, which is of 4,327 tons, carried no wireless, it was said here.

WOMEN RISE AND APPLAUD.

Statement That Nation Should Thank Providence for Wilson Peace.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Delegates to the convention of the Women's National Democratic League rose to their feet and applauded today when Secretary of Labor Wilson declared the nation should thank Providence that the President had kept it out of war. The convention ends today with election of officers.

COLLIER NEPTUNE DISABLED.

Caught in Storm Off Virgina Coast, Towed Into Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 8.—The naval collier Neptune, which was disabled off the Virginia coast during yesterday's northeast storm, reached port this afternoon with the assistance of the naval tug Hercules, the Neptune left here Thursday to join the Atlantic fleet now en route to Cuba. Her engines became disabled and she was forced to anchor off Cape Henry for 20 hours to await favorable weather before attempting to reach port.

FUTHER MEASURES TO ELIMINATE MIDDLEMAN

Being Adopted Throughout Austro-Hungarian Monarchy.

Laws in Force and in Course of Enactment Provide That Nobody May Buy Article of Necessity and Sell it For Gain.

Vienna, Dec. 20.—(Correspondence of Associated Press)—Further measures for the elimination of the "middleman whose participation in commerce does not add to the value or facilitite the distribution of necesities"are being adopted throughout the Austro-Hungarian monarchy. Not along are new laws for this purpose being enacted but the provisions already made by the civil and military bodies are now being enforced with a rigor that gives no quarter to offenders.

Laws in force and in the course of enactment provide that nobody within Austrian and Hungary may buy an article of necessity and then sell it again for the sake of personal gain. This affects transactions in foodstuffs especially. When the European war broke out it was found that there were many who wished to profit by it through the "cornering" of certain supplies. In little time the cost of living went up alarmingly, increases ranging from 50 to 400 per cent. To curb this tendency the government itself took such action as its power and scope permitted. It was found, however, that the legislative bodies of Austria and Hungary, had to act in the matter. Suitable laws were adopted, and these are now being so ———— as to close the loopholes which various actions at law have disclosed.

A recent ruling in an Austrian superior court in this city is of interest because it shows both the letter and spirit of the "anti-speculation laws" which have been adopted.

In this case three Galicians had bought a relatively small quantity of foodsuff, mostly grain. At the trial it was shown that the three dealers had sold the articles again in the same town, in one instance wheat had been re-sold to its original owner. A profit had been made, and a slight increase in the price of food made from the articles in question, had resulted, it was proven.

The court ruled that under the law this was an offense, because the sale and re-sale of the articles had been made by the defendants with a profit to which they were not entitled, having added neither to the value of the articles, nor facilitated their distribution. They had, in fact, found the judge, rendered distribution more difficult by holding the articles for a certain time.

The defense was that the acused had acted within their constitutional rights by buying and selling as they had done, and that they had not hampered distribution, because they had at all times been ready to sell. But the prosecution obliged the defendants to make the admission that they had held for a higher price, whereupon the court found that this was now an offense, because to hold necessities for the gaining of a profit, through the operation of the law of "supply and demands was illegal.

Heavy penalties of imprisonment and fines were imposed upon the three dealers.

Austria did not always have such a law. Taking this view of economics is distinctly a result of the war—the spirit that nobody shall gain at the expense of the other when "the other" is likely to be at the front, risking his life for his country and leaving his family in straightened circumstances, perhaps.

To "deal for profit" has become a very dangerous and unprofitable enterprise in Austria today. But the Hungarian government, which hitherto has not been obliged to concern itself much with this problem is also beginning to act. Hungary has greater food resources than Austria, and, for this reason, specuators have not found so good a field there. Foodstuffs have been so relatively plentiful there that so far, for instance, it has not been thought necessary to regulate the consumption of bread by means of a bread card, almost universally used in Austria.

Contrary4 to opinions generally held, in interior affairs, Austria and Hungary have nothing in common. On this account, Hungary is now improv-'ng her own "anti-speculation laws."

Beofre the Hungarian diet, now in session, is a bill introduced by the Hungarian minister of justice, according to which no person outside of a trade or industry, or without the special permission of the authorities, may buy or sell, for purposes of gaining profit through speculation, any foodstuff or other necessity of life. This means that only a miller may buy grain and only a baker flour, and then no more than what he will need for the requirements of his own business. The bill, which is sure to pass, provides a maximum penalty of two years' imprisonment and a fine of 20,000 crowns. Another bill, from the same source, provides for a penalty of three years' imprisonment and a fine of 10,000 crowns, for the person who wilfully "destroys or depreciates the quantity and quality" of foodstuffs. Persons convicted of this offense may also be deprived for three years of all civil and political rights.

Heretofore speculation in Hungary has been curbed principally by means of a law reading as follows:

"The ministry may, for the duration of the war, in order to assure to the population a steady supply of foodstuffs and necessities and to prevent the forcing up of prices, apply suitable measures in the production and distribution of these articles, included among them such emergency regulations as are needed even if these be in conflict with existing laws."

A similar law was adopted in Austria, but in both countries speculators tried hard to evade the letter and spirit of the regulations which resulted from it. Most of those who have done so have been made to account, and in dealing with them the civil courts have been less relenting than even the military authorities. Meawhile a lesson in economics is taught, which, as many here believe, will not be without beneficial influence after the war. The government's campaign against the 'useless middleman" and speculator is followed by the consumer with an interest and approbation not likely to terminate with the coming of peace.

Woman never thinks of a man as a devil; when she gets where she thinks that, she then knows that he is a devil

Report of County Auditor

For Year Ending November 30, 1915.

December 6, 1915.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners,
Of New Hanover County, Wilmington, N. C.

Gentlemen:—

Please find attached herewith my annual report of all County Funds for the year ending November 30, 1915, together with certain statements and comments as follows:

EXHIBIT "A"—General Balance Sheet.
EXHIBIT "B"—Revenue Statement.
EXHIBIT "C"—General County Fund.
EXHIBIT "D"—New Hanover County Road Fund.
EXHIBIT "E"—Hospital Fund.
EXHIBIT "F"—Health Department Fund.
EXHIBIT "G"—Special Bridge Fund.
EXHIBIT "H"—Salary Fund.
EXHIBIT "I"—Work House Fund.
EXHIBIT "J"—Court House Bond Fund.
EXHIBIT "K"—Road Bond Sinking Fund.
EXHIBIT "L"—School Bond Sinking Fund.
EXHIBIT "M"—Work House Bond Sinking Fund.
EXHIBIT "N"—Taxes and Licenses charged to Sheriff. 1914 and 1915, and amount paid over by him to date.
EXHIBIT "O"—Recorder's Court, Fines and Costs.
EXHIBIT "P"—Maintenance of Convicts and work done by Road Force.
EXHIBIT "R"—County Home and Farm.

COMMENT.

During the year we have re-written the Back Tax Books, and now have them arranged according to Block numbers instead of alphabetically by names. This Book shows some $30,000.00 owing the County for back taxes, and while Exhibit "C" shows only $1,623.60 collected on back taxes during the past year, Exhibit "N" shows property sold for 1914 taxes, on which the taxes amount to $3,506.88. This amount for 1913 was $2,514.00, and for 1912 $1,556.50. From this you will see that the amount of back taxes gradually grow larger, and I would recommend that a special effort be made to collect the amounts now outstanding.

Respectfully submitted,

J. A. ORRELL,
County Auditor.

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET.
As of November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "A".
ASSETS.

Funded:		
Cash on deposit by Auditor standing to credit of the following funds:		
Rond Bond Sinking Fund	$14,048.18	
10 Road Bonds	10,000.00	
9 C. H. Bonds	4,500.00	$ 28,548.18
Hospital Fund		934.39
N. H. Co. Road Fund		2,291.54
Salary Fund		1,339.80
Special Bridge Fund		32.22
School Bond Sinking Fund		309.73
Health Department		180.77
Less Overdraft,		
General Co. Fund	8,755.17	
Work House Bond Fund	461.80	
Work House	2,060.42	11,277.39
		$ 22,350.24
School Fund		1,135.98
Advanced to Sheriff		375.00
Current:		
Taxes 1915 due County	85,628.16	
Taxes 1915 due Schools	69,326.51	$154,954.67

NECESSARY INVESTMENTS.

General: County—			
Court House and land, Jail and land	125,000.00		
Furniture and Fixtures	6,000.00	$131,000.00	
County Home and land	35,500.00		
Furniture, Equipment and Produce			
Work House		46,949.68	
Oak Grove Cemetery	1,000.00		
Oak Grove Cemetery Lodge	75.00	1,975.00	
R. R. Iron, Locomotive, etc.		4,828.00	
Camp and Quarry Equipment, Road Roller, etc,		15,568.51	
Gregerson Land		3,000.00	
General School (Including Building Fixtures and Land)	White	Colored	
City Schools	$302,232.87	$75,723.14	377,956.01
Rural Schools	29,668.65	5,489.35	35,158.00
	$331,901.52	$81,212.49	$413,114.01
			$835,728.55

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET.
As of November 30, 1915.
LIABILITIES:

Bonded Indebtedness:		
Court House 5's issued Feb. 18, 1891, due Jan. 1, 1917	$ 50,000.00	
Less Redeemed	42,200.00	$ 7,800.00
New Hanover County Road Fund:		
4½'s issued Jan. 1, 1902, due Jan. 1, 1927	50,000.00	
4's issued July 1, 1905, due July 1, 1930	50,000.00	
4½'s issued July 1, 1908, due July 1, 1933	50,000.00	
4½'s issued July 1, 1911, due July 1, 1936	50,000.00	
5's issued July 1, 1913, due July 1, 1938	100,000.00	300,000.00
New Hanover County School Bonds:		
5's issued July 1, 1913, due July 1, 1938		175,000.00
New Hanover County Work House Bonds:		
5's issued Jan. 1, 1915, due Jan. 1, 1935		35,000.00
Total Bonded Indebtedness		$517,800.00
Floating:		
Interest accrued on Court House Bonds	$ 162.50	
Interest accrued on N. H. C. Road Bonds	5,729.16	
Interest accrued on N. H. C. School Bonds	3,645.83	
Interest accrued on N. H. C. Work House Bonds	729.17	10,266.66
Notes Payable—County:		
Work House	10,000.00	
N. H. Co. Roads	10,000.00	
Special Bridge Fund	4,800.00	24,800.00
Notes Payable—School: (State of N. C.)	3,420.00	
Murchison National Bank	10,000.00	
Murchison National Bank	6,000.00	
Murchison National Bank	5,000.00	
Murchison National Bank	733.27	25,153.27
TOTAL		$578,019.93
SURPLUS		257,708.62
		$835,728.55

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.
(Exclusive of Schools.)
For the year ending Nov. 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "B".

Receipts and Transfers:		
General Fund		$ 55,671.98
New Hanover County Road Fund		22,455.82
Hospital Fund		10,921.10
Health Department		10,376.79
Special Bridge Fund		13,294.03
Salary Fund		20,929.56
Work House Fund		55,000.00
Court House Bond Fund		465.00
Road Bond Sinking Fund		18,266.42
School Bond Sinking Fund		13,935.83
Work House Bond Sinking Fund		413.20
		$221,729.73
Balance December 1st, 1914		40,054.67
		$261,784.40
Disbursements and Transfers:		
General County Fund		$ 63,606.80
New Hanover County Road Fund		49,621.04
Hospital Fund		10,498.97
Health Department Fund		7,323.98
Special Bridge Fund		4,824.00
Salary Fund		21,984.89
Work House Fund		57,921.98
Court House Bond Fund		465.00
Road Bond Sinking Fund		13,362.50
School Bond Sinking Fund		8,750.00
Work House Bond Sinking Fund		875.00
		$239,434.16
Balance on Hand Nov. 30, 1915		22,350.24
		$261,784.40

GENERAL FUND.
For the year ending Nov. 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "C".
RECEIPTS:

Poll and Property Tax		$ 28,144.05
Schedule "B" Tax		5,513.80
Marriage License		368.60
Sale of Produce—County Home	$730.60	
Sale of Cotton—County Home	966.22	
Hire of Prisoners—County Home	114.45	1,811.27
Jail Fees—Magistrates	40.95	
Jail Fees—Superior Court	72.45	
Jail fFees—Recorder's Court	64.05	177.45
Hire of Prisoners		63.00
Recorder's Court Costs		3,927.63
Jury Tax		66.00
Jury Meals		32.50
Stenopraghers' Fees		181.00
Fees Auditor's Office (Schedule "B")		84.30
Back Taxes		1,623.60
Notes Discounted		10,000.00
Rent of Pest Houses		23.28
Transfer from Salary Fund		2,386.18
Refund Account Overcharges		8.80
Expenses Jim Hill		100.00
Sale of Land Standard Supply Co.		750.00
Refund State Fair Expenses		10.55
Nov. 30, 1915 Overdrawn		8,755.17
		$ 64,427.15

DISBURSEMENTS:

Dec. 1, 1914, Overdrawn	$	820.35
Salaries:		
Attorney		720.00
Auditor		1,583.33
Clerk to Board		1,700.00
Clerk to Auditor		870.00
Jailor, including Cook		1,140.00
Janitor		780.00
Bridge Tender		277.84
County Commissioners		1,617.00
Magistrates		370.06
Stationery and Advertising		904.61
Jail		1,457.98
Recorder's Court—Recorder's Salary	$2,000.00	
Recorder's Court—Solicitor's Salary	1,800.00	
Recorder's Court—8 mos. Salary Deputy Clerk, S. C.	400.00	
Recorder's Court—Other Expenses	543.06	4,743.06
Superior Court		7,749.67
Roads and Bridges		1,503.00
Out Door Poor		3,830.38
United Charities		1,598.75
County Home		6,013.97
Farm Demonstrator		930.23
Elections		4.27
Tax Listing		4,274.49
Red Cross Society		1,500.00
Military		600.00
Coroner		285.90
Constables		199.75
Court House		1,261.20
Interest on Loans		112.50
Transfer Court House Bond Fund		465.00
Notes Paid		15,000.00
Postage	$152.53	
Refunded Taxes	68.86	
Public Auditor	373.28	
Motorcycle, Repairs and Expenses	99.80	
N. E. River Bridge, Repairs and Expenses	9.02	
Motor Licenses	2.00	705.49
State Fair Expenses		50.00
Addvertising Reports, etc.		94.92
Appropriation Suppression Vice		332.50
Insurance		152.50
State Association County Commissioners		5.00
Lumber for Pest Houses		10.42
Legal Services account Legislature		100.00
Clerk to Assessors		44.00
Transferring Map for Register of Deeds		15.00
Painting Signs		8.00
Badge for Special Officer		1.85
Writing Up Back Tax Books		126.00
Expenses Road Supt. Good Roads Conv.		15.40
Election Booths		122.50
Looking up Delinquent and Letters		14.00
City Directory		10.00
Court Calendar		2.00
Hand Cuffs		4.50
Rent Safety Deposit Box		2.00
Keys for Court House		.50
Automobile Assessor		17.32
Phone, Constable and Special Officer		11.00
Search and Transportation Fugitive and Escaped Convicts		189.97
Auto, hire investigation accident		4.50
Telegrams		44.33
Certified Copies		4.50
Flash Lights		6.85
Maps		4.80
Fees Register of Deeds		11.75
Express and Freight		1.89
Paste		.25
		$ 64,427.15

ROAD FUND.
For the year ended November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "D".
RECEIPTS.

Dec. 1, Balance on hand		$ 29,456.76
Automobile License Tax from State		2,449.60
Sale of Dynamite		21.48
Sale of Pigs and Pork		135.40
Sale of Gun		5.00
Sale of Bags		16.41
Sale of R. R. Iron		1,598.94
Sale of Lillington Gravel and Screening		37.00
Sale of Photo		1.00
Sale of Old Stove		6.00
Sale of Tarvia		16.18
Interest		225.71
Refund for Truck parts returned		45.56
Paid by Beach Company ac. Car. Beach Road		5,218.16
Paid by Wesley Adge on Mule		5.00
Paid by C. H. Alexander on Mule		35.00
Refund Pay Roll		80.83
Refund Telegram		.55
Refund Demurrage		9.50
Refund Ford Auto Company		50.00
Tide Water Power Co., Repair to Road		14.00
1915 Taxes as per levy		2,484.50
Note Discounted		10,000.00
		$ 51,912.58

DISBURSEMENTS.

Foreman and Guards	$	4,670.55
Engineer		493.65
Extra Labor		6.00
Steward		720.00
Truck Driver		600.00
Truck Repairs and Supplies		1,450.64
Auto Repairs and Supplies		424.49
Auto Exchanges		405.05
Tools and Machinery		290.51
Wagons and Harness		387.25
Clothing and Bedding		2,004.14
Groceries		6,074.15
Supplies, Hardware, etc.		1,079.31
Repairs		433.26
Feeding Mules		4,306.63
Shoeing Mules		240.24
Coal		293.53
Electric Current and Lights		293.00
Freight and Express		2,821.70
Rewards and Captures		88.95
Veterinary and Medicine		65.80
Oils		92.98
Phone Rent		6.00
Gravel		1,230.15
Rocking Federal Point Road		10,454.97
Lumber, Rock, Pipe, etc.		3,092.36
Work on Siding		3.70
Stationery		14.25
Baling Hay		3.96
Roofing		6.00
Stove		1.25
Shells		1.00
Hog Feed and Serum		20.91
Telegram		.25
Advertising R. R. Ties		2.48
Insurance Automobile		14.00
Insurance Truck		50.00
Insurance Mules		169.40
Labor on Bridges		21.00
Cage Curtains		20.00
Survey Federal Point Road		25.00
Rock Royalty Est. I. B. Rhodes		358.56
Expenses Jim Hill		126.00
Expenses R. A. Burnett to Asheville		30.75
Photos		46.00
Empty Barrels for Tarvia		11.55
Damage to Corn Field		1.00
Allowance R. R. Iron		4.56
Tarvia and Spreading		6,112.24
Mule Trade		50.00
Carpenter Work		41.25
Stock Service		2.00
Interest on Notes		150.00
Trees Planted		160.00
Error Pay Roll Refunded		60.00
Total Disbursements	$	49,621.04
Balance on hand Nov. 30, 1915		2,291.54
		$ 51,912.58

HOSPITAL FUND.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "E".
RECEIPTS

Dec. 1, 1914, Balance on Hand	$	512.26
Taxes as per levy		10,921.10
	$	11,433.36
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Appropriation for the year	$	10,498.97
Nov. 30, 1915, Balance		934.39
	$	11,433.36

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "F".
RECEIPTS

Taxes as per levy	$	10,376.79
	$	10,376.79
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Dec. 1, 1914, Overdraft		2,872.04
Appropriation		5,847.48
Fees Vital Statistics Registrars		60.50
City of Wilmington Account Incinerator		1,416.00
Nov. 30, 1915, Balance		180.77
	$	10,376.79

SPECIAL BRIDGE FUND.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "G".
RECEIPTS

Taxes as per levy	$	3,694.03
Notes Discounted		9,600.00
	$	13,294.03
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Dec. 1, 1914, Overdraft	$	8,437.81
Notes Paid		4,800.00
Interest on Notes		24.00
Nov. 30, 1915, Balance		32.22
	$	13,294.03

SALARY FUND.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "H".
RECEIPTS.

	Sheriff	Clerk S.C.	Register	Constable	Special Officer	Bond Premium	Total
December	$ 1,916.11	$ 345.28	$ 294.90	$ 52.40	$ ———	$ ———	$ 2,608.69
January	1,882.89	753.95	260.55	75.55	———	———	2,972.94
February	944.53	274.70	331.90	223.10	———	———	1,574.23
March	823.22	398.81	341.40	19.50	———	———	1,582.93
April	568.42	550.12	349.10	32.85	51.30	———	1,551.79
May	127.73	531.36	327.35	34.55	35.50	———	1,056.49
June	887.64	395.12	315.15	19.10	82.50	———	1,699.51
July	127.85	368.70	346.20	60.55	37.20	———	940.50
August	127.28	273.53	259.55	34.50	———	———	694.86
September	167.01	419.06	271.40	90.10	52.60	———	1,000.17
October	1,793.03	424.82	309.95	38.60	81.85	———	2,648.25
November	1,127.53	535.92	406.70	76.40	52.65	———	2,199.20
November		400.00	Transfer to Recorder's Court				400.00
Total	$10,493.24	$5,671.37	$3,814.15	$557.20	$393.60	———	$20,929.56
DISBURSEMENTS.							
December	$ 541.67	$ 379.17	$ 358.33	$ 60.00	$ ———	$ ———	$ 1,339.17
January	541.67	379.17	358.33	75.00	———	262.50	1,616.67
February	563.16	404.16	358.34	60.00	———	228.56	1,614.22
March	753.75	379.17	358.33	60.00	———	———	1,551.25
April	1,127.00	400.00	358.33	60.00	80.75	———	2,026.08
May	1,207.00	400.00	358.33	60.00	84.75	19.80	2,129.88
June	500.00	400.00	358.34	60.00	100.25	———	1,418.59
July	500.00	400.00	358.33	60.55	84.00	———	1,402.88
August	500.00	400.00	358.33	60.00	84.00	———	1,402.33
September	500.66	400.00	358.33	75.00	94.00	———	1,427.99
October	507.50	400.00	358.34	60.00	92.50	———	1,418.34
November	502.50	400.00	358.34	75.00	105.25	———	1,441.09
Provisions	11.65	For Jail from County Home					11.65
Provisions	798.62	For Jail purehased					798.62
Total	$ 8,555.18	$4,741.67	$4,300.00	$765.55	$725.50	$510.86	$19,598.76
Deficit			$ 485.85	$208.35	$331.90	$510.86	
Surplus	$ 1,938.06	$ 929.70					$ 1,330.98

WORK HOUSE.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "I".
RECEIPTS.

Dec. 1st, 1914, Balance on hand		$ 861.56
Notes discounted	$ 20,000.00	
Sale of Bonds	35,000.00	
Nov. 30, 1915, Overdrawn	2,060.42	57,060.42
		$ 57,921.98
DISBURSEMENTS		
Notes Paid	$ 30,000.00	
Interest on Notes	431.84	
Labor and Material in Construction	27,329.40	
Insurance	50.00	
Furnishings	110.74	$ 57,921.98

COURT HOUSE BOND FUND.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "J".
RECEIPTS.

Transferred from Generad Fund	$	465.00
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Interest on Bonds	$	465.00

ROAD BOND SINKING FUND.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "K".
RECEIPTS.

Dec. 1, 1914, Balance on Hand	$	23,844.26
Taxes as per Levy		17,038.81
Interest on Deposit		502.61
Interest on Bonds		725.00
	$	42,110.68
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Interest on Bonds	$	13,562.50
Nov. 30, 1915, Balance		28,548.18
	$	42,110.68

SCHOOI BOND SINKING FUND.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "L".
RECEIPTS.

Taxes as per Levy	$	13,909.25
Interest		26.58
	$	13,935.83
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Dec. 1, 1914, Overdrawn	$	4,876.10
Coupons Paid		8,750.00
Nov. 30, 1915, Balance		309.73
	$	13,935.83

WORK HOUSE BOND SINKING FUND.
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "M".
RECEIPTS.

Interest on Bonds Sold	$	413.20
Nov. 30, 1915, Overdrawn		461.80
	$	875.00
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Coupons Paid	$	875.00
	$	875.00

Statement of 1914 Taxes and Licenses Charged to Sheriff and Amount Paid by Him to the Auditor as of Date Nov. 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "N".

Listed:	Assessment		
Real and Personal (White)	$11,757,045.00		
Real and Personal (Colored)	754,325.00		
Real and Personal (Corporations)	2,642,514.00		
Bank Stock and Corporate Excess	4,160,838.00		
Total	$19,314,722.00	@82 1-3	$159,024.54
Poll (White)	3,509		

(Continued on Page Fourteen.)

HIRAM and CYNTIHA

"MEETING A FRIEND FROM HOME"

By Alfred Jackson

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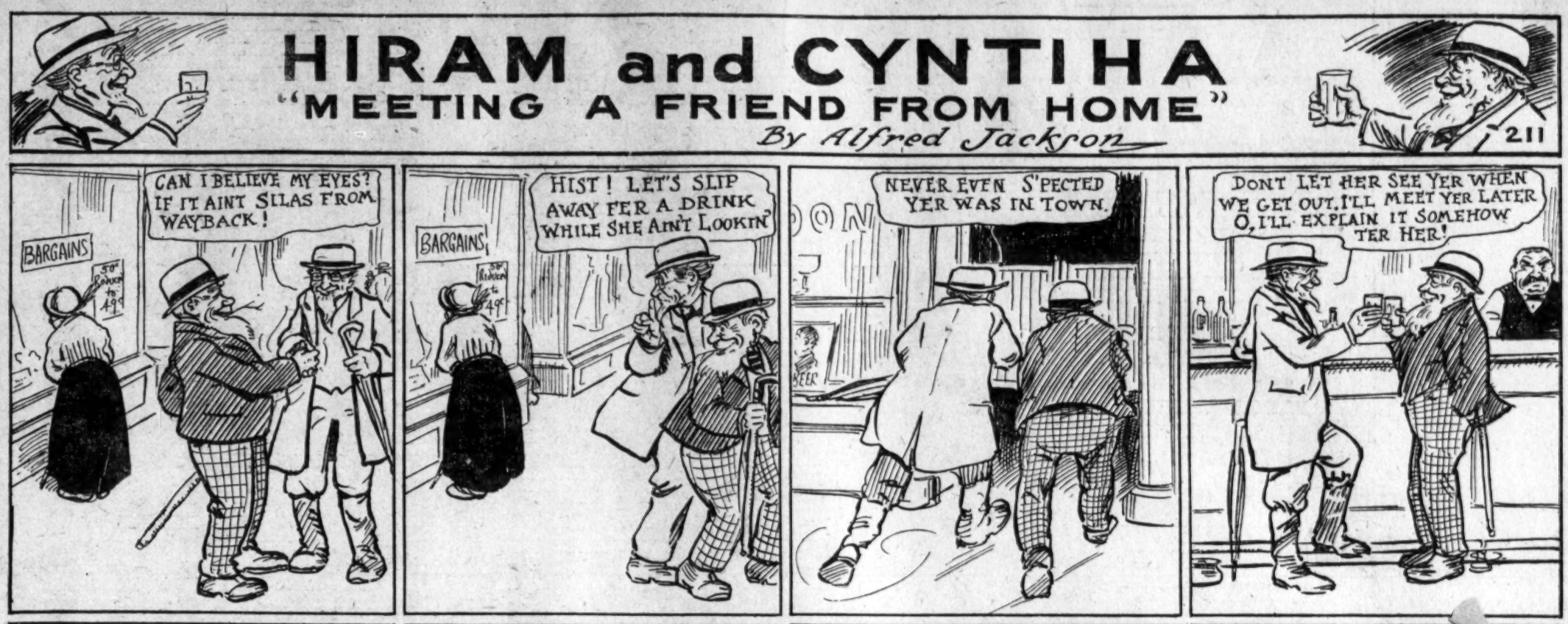
BARGAINS
CAN I BELIEVE MY EYES? IF IT AINT SILAS FROM WAYBACK!
BARGAINS
HIST! LET'S SLIP AWAY FER A DRINK WHILE SHE AINT LOOKIN'
NEVER EVEN S'PECTED YER WAS IN TOWN.
DONT LET HER SEE YER WHEN WE GET OUT. I'LL MEET YER LATER O, I'LL EXPLAIN IT SOMEHOW TER HER!
GOODNESS ME! WHERE'S HIRAM? I HOPE HE AINT KIDNAPPED
BARGAINS
HA-HA!
—AN' WHEN I LOOKED ROUND HE WAS GONE
I TOLD YER TO BE KEERFUL AND NOT FLIRT WITH CITY FELLERS!
NOT ANOTHER WORD, CYNTHIA!!
???
RIGHTEOUS INDIGNATION!
COPYRIGHT 1915 NATIONAL CARTOON SERVICE CORPORATION

Chesty de Nut

HE HAS LOTS OF COURAGE— "WHEN THERE'S NO DANGER"

by F. R Paul

THEY SAY THERE ARE SO MANY TRAIN ROBBERIES IN THESE PARTS!
DON'T BE AFRAID OF ANY TRAIN-ROBBERS WHILE I AM WITH YOU LADIES! WHY ONCE I TRAVELLED ON THE SANTA FE WHEN WE GOT HELD UP AND ALL PASSENGERS—
C. DE NUT
OH! PLEASE WON'T YOU TAKE CARE OF MY BAG UNTIL WE GET OUT OF THE DANGER ZONE?
WERE RELIEVED OF THEIR MONEY EXCEPT ME! WHEN I SHOWED THEM THIS GATLIN'GUN WHICH I ALWAYS CARRY WITH ME, THEY DROPPED EVERY THING AND MADE FOR THE TALL TIMBER.— CERTAINLY I'LL TAKE CARE OF YOUR BAGS, LADIES!
IT'S SUCH A COMFORT TO KNOW THAT ONE'S VALUABLES ARE SAFE, I WAS SO AFRAID!
IT'S ALWAYS BETTER TO BE ON THE SAFE SIDE
YOUR BAGS WILL BE PERFECTLY SAFE IN MY GRIP LADIES, NO BANDIT COULD TAKE IT AWAY FROM ME WHILE THIS GUN IS WORKING!
OH, I'M GLAD OUR MONEY'S SAFE!
ZING
TRAIN ROBBERS!
TAKE ANYTHING I'VE GOT, ONLY PLEASE SPARE MY LIFE!
GIMME THAT GRIP HERE YOU SPINELESS SALAMANDER! LADIES YOU DON'T HAVE TO BE AFRAID, WE DON'T TAKE ANYTHING AWAY FROM WOMEN ONLY MEN HAVE TO GIVE UP!
C. DE NUT
YOU, YOU, YOU, FAKIR! YOU GAVE AWAY OUR MONEY!
C. DE NUT
PAUL
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DIPPY DUK

No 602 by FREUND-WAGENER

NATIONAL CARTOON SERVICE CORP. N. Y.

HELLO DUK
I SAY, BUT THATS A BLOOMIN GOOD CIGAR
WHY I USED TO SMOKE FOUR AND FIVE DOLLAR CIGARS!
IN FACT I USED TO SMOKE THE SAME CIGARS THAT ROCKERFELLER OR MORGABILT SMOKES
BUT I DONT KNOW WHERE THEY THROW THEM ANYMORE

WAR SALES CONTINUE BREAK EXPORT RECORDS

Outflow of Munitions and Supplies Rising to a Flood.

Promise to Place 1916 Record Far Ahead of Past Year—New York Discovers That it is World's Largest City.

New York, Jan. 8.—The ending of 1915 has brought no diminution in the exports of war munitions and foodstuffs from the United States. In fact the outflow at the beginning of the present year has shown an actual increase and it is predicted that 1916 will break all previous records including that of the twelve months just passed in the volume of sales to foreign countries. Aeroplanes valued at $655,688 were shipped to England during the last week in December, and the demand is steadily increasing. The value of horses exported during the same week amounted to $2,000,000 and for the year totalled $125,000,000.

Exports of explosives continue to run at the rate of $1,000,000 a day, while the value of empty shells, smokeless powder, gun cotton, cartridges, fuses and dynamite aggregated $6,225,000 for the last week in December. In foodstuffs the most remarkable increase had been in the value of the exports of sugar. It has only been within recent years that this country has ceased to be an importer of European sugar, yet during the past year approximately 700,000,000 pounds of refined sugar, valued at $40,000,000, was shipped to European and South American countries. The direct benefit of these exports to the country, however, has been relatively small as the bulk of the sugar shipped was grown in Cuba, which necessitated the refunding to the refiners of the duty originally collected. Exports to South America are double what they were a year ago. Cotton cloths and yarn, iron and steel, and leather show the largest increases.

According to reports which have been received from London recently, New York has finally come into her own and is now recognized as the largest city in the world. The passing of London into second place has been due to losses occasioned by the war and to a mistake in estimating the population. Comparing the population of Greater London with that of Greater New York, the latter leads the older city by 132,000 according to the latest figures obtainable. Although four years have passed since the last census was taken in London, the official tables have just been made public. They reveal that there were actually 4,521,358 people in London in 1911, while the population of New York City in 1910 amounted to 4,766,883. Counting in "Extra London," as London outside the county is termed, the population of the English metropolis is 7,251,358, while New York City, including the Westchester and New Jersey suburbs, in 1914 had 7,383,871. As this last count, however, was made three years later than London's the probability is that the biggest cities of the Old and New World are now just about neck and neck, so far as the comparative population of the so-called metropolitan districts is concerned.

Cause of Grip Epidemic.

The holiday season, holiday drinks and holiday costumes of women received a considerable jolt from the Health Department and other physicians who were asked why New York is suffering from a grip epidemic which threatens to exceed that of 1895. Women wearing furs high around their necks and the bottoms of their dresses, the latter high above their ankles, were pronounced very picturesque, but it was pointed out that this was the worst thing they could possibly do, according to one of the leading physicions of the city. The protection of the neck ought to be considered much less than that of the ankles. The moment the furs are taken off women become susceptible to cold from the least exposure. The high furs catch the dust and germs, and one may become infected from them just as a beard on a man will hold germs. Holiday drinks have a decided influence on the situation, according to officials of the Health Department, whose advice to those who would avoid grip is to keep away from those who sneeze and cough, to keep out of crowds, to keep away from stuffy restaurants, to not overeat, and to cut out wine, whiskey and other alcoholic drinks.

The Humble White Wing, diligently polishing the city's streets with his long brush, while automobiles and heavy vehicles swirl rapidly around him, is really a heroic figure. According to statistics recently compiled he leads a more hazardous life than the majestic policeman resplendent in blue and brass who gazes haughtily at him at crossings from the vantage of the sidewalk. Of New York's 10,000 policemen only seven were killed in the performance of duty during the past year while in the same period seven of the city's 7,000 street cleaners were killed while engaged in their regular work. In connection with the street cleaning work there were more than 2,500 accidents, resulting in death, personal injury or damage to property. Besides five sweepers and two drivers who were killed 938 employees were injured more or less seriously. According to the present Street Cleaning Commissioner the greatest need of the department at the present time is the services of a physician who can devote all his time to the work of the department.

Fourteen thousand naughty children cost New York City $182,000 for courts in which to judge them during 1915. According to a report recently issued there were exactly 14,135 brought into the children's courts of the five counties of New York City, but of this total only 7,925 are to be really frowned upon as being actually bad. The number were brought into the courts for juvenile delinquency, which is the general term covering major offences, of which seven per cent were assaults; 36 per cent burglary, robbery and grand larceny; 18 per cent simple assaults and petit larceny; 14 per cent unlawful employment and 25 per cent anything from playing ball in the street to fishing in the park. The other 6,210 were minor cases of children considered more sinned against than sinning, for their troubles were attributable to improper guardianship, or negligence or ignorance on the part of parents. The cost of maintaining the courts was about $12.80 for each child. This money spent on playgrounds and other facilities for healthful and innocent sports would save 2,000 boys the annual stigma of records in the courts. Of the 7,925 arrests for delinquency only 2 1-2 per cent were girls. —LONGACRE.

REPORT OF COUNTY AUDITOR

(Continued From Page Twelve.)

Poll (Colored)	1,669	5,178@1.88	$ 9,734.64
Dogs		3@2.00	
Gain			11.36
Total			$168,776.54
Listed by Auditor and Sheriff:			
Real and Personal		$37,548.00 @ .82 1-3	309.14
Real and Personal (1912)		300.00 @ .75	2.25
Polls (White)		265	
Polls (Colored)		412 677@1.88	1,270.76
Polls (White) (1912)		1@2.51	2.51
Delinquents Collected:			
Real and Personal		$79,955.00@ .82 1-3	$ 658.30
Real and Personal (Double)		16,675.00@1.64 2-3	274.58
Corporate Excess		21,296.00@ .82 1-3	175.34
Polls		2@1.88	3.76
Poll's (Double)		1@3.76	3.76
Gains			.21
Delinquents Sold:			
Real and Personal		$71,022.00@1.64 2-3	$ 1,169.50
Polls		4@3.76	15.04
Schedule "B"			6,573.01
Collected Since Settlement 1913:			
Real and Personal		$ 200.00@ .75	1.50
Real and Personal		$101,668.00	
Corporate Excess		32,624.00	
Bank Stock		4,121.00	
		$138,413.00@ .82 1-3	1,139.60
Dogs		2@2.00	4.00
Polls		371@1.88	697.48
Polls		30@2.51	75.30
Gains			.15
Total Charged to Sheriff			$181,154.73

CREDIT.

Insolvent Polls	1,508	@1.88	$2,835.04
Insolvent Bank Stock and C. E.	43.600	@ .82 1-3	3 5 97
Insolvent Personal	73,632	@ .82 1-3	606.24
Fractions			.51 $ 3,800.76
Delinquent Sold:			
Real and Personal	71,022	@2.20	1,562.48
Polls	4	@4.00	16.00 $ 1,578.48
Abatement:			
Real and Personal, etc.	166,355	@ .82 1-3	1,369.67
Polls	14	@1.88	26.32 $ 1,395.99
Sold for Taxes:			
Real and Personal	235.940	@1.10	2,595.34
Real and Personal	82,900	@ .82 1-3	682.54
Polls Sold with Real Estate	102	@2.00	204.00
Income Sold with Real Estate			25.00 $ 3,506.88
Total Credits			$ 10,282.11
Collected by Sheriff			170,872.62
Sheriff's Commission			5,239.12
Amount Paid Auditor			$165,633.50
Collections credited to School Fund		$ 43,631.42	
Collections credited to School Fund Special		27,676.75	$ 71,308.17
			$ 94,325.33
General Fund		$ 45,277.31	
Poor Fund		1,708.04	
Hospital Fund		9,221.10	
Road Sinking Fund		15,138.81	
School Sinking Fund		11,109.25	
Special Bridge Fund		3,694.02	
Health Department		7,376.79	$ 94,325.33

Statement of 1915 Taxes and Licenses charged to Sheriff, and Amount Paid by Him to the Auditor, as of Date November 30, 1915.

EXHIBIT "N".

Real and Personal (White)		$13,560.931	
Real and Personal (Colored)		972.622	
Real and Personal (Corporation)		3,190.318	
Bank Stock and Corporation Excess		4,348.392	
		$22,072,263@.82 1-3	$181,728.31
Fractional Gains			8.92
Polls (White)	3,772		
Polls (Colored)	1,620	5,592@1.88	10,512.96
Dogs		9@2.00	18.00
Schedule "B"			5,913.80
Total Charged to Cheriff			$198,181.99
Amount paid to Auditor Nov. 30, 1915			43,227.32

	Paid	Uncollected
Amount to be collected		$154,954.67
School Funds	$ 9,823.88	$ 42,726.89
Special School Funds	6,508.77	26,599.62
General Fund	15,517.47	25,166.85
Poor Fund	290.70	1,834.26
Hospital Fund	1,700.00	8,233.52
Road Sinking Fund	1,900.00	12,079.10
School Sinking Fund	2,000.00	9,087.13
Special Bridge Fund		2,207.22
Health Department Fund	3,000.00	4,725.29
Work House Sinking Fund		2,759.03
Road Fund	2,484.50	19,587.76
	$ 43,227.32	$154,954.67
		$ 43,227.32
		$198,181.99

RECORDER'S COURT—(Fines and Costs.)
For the year ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "O".

Current Fines and Costs collected during the year:

		Fines	Costs	Jail Fees	Total
December,	1914	$ 70.00	$ 204.25	$ 4.75	$ 279.00
January	1915	63.25	216.35	3.65	283.25
February	"	108.05	400.30	6.35	514.70
March	"	83.55	359.85	3.40	446.80
April	"	106.75	180.45	.85	288.05
May	"	248.25	217.50	5.25	471.00
June	"	70.85	211.45	3.30	285.60
July	"	55.80	256.30	5.75	317.85
August	"	90.00	209.10	3.40	302.50
September	"	155.00	225.50	3.30	383.80
October	"	35.00	343.25	1.70	379.95
November	"	60.00	319.20	2.20	381.40
Total		$1,146.50	$3,143.50	$ 43.90	$4,333.90

Delinquents collected during present year:

December	1914	$ 68.40	$ 28.85	$ 2.20	$ 99.45
January	1915	------	90.70	------	90.70
February	"	------	29.30	------	29.30
March	"	17.10	57.80	------	74.90
April	"	38.70	93.60	11.35	143.65
May	"	42.90	89.20	2.95	135.05
June	"	113.70	77.80	1.70	193.20
July	"	17.70	44.70	------	62.40
August	"	25.00	56.60	------	81.60
September	"	3.00	39.40	.85	43.25
October	"	16.00	61.70	1.10	78.80
November	"	11.00	114.50	------	125.50
Total		$ 353.50	$ 784.15	$ 20.15	$1,157.80
Total Collected		$1,500.00	$3,927.65	$ 64.05	$5,491.70

DISTRIBUTION OF ROCK DELIVERED FROM QUARRY.
For the Year Ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "P".
TONS.

		Turnpike	Masonboro	Fedr. Pt.R.	Scotts Hill	Castle Hayne Repairs	H. Ext.	Middle Sound	R.C. San.
Dec.	365	160	100	75	15	15	----	----	----
Jan.	373	71	----	47	70	185	----	----	----
Feb.	551	285	45	71	80	65	----	5	----
Mch.	274	68	20	89	25	42	----	----	30
April	325	25	----	250	50	----	----	----	----
May	387	142	----	235	10	----	----	----	----
June	70	10	----	35	25	----	----	----	----
July	205	15	10	180	----	----	----	----	----
Oct.	1,200	----	----	----	----	----	1,200	----	----
Nov.	1,017	----	----	----	----	----	1,017	----	----
Total	4,767	776	175	982	275	307	2,217	5	30

Average cost per ton, $1.34.

Tons of Rock Hauled by Truck.

Dec.	365	160	100	75	15	15	----	----	----
Jan.	233	71	----	47	70	15	----	----	----
Feb.	391	125	45	71	80	65	----	5	----
Mch.	244	68	20	89	25	42	----	----	----
April	325	25	----	250	50	----	----	----	----
May	337	92	----	235	10	----	----	----	----
June	455	60	----	35	270	90	----	----	----
July	255	30	10	180	20	15	----	----	----
Nov.	196	----	----	20	----	----	176	----	----
	2,771	631	175	1,002	540	242	176	5	----

Average cost per ton, 77c.

COST FEEDING PRISONERS, ETC.

Cost of Feeding Prisoners	$ 6,074.15
Total Prison Days	29,132
Average Cost per Man per Day	$ 0.2085
Cost of Clothing and Bedding	$ 2,004.14
Average Cost per Man per Day	$ 0.0688
Average Cost Feeding and Clothing	$ 0.2773
Cost Foreman, Guards and Labor	$ 5,390.55
Cost Medicines, Rewards, etc.	$ 247.60
Total Average Cost per Man per Day	$ 0.4708

Fertilizer			356.21
Capture Convicts			41.00
Expense Prisoner to Rescue Home			20.90
Seed:			
Oats and Vetch		$ 31.95	
Onion		5.25	
Peas		33.75	
Potatoes		35.30	
Cow Peas		117.00	
Soy Beans		51.74	
Other		189.94	464.93
Stock Service			10.00
Insurance Mules			28.00
Insurance, Cotton			25.58
Fence Wire			31.18
Baling Hay			41.70
Ginning Cotton			60.00
Pruning			2.00
Ditching			15.00
Supplies			51.30
Hay Feed			36.02
Harness			7.30 $ 3,167.63
			$ 6,811.17

DISTRIBUTION OF ROAD FUND BY ROADS.
For the Year Ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "P".

	Direct charge	Convicts time	Mules expense	Rock & Royalty	Hauling	Road Roller	Oiling	Auto Ex. Misc.	Total
Greenville Road	$ [illegible]	$ 882.51	$ 771.40	$------	$------	$------	$------	$ 2 9 9	$ 2 [illegible] 6
Federal Point Road Grading	1,499.48	2,189.13	1,720.30	------	------	------	------	467.70	5,876.61
Federal Point Road Repairs	204.45	249.02	166.69	1,319.86	771.64	102.55	1,736.14	53.53	4,803.08
Federal Point Road Rocking	10,454.97	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	10,454.97
Scott's Hill Road	3,041.17	287.53	316.27	369.53	415.80	68.30	1,937.65	62.57	6,498.82
Masonboro Road	417.27	204.93	136.90	235.15	134.75	65.00	1,023.07	43.89	2,260.96
Turnpike and Villa View Road	557.51	159.60	107.11	1,043.04	485.87	114.30	3,720.28	34.18	6,221.89
Castle Hayne Road Repairs	159.11	154.63	126.76	412.52	186.34	------	1,085.09	33.11	2,157.56
Castle Hayne Extension	528.04	947.09	781.47	2,979.63	135.52	------	------	202.82	5,574.57
Island Creek Road	6.00	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	6.00
Gordon Road	402.40	843.63	384.08	------	------	------	------	180.68	1,810.79
Middle Sound Road	14.81	20.18	21.55	6.72	3.85	------	------	4.32	71.43
Princess Street Road	3.45	4.66	3.70	------	------	------	------	.99	12.80
Carolina Beach Boulevard	11.61	54.03	34.22	------	------	------	------	11.57	111.43
Work House	121.38	216.73	6.97	------	------	------	------	46.41	391.49
Taking up Railroad	89.14	15.21	13.31	------	------	------	------	3.25	113.91
Freight and Expense Shipping R. R. Iron	182.91	4.04	1.90	------	------	------	------	.86	189.71
County Park	14.08	20.18	18.38	------	------	------	------	4.32	53.96
Winter Park	54.05	58.37	131.83	------	------	------	------	12.50	256.75
Red Cross Sanitarium	------	------	------	40.31	------	------	------	------	40.31
Farm	1.29	3.11	------	------	------	------	------	------	4.40
	$18,738.22	$6,314.58	$4,742.84	$6,406.76	$2,133.77	$350.15	$9,502.23	$1,432.49	$49,621.04

WORK DONE BY ROAD FORCE.
For the Year Ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "P".

Macadam Road Built:
- 1.5 miles Castle Hayne Road
- 3 Miles Federal Point Road — Total 4 1-2 miles

Macadam Road Completely Rebuilt:
- 1.4 mile Scott's Hill Road — Total 1.4 miles

Macadam Road Worked and Patched:
- 5½ miles Federal Point Road
- 4 miles Masonboro Road
- 4 miles Belt Road
- 7 miles Castle Hayne Road
- 3½ miles Scott's Hill Road — Total 24 miles

Dirt Roads Built:
- 2.88 miles Gordon Road
- 1 miles Greenville Road
- 5.87 miles Federal Point Road
- 2.61 miles Masonboro Road — Total 12 1-3 miles

Right-of-Way Cut, Stumped and Cleared:
- 1.75 miles Gordon Road
- .22 mile Greenville Road
- 1. mile Federal Point Road
- 1.50 miles Masonboro Road — Total 4 1-2 miles

Weeds and Bushes Cut:
- 6 miles Masonboro Road
- 6½ miles Federal Point Road
- 11 miles Scott's Hill Road
- 8 miles Turnpike Road
- 8 Miles Castle Hayne Road
- 4 miles Belt Road — Total 43 1-2 miles

Macadam Roads Oiled and Topdressed:
- 3½ miles 10-ft. wide Castle Hayne Road
- 1¾ miles 16-ft. wide Scott's Hill Road
- 4¼ miles 10-ft. wide Scott's Hill Road
- 4 miles 16-ft. wide Turnpike Road
- 4 miles 10-ft. wide Turnpike Road
- 2¾ miles 12-ft. wide Masonboro Road
- 1 mile 16-ft. wide Federal Point Road
- 4 miles 10-ft. wide Federal Point Road
- 1 mile 16-ft. wide Villa View Road — Total 25 3-4 miles

Pipe Laid:
- 62 feet 16-in.; 60 feet 12-in.; 75 feet 18-in.; 34 feet 20-in.; 46 feet 72-in. Gordon Road.
- 50 feet 18-in.; 100 feet 30-in., Greenville Road.
- 106 feet 10-in., Castle Hayne Road.
- 158 feet 10-in.; 65 feet 12-in.; 34 feet 16-in.; 36 feet 20-in.; 34 feet 24-in., Federal Point Road.
- 40 feet 60-in., Federal Point Macadam Road.
- 30 feet 8-in.; 24 feet 10-in.; 6 feet 12-in.; 110 feet 30-in.; Masonboro Dirt Road.
- 85 feet 10-in., Winter Park.
- 50 feet 15-in.; 420 feet 18-in., Winter Park (Pipe furnished by property owners).

Ditching (New):
- 4,730 yards Gordon Road
- 300 yards Greenville Road
- 1,450 yards Castle Hayne Road
- 6,335 yards Federal Point Road
- 190 yards Masonboro Road
- 75 yards Winter Park — Total 7.4 miles

Ditches Cleaned Out:
- 1,500 yards Masonboro Road
- 1,000 yards Federal Point Road — Total 1.4 miles

Dirt Roads Clayed:
- 1,200 yards Gordon Road
- 3,675 yards Greenville Road — Total 2.7 miles
- 5.3 miles strawed Federal Point Road.
- 5 foot Roadway cleared around County Park for fire protection.
- Middle Sound Road dragged four times.
- Greenville Sound Road dragged four times.
- Disposal Plant installed at Work House.
- Grounds drained at Work House, 220 feet 10-in. pipe laid.

Cost of Keeping Inmates and Prisoners at County Home.
For the Year Ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "R".

Groceries			$1,229.00
Coal and Wood			266.26
Ice			32.33
Screening Doors and Windows			46.00
Installing Heating Plant			565.67
Plumbing and Repair			27.12
Lime and Brick			3.00
Leather			7.63
Clothing and Bedding			254.98
K. Oil			14.75
Phone			30.00
Supplies			69.60
Matron			300.00
Vegetables from Farm, estimated			600.00
			$3,446.34
CREDITS:			
Inventory December 1, 1914		$ 684.08	
Inventory November 30, 1915		1,134.46	$ 450.38 $2,995.96
Number Inmate days	9,770	@0.15257	$1,490.65
Number Prisoner days	9,866	@0.15257	1,505.31 $2,995.96

STATEMENT OF COUNTY FARM.
For the Year Ending November 30, 1915.
EXHIBIT "R".

Inventory December 1, 1914		$ 3,643.54
Detail Expenses:		
Salary Superintendent	$ 780.00	
Salary Guards	461.09	
Salary Plowmen	546.67	
Repair to Vehicles and Machinery	36.50	
Lumber for Potato Crates	22.60	
Cow Feed	36.95	
Shoeing Mules	78.05	
Veterinary	2.00	
Baskets (Vegetable)	12.65	

CREDITS:

Sale of Cotton	$ 966.22	
Sale of Produce	730.60	
Hire of Prisoners	114.45	
Vegetables used by County Home	600.00	
Inventory ovember 30, 1915	3,243.00	$ 5,654.27
Loss		$ 1,156.90

NEW HANOVER COUNTY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 1.
For the Year Ending November 30, 1915.
(Not included in County Funds)
RECEIPTS.

Sale of Bonds	$ 22,000.00

DISBURSEMENTS:

Warrants Paid	$ 6,424.03	
Nov. 30, 1915, Balance on Hand	15,575.97	$ 22,000.00

RUBBER BOOTS

Short and Long Legs

New Stock Prices Right AT

PETERSON & RULFS

HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

BULBS

We will sell the bulbs remaining in stock at Reduced Rates. If planted now, will bloom about Easter.

PAPER WHITE NARCISSUS ... 10c dozen
ROMAN HYACINTHS ... 40c dozen
SINGLE HYACINTHS (White, Pink and Purple) ... 35c dozen
HYACINTHS (Gertrude and L'Innocence) ... 75c dozen
FREESIAS AND TULIPS ... 15c dozen

1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1915

PHONE 55. 126 SOUTH FRONT ST.

A VISIT TO OUR PLACE

WILL GIVE YOU AN APPETITE THE BEST OF FRESH MEATS, FANCY FRUITS AND GREEN VEGETABLES.

DAVIS & HINTZ

FRONT STREET MARKET.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON PRICES IRREGULAR

Shipping Situation Causes More or Less Confusion of Sentiment—Prices But Little Changed.

New York, Jan. 8.—Conflicting reports with reference to the shipping situation caused more or less confusion of sentiment in the cotton market here today and fluctuations were somewhat irregular. An early decline to 12.54 for March was followed by rallies, however, with that position selling at 12.61 in the late trading and with the general list closing steady, net unchanged to 8 points higher.

New crop deliveries were relatively steady during the entire morning. Cables were lower than due and early advices denied yesterday's rumors that the British government had placed limitations on freight rates from Gulf ports to Liverpool. This was probably a disappointment to some of yesterday's local buyers and prices opened at a decline of 7 points to an advance of 1 point. The active old crop deliveries sold about 5 to 7 points net lower on or immediately after the call with January touching 12.28; May 12.78, and July 12.93.

Private cables attributed the easier showing of Liverpool to straddle selling and there was active buying here by houses with Liverpool connections at the opening decline. This checked the break and prices later improved. Closing prices were at practically the best point of the morning.

Exports today 36,921; for the season 2,422,291. The market closed very steady,

	Open	High	Low	Close
January	12.28	12.38	12.28	12.37
March	12.54	12.61	12.54	12.60
May	12.80	12.85	12.78	12.84
July	12.95	13.00	12.93	12.99
October	12.62	12.72	12.61	12.70

Spot cotton steady; middling uplands 12.60; sales 400 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Receipts, 4,182; exports, 6,529; stock, 426,074.

Galveston—Middling, 12.50; receipts, 12,020; exports, 17,645; sales, 226; stock, 386,158.

Mobile — Middling, 11.88; receipts, 141; exports, 12,371; sales, 25; stock, 21,569.

Savannah—Middling, 12.25; receipts, 10,769; sales, 1,151; stock, 222,177.

Charleston—Middling, 12.00; receipts, 562; stock, 104,039.

Wilmington—Middling, 11¾; receipts, 452; stock, 42,448.

Norfolk—Middling, 12.00; receipts, 1,586; sales, 146; stock, 130,125.

Baltimore—Exports, 3,000; stock, 4,211.

Boston — Middling, 12.55; receipts, 695; stock, 11,000.

Philadelphia — Middling, 12.85; receipts, 35; stock, 2,127.

New York—Middling, 12.60; receipts, 744; sales, 400; stock, 323,856.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 5,305; exports, 3,905.

Total today — Receipts, 36,518; exports, 43,450; stock, 1,744,753.

Total for week — Receipts, 137,907; exports, 43,450.

Total for season—Receipts, 4,352,758; exports, 2,430,726.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 12.50; receipts, 5,392; shipments, 6,123; sales, 1,542; stock, 223,150.

Memphis — Middling, 12.38; receipts, 2,288; shipments, 3,614; sales, 1,000; stock, 350,867.

Augusta — Middling, 12.06; receipts, 844; shipments, 3,045; sales, 1,882; stock, 202,811.

St. Louis—Middling, 12¾; receipts, 1,185; shipments, 831; stock, 17,787.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 845; shipments, 1,004; stock, 17,837.

Little Rock — Middling, 12.25; receipts, 632; shipments, 786; sales, 786; stock, 40,376.

Dallas—Middling, 12.00; sales, 10.

Montgom'y—Middling, 11.81.

Total today—Receipts, 11,186; shipments, 15,403; stock, 852,828.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 8. — Cotton, spot, easier; good middling, 8.51; middling, 8.18; low middling, 7.74; sales, 6,000; speculation and export, 1,000; receipts, 7,000; futures, unsettled.

January, 7.96½; January and February, 7.96½; February and March, 7.95; March and April, 7.92½; April and May, 7.88; May and June, 7.83; June and July, 7.77; July and August, 7.72; August and September, 7.55½; September and October, 7.36; October and November, 7.29; November and December, 7.23; December and January, 7.18; January and February, 7.14.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 8. — Cotton seed oil was moderately active and prices were firmer on week-end covering and in sympathy with cotton, closing at 6 to 14 points net advance.

Sales, 10,700 barrels. The close was firm and steady. Spot, 8.75@9.50; January, 8.80@8.85; February, 8.79@8.81; March, 8.81@8.83; April, 8.82@8.85; May, 8.88@8.89; June, 8.90@8.92; July, 8.95@8.96; August, 8.99@8.91. Total sales, 10,700.

RESERVE BANK STATEMENT.

Washington, Jan. 8. — Gold coin and certificates in the vaults of Federal Reserve banks increased nearly $5,500,000 during the past week, according to the statement of the banks' condition Jan. 7, issued today by the Federal Reserve Board. Since Jan. 8, 1915, the increase amounts to about $40,000,000.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 8. — Turpentine, firm, 56; sales, 223; receipts, 36; shipments, 25; stock, 16,390.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 226; receipts, 501; shipments, 139; stock, 77,162.

Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, 5.65; G, 5.70; H, 5.75; I, 5.85@5.95; K, 6.05; M, 6.50; N, 7.00; W G, 7.25; W W, 7.50.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, Jan. 8. — Raw sugar, steady; molasses sugar, 3.56@3.75; centrifugal, 4.33@4.52; refined, steady.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio, No. 7, 7¾; Santos, No. 4, 9¼.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Firm.

WHEAT PRICES ARE HIGHER

Caused by Indications of Larger Sales to Go to Seaboard—Corn and Oats Also Show Gains.

Chicago, Jan. 8. — Indications that sales of wheat to go to the seaboard had been larger than was generally supposed, led to higher prices on wheat today, after a weak start. The close was firm at ⅝ to ⅝@⅝ net advance, with May at 1.26 and July at 1.18¼.

Corn finished ½ to ⅝ up, and oats with a gain of ¼. In provisions, the outcome varied from 1½ decline to a rise of 10 cents.

Grain and provisions close:

Wheat—May, 1.26; July, 1.18¼.

Corn—May, 77¾; July, 77⅞.

Oats—May, 48¾; July, 47.

Pork—January, 18.62; May, 19.15.

Lard—January, 10.07; May, 10.35.

Ribs—May, 10.72.

Cash grain:

Wheat — No. 2, red, and No. 3, red, nominal; No. 2, hard, 1.22; No. 3, hard, 1.17.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, nominal; No. 4, yellow, 70½@71½; No. 4, white, 71.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Matilda Weems, Capt. Hall, Georgetown, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.

Cleared.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Keil (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—55½c.

ROSIN—Large, $5.70; small, $5.60.

TAR—$2.10-5½c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — $3.75, $3.15, $2.75.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 43½. Rosin, $3.60. Tar, $2.50. Crude turpentine, $3.00, $3.00, $2.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	3
Rosin	(—)
Tar	48
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 13 casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 13 barrels; crude turpentine, 8 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—11¾. Quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—445 bales; same day last year, 1,133 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 137,838 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 104,959 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Atlantic Coast Line—445 bales cotton; 3 casks spirits turpentine; 48 barrels tar.

Total—445 bales cotton; 3 casks spirits turpentine; 48 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 8.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 40c. to 45c. per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—80c to 90c.

CORN—$1.75 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 10@11c. per pound.

SHEEP—Gross: Old sheep, 3@4c.; lambs, 3@5c. lb.

WOOL—Burry, 19 to 28c.; black wool, 17 to 20c; first class white wool, 27c.

HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c.; dry flint, 17@20c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 16c. per lb. Good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per lb.; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c.; spring, 20c to 35c. head. Geese, 55c. to 60c. per head. Ducks, 35c. to 60c. owing to quality. Turkeys, 15c to 18c. lb., alive; 20c to 22c., dressed.

EGGS—27c to 28c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Jan. 8.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market firm. Fancy hand-picked, 84c.; No. 1, machine picked, 77c. per bushel

Virginia Peanuts—New crop, steady. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—New crop firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, $1.00, Jumbos, 90c. per bushel.

Receipts—Light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Jan. 8.—Spanish: Farmers' stock—Market, steady.

First quality, $1.10 per bu.; green and dirty, 60c. to 75c. per bu.

Virginias, Farmers' stock — Market, firm.

Fancy Jumbo 4c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¾c. per lb.; Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2¾c. to 3c. per lb.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 8. — Hogs — Weak. Bulk, 6.65@7.00; light, 6.50@6.90; mixed, 6.65@7.10; heavy, 6.65@7.10; rough, 6.65@6.75; pigs, 5.50@6.60.

Cattle—Steady. Native beef steers, 6.30@9.50. Cows and heifers, 3.10@8.40. Calves, 7.00@10.75.

Sheep—Steady. Wethers, 6.30@7.50; ewes, 5.00@6.85; lambs, 8.00@10.60.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 8. — Mercantile paper, 3@3¾; sterling sixty day bills, 4.71; demand, 4.76; cables, 4.76¾.

Bar silver, 56¼. Mexican dollars, 43¼. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

STOCKS STRONG AND ACTIVE

Buying Movement Renewed on Liberal Scale With Considerable Advances—Rails Firm But Quiet.

New York, Jan. 8.—A belief that the long existing submarine controversy between Washington and Berlin had been virtually settled, contributed in a great measure to the strength and activity of today's brief session, albeit some of the advances and much of the high pressure were reduced in the final dealings. In the first half hour yesterday's buying movement was renewed on a liberal scale, the short interest scrambling hastily to cover.

Leaders of the movement included Mexican Petroleum, American Can, American Smelting, Anaconda Copper, Mercantile Marine, preferred, and United States Steel. The latter scored a further substantial advance effacing more of the mid-week's decline but was subject to pressure later, closing at 87 1-2.

The railway division was firm but comparatively quiet. Labor troubles and riots in the Middle West emboldened the professional element to further short selling in the final hour, the market closing with an irregular tone.

Foreign exchange markets were mainly nominal, in the sense that actual business was light. Sterling opened with some recovery from yesterday's late session, but fell back again later, while marks manifested a firmer tendency.

Forecasts of the bank statement were fully confirmed, the actual cash gain of $17,500,000 exceeding mose estimates. Actual reserves increased by almost $8,000,000. Anglo-French bonds which rose to 95 7-8, featured the broad trading in those securities. Total sales of bonds, par value, were $4,435,000. United States registered 4s advanced 1-4 per cent on call during the week.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	29¾
American Beet Sugar	68
American Can	62⅝
American Car and Foundry	71⅝
American Cotton Oil	56
American Locomotive	66½
American Smelting	110½
American Sugar	115⅝
American Tel. and Tel	127⅝
American Tobacco	204
Anaconda Copper	90½
Atchison	107¼
Atlantic Coast Line	114
Baldwin Locomotive	114½
Baltimore and Ohio	95⅛
Bethlehem Steel	430
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	87½
Canadian Pacific	181
Central Leather	53½
Chesapeake and Ohio	65⅛
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	101½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	19
Consolidated Gas	143½
Continental Can	84
Crucible Steel	63½
Erie	42½
General Electric	173⅞
Great Northern, pfd	125¼
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	49⅝
Illinois Central	B107
Interborough Consol. Corp.	20 1-2
Kansas City Southern	21¼
Lehigh Valley	81½
Louisville and Nashville	129¾
Liggett and Meyers	261
Lorillard Co	170
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	16
Missouri Pacific	5⅝
Mexican Petroleum	121
National Lead	70
New York Central	110⅝
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	77
Norfolk and Western	121
Northern Pacific	116¼
Pennsylvania	59¼
Reading	82⅝
Rep. Iron and Steel	53
Seaboard Air Line	18
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	39
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	61½
Studebaker Corp	160
Southern Pacific	103¼
Southern Railway	23⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	63½
Tennessee Copper	60½
Texas Co	228
Texas and Pacific	8⅜
Union Pacific	138½
United States Rubber	56⅝
United States Steel	87½
United States Steel, pfd	117⅝
Utah Copper	80⅝
Virginia-Caro. Chem	48¼
Va. Iron, Coal and Coke	61½
Wabash, pfd., "B," Ctfs	21⅞
Western Union	88¼
Westinghouse Electric	68½
United Fruit	146

SAYS COMPULSORY SERVICE IS THE ONLY REAL BASIS

Garrison Completes Testimony Before House Military Committee.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Secretary Garrison told the House Military committee at a hearing today that compulsory service was the only real basis upon which to construct a military policy compatible with the idea of Democratic government.

The Secretary made the assertion merely as an expression of personal sentiment, h said, and he did not elaborate upon it. His statement was regarded as significant, however, in view of the known belief of many army officers and War Department officials that the continental army proposal in the administration preparedness programme naturally tends towards ultimate universal service.

The Secretary completed today his testimony before the committee on the army increase proposals. Officers of the general staff and heads of bureaus of the War Department will be heard next week.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The Federal Trade Commission announced definitely today that it would begin shortly an investigation into the cost of refining and marketing gasoline with a view to determining if recent price advances were unreasonable.

Numbers of complaints have been forwarded to the commission by the department of justice, along with all other data bearing on the proposed investigation. The investigation, it was announced, will cover costs of production and handling from crude oil to retail prices of gasoline upon whose rapid advance recently are based most of the complaints. The commission will also seek to determine if there has been violation of the Clayton Act prohibiting price discrimination. Public hearings probably will be held.

Commissioner Harris and a corps of assistants have nearly concluded an investigation of complaints of price discrimination in gasoline in the South begun last summer.

Cold Weather Predicted.

Better phone for one of those gas heaters at once. (advertisement.)

THE WEATHER

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

January 9, 1916.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours enging at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 30 degrees; at 8 P. M., 35 degrees; maximum, 43 degrees; minimum, 29 degrees; mean, 36 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month to date, .03 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 7 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and Monday, with slowly rising temperature.

The Port Calendar, January 9, 1916.

Sun rises	7:18 A. M.
Sun sets	5:20 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 2 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A. M.	P. M.	Low water. A. M.	P. M.
Wilmington	12:37	1:12	5:01	5:26
Southport	11:07	11:37	4:55	5:31
Masonboro Inl	10:56	11:26	4:35	5:11

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

January 8, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 p.m.
Abilene	cldy	56	26	.0
Asheville	clear	44	30	.0
Atlanta	clear	46	36	.0
Augusta	clear	46	32	.0
Baltimore	clear	28	—	.0
Birmingh	clear	54	38	.0
Boston	cldy	20	8	.0
Charleston	cldy	46	36	.02
Charlotte	clear	38	26	.01
Chicago	clear	38	22	.0
Galveston	cldy	56	50	.0
Jacksonv.	cldy	50	48	.01
Memphis	pt cldy	46	28	.0
Mobile	cldy	54	46	.0
Montgom'y	clear	56	44	.0
New Orl.	clear	60	52	.0
New York	clear	24	14	.0
Oklahoma	cldy	36	26	.0
Palestine	cldy	50	40	.0
Pittsburg	clear	28	18	.0
Raleigh	clear	34	24	.0
Savannah	clear	48	40	.0
Shreveport	clear	46	36	.0
St. Louis	clear	40	22	.0
Washing'n	clear	36	14	.0

METHODIST WOMEN TO MEET AT KINSTON SOON

Missionary Society of North Carolina Conference.

New Dormitory of Caswell Training School is Completed—Modern New School Building at Pink Hill to Cost $5,000.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Jan. 8.—The annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the North Carolina conference of the Methodist church will be held in Queen Street church here beginning January 19 and ending on the 23rd. The convention will be an important affair, since there are 200 separate societies in the conference, which embraces not quite one-half of the state, with 6,000 members. The societies raised between $30,000 and $40,000 last year. There will be around 175 delegates attending the several sessions a day, it is expected. Two returned missionaries will be among those present, together with many well known women of the State. Mrs. R. B. John, wife of a minister formerly stationed here, is president of the society.

Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, of Goldsboro, missionary secretary of the conference, will preach on the last day at morning, and Mrs. Steele, of Nashville, Tenn., one of the general officers for mission work of the denomination, will speak to the convention at night.

A new dormitory at the Caswell Training school, the State institution for the feeble-minded here, for which the last legislature appropriated $14,000, has just been completed and is now being furnished. It is located in the rear of the girls' dormitory, and is similar in architecture, dimensions and the materials of which it is constructed to the two "regular" dormitories. The building will be occupied principally by girls of the lowest grade of intelligence.

It is not a part of the original architectural plan, which intends the buildings, except those for the lower grades of inmates, to be in a semi-circle, with the central building as the keystone. Two new matrons will be added to the staff of five already at the institution, these to be stationed in the new building. The dormitory will accommodate between 80 and 100 children, which will increase the capacity of the school to 200 or more. There are now about 120 enrolled. About January 15 the first of the applicants will be accepted. They will be taken by ones and twos and "broken in" to the life at the school in those numbers, so that it will be some weeks before the capacity of the new building will be attained.

The local council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics has appropriated $50 towards the construction of the proposed State high school at Pink Hill, 20 miles from here, and "reserved the Bible and flag privileges" at the completion of the building, which will be erected this spring at a cost of between $4,000 and $5,000.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 8. — Cotton goods and yarns were firm today. Bleached goods advanced. Wool markets were firm and domestic wools sold freely.

Philadelphia, Jan. 8.—Johnny Kilbane, the featherweight champion, knocked out Patsy Kline, of New York, in the second round here tonght. The result was a great surprise to the followerers of the New York boxer.

Cold Rooms

made warm and comfortable by gas heaters. (advertisement.)

BRAY BROTHERS

STOCKS & BONDS

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

Our Very Best New Year's Wishes for 366 Days of Prosperity and Happiness for You, in 1916.

WE WANT

YOUR BUSINESS, and an offering of 5 to 50 shares of ERWIN COTTON MILL PREFERRED STOCK at once. Give lowest price.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, 'PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

WOMEN TO WORK FOR THE RE-ELECTION OF WILSON

Wilson Home Guards Formed by Woman's National Democratic League.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The Wilson Home Guards, an organization of women to work for re-election of President Wilson because of his efforts to keep the United States out of the European war, was formed today at the closing session of the annual convention of the Woman's National Democratic League. The league completed plans for aiding activity in the forthcoming national campaign. Card parties for raising funds was one plan outlined by speakers.

All the league's officers were re-elected except the second vice president. This place will be filled by Mrs. Marie Keough, of Chicago. Mrs. William A. Cullop, of Indiana, is president and Mrs. Edward T. Taylor, of Colorado, first vice president. Mrs. Woodrow Wilson was named honorary president, as a new office.

HARTNESS NAMES MANAGER.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 8.—J. A. Hartness arrived tonight and says J. D. Norwood, of Salisbury, will be his campaign manager in his contest in the State-wide primary campaign for Secretary of State, in which he will be pitted against Col. J. Bryan Grimes, present Secretary of State. Mr. Norwood is an especially successful business man, known throughout Western North Carolina. He is connected with the People's National Bank, of Salisbury.

Mr. Harness says he is making no special effort just now, his active campaign not to open before about April 1. He considers two months of active campaign ample.

Smokeless

troubleless—the gas heater. (Advertisement.)

Pork! Pork!

40 bbls. Heavy Mess Pork.
70 bush. Seed Rye.
600 bush. Rust Proof Oats.
500 bush. Burt Oats.
1000 bush. White Spring Oats.
10000 bush. Peanuts.
600 bush. Field Peas.
3000 kegs Nails.
300 rolls Bagging.
600 bundles Ties
200 bbls. Molasses.

Ask for our prices on Anything in Our Line, Before Buying Elsewhere.

D. L. Gore Co.

Wholesale Grocers

Wilmington, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

MEMPHIS, TENN $29.55
On sale January 15th and 16th; limited returning Midnight, January 25th.

TAMPA, FLA $22.50
On sale February 3rd to 8th, Inc., limited returning Midnight, February 21st. Limit extended to March 8th by payment $1.00. Tickets good for Stop-Over.

NEW ORLEANS, LA $26.75
On sale February 25th to March 6th. Limited returning Midnight, March 17th Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop-over

MOBILE, ALA $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

PENSACOLA, FLA. $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

For further information, call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Between

Baltimore, Wilmington, Georgetown and Charleston, S. C.

Office and Piers, foot Grace Street.

Friday afternoon 3 o'clock, arriving in Wilmington, Sunday afternoon. Low through rates and other information furnished upon application.

J. L. DOTEN, Agent,
Office and Piers, foot Grace street.
Phone 482.

HENRY WILLIAMS, JR.
General Freight Agent,
Baltimore, Md.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer,
Wilmington, N. C., December 30th, 1915.

The Board of Directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the Common Capital Stock of that Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, Wilmington, N. C., on and after January 10th, 1916, to stockholders of record as of December 20th, 1915, at three o'clock P. M.

JAMES F. POST,
Treasurer

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Dec. 27, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES.	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 61. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia, and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive Outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied, Inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 58. 11:55 P.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington Parlor Car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. 6:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 63. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 62. 3:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 67. 3:25 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 66. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 65. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Pullman Cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 64. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 19. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect November 15, 1915.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND		
Leave Front and for Winter Park	Leave Front and for Wrightsville	Leave... Front and for Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:36 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:30 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:26 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	a2:01 P. M.	a1:50 P. M.	a1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	c2:36 P. M.	a2:25 P. M.	.....
c d2:35 P. M.	.....	.....	c d3:06 P. M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	e6:40 P. M.	7:31 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	f7:15 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
1:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P.M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily except Sundays.
b—Sundays only.
c—Superseded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning, leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Does not go beyond Station No. 3.
f—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily Except Sunday)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS RUNNING EVERY DAY TO ATLANTA.

Lv. Wilmington ..... 3:45 P. M.
Ar. Atlanta ..... 6:05 A. M.

Connects in Union Depot with the "Dixie Flyer," leaving 8:15 A. M. for Chicago and St. Louis, via Chattanooga and Nashville, and with the "Southland" leaving 7:18 A. M., for Cincinnati, Chicago, Cleveland, Louisville and Indianapolis, via Knoxville.

TO WASHINGTON AND NORFOLK;

Lv. Wilmington ..... 6:45 P. M.
Ar. Norfolk ..... 7:35 A. M.
Ar. Washington ..... 7:50 A. M.
Ar. New York ..... 1:40 P. M.

Broiler-Buffet service to Washington. Dining Cars thence to New York.

PARLOR CARS

Wilmington to Norfolk.

Lv. Wilmington ..... 7:40 A. M.
Ar. Norfolk ..... 6:10 P. M.

'PHONE 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

ATLANTA, GA., —via— SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Shortest and Most Direct Route.

Leave Wilmington ..... 4:00 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta ..... 7:00 A. M.

Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Chippewa, Friday, Jan. 7th
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Jan. 14th

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Chippewa, Monday, Jan. 10th
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Jan 17th

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Cherokee, Saturday, Jan. 8th
Steamship Chippewa, Saturday, Jan. 15th

Steamship Chippewa DOES NOT carry passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Effective January 2nd, 1916.

No. 13.—4:00 P. M.—THROUGH PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE.

Train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte, and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Atlanta, Jacksonville, Savannah, and all points North, South and West.

No. 19. — 5:00 A. M. — THROUGH SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE.—Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

Train for Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North and West.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Ag

NORTH CAROLINA NOW RANKS 14TH IN UNION

In Point of Population, According to Census Bureau.

Summer School for Teachers at Greenville—Several Charters Issued. Indigo Seed in Demand. Raleigh News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 8.—Returning from Greenville where he attended a meeting of the board of directors of the East Carolina Teacher Training School, Dr. J. Y. Joyner said ample arrangements were made for holding a summer school for teachers at the training school this year and that effort would be made to accommodate as many as 360 teachers. Dr. Joyner has been serving as chairman of the board and of the executive committee since the death of former Governor Jarvis and at this meeting he insisted that he be relieved of these duties.

The board elected Y. T. Ormond, of Kinston, to these two posts of duty and elected Charles Hardin to membership on the board to succeed Governor Jarvis, making Mr. Hardin secretary to the board. The board elected C. W. Wilson, of the Training School faculty, as superintendent of the summer school.

Major W. A. Graham, Commissioner of Agriculture, having received advance figures from the United States Census Bureau, ascertains that during the past decade North Carolina has passed from being the 16th state in point of population to the 14th. The major says that it is clearly evident that "The babe in the cradle" have kept pace in North Carolina with the commercial and civic progress of the country.

New Corporations Chartered.

The Consolidated Lumber Co., (Inc.) of Clinton, was chartered today by the Secretary of State with authority to operate lumber and milling plants in Sampson and other counties. The capital is $60,000 authorized and $12,000 subscribed by Troy I. Herring, of Roseboro; A. H. Herring, E. R. Herring and others, of Clinton.

Another charter is for the Norlina Feed & Grain Co., of Norlina, with $15,000 capital authorized and $1,000 subscribed by W. E. Pratt, W. E. Duke and others.

Another charter is for the Mount Olive Drug Co., capital $15,000 authorized and $6,200 subscribed by D. C. Penderton, E. C. Daniel, and others for a general drug business.

Commissioner W. A. Graham has appealed to the United States Department of Agriculture for assistance in supplying demands for indigo plant seeds. Requests for seed are coming in to the department by every mail. The Commissioner is advised that steps on a large scale are being taken in India and in Java for reviving the cultivation of the indigo plant for dye stuffs.

Hertford Reserves Disbanded.

An order was issued today by Adjutant General Lawrence W. Young, of the North Carolina National Guard, for the disbanding of the Hertford division of Naval Reserves. The order is because of the fact that the officers of the division have failed to measure up to the requirements of the United States Navy Department in the matter of proficiency. General Young says the division could have dragged along until 1917 when rigid examinations will be enforced, but since the officers would not take the correspondence course of instructions provided by the government, there seems to be no possibility for the division to get by the examinations under the Gill act in February, 1917. So he thought it needless to expend public funds for maintenance for the division another year.

There are left four divisions of Naval Reserves in the State, Elizabeth City, Washington, Belhaven and Newbern. No steps have yet been taken looking to the mustering in of a division to take the place of Hertford.

Notice has come to headquarters of the North Carolina National Guard that Company I, First Regiment, Mount Airy, has elected Frank Walker as captain; R. A. Blizzard, first lieutenant, and Jesse Mundy, second lieutenant. Also, notice that Company E, Second Regiment, Goldsboro, has elected J. R. Edwards as first lieutenant and R. P. Saterfield as second lieutenant. Adjutant General Young will order special examinations for these officers and commissions will be issued when they have passed the required examinations.

Requisition Honored.

Governor Craig honored a requisition today from the governor of Virginia for Charles Garfield who is being held at Henderson for the authorities at Richmond, Va., where he is charged with felony.

A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today in the Federal Court for R. C. Brown, trading as the Tarboro Grocery Company, the business being in the town of Tarboro. The liabilities are stated to be $2,430, and the assets $4,329, of which $1,939 is represented by open accounts due the company. Brown reserved the $500 bankruptcy exemption.

There was also an involuntary petition in bankruptcy filed today, this being against M. Levin, of Rockingham, Richmond county. Levin is a merchant and the assets and liabilities will not appear until the case is adjudicated.

MORE SPEECHES ARE MADE ON GERMAN-AMERICAN PATRIOTISM

Echo in House to Row on Republican Side Started by Gardner.

Washington, Jan. 8.—More speeches on the patriotism of German-Americans were delivered in the House today as the echo to the row on the Republican side yesterday caused by an address by Representative Gardner, of Massachusetts.

COTTON WAREHOUSE BURNS

500 Bales of Cotton Destroyed—Loss Estimated at $30,000.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 8.—As the result of a fire which started from undetermined causes at the Jones warehouse, Newton, Ala., today, five hundred bales of cotton were destroyed along with the warehouse. Most of the loss, estimated at $30,000, is covered by insurance.

A man never thinks of his daughter as a woman, but as his child.

CONTRACTS LET FOR NEW SEABOARD SHOPS

Expected to Increase Hamlet's Population to 4,500.

Land Acquired for New Development, Which is to Cost Some $150,000 —Wilmington-Charlotte Highway Shortened.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Hamlet, N. C., January 6.—Hamlet is rejoicing that the long expected building of the Seaboard shops at Hamlet is now an assured fact. On last Monday Vice Presidents Bonsal and Sedden, of the Seaboard, visited Hamlet and closed deals with various parties owning land in the vicinity of the present holdings of the Seaboard, just north of the round house and transfer shed. A total of 100 acres, with the land owned by the Seaboard which was held for shop purposes, was acquired.

The contracts have been let for the beginning of the work and within another week the actual work of excavating will begin. These shops will be for the building and repairs of cars, mostly freight cars. The main building will be 150 feet by 750 feet, and will be of concrete foundation with steel frame construction. There will be a large number of other buildings, and the equipment will be most modern.

On account of advent of steel freight cars a modern plant for the repairing of these cars is necessary. Formerly when a freight car was out of order any carpenter could repair it, but, with the new steel freight cars, it is different, and it requires modern machinery and an extensive plant to properly make the repairs.

$150,000 to Be Spent.

It is estimated that at least $150,000 will be spent in the erecting of these shops, and that from 200 to 250 men will be employed. These will be in addition to the large force of machinists and others employed in the round house here.

Hamlet has long been the division headquarters, and the train crews have made their terminal here. With the building of the Charleston road from here, still more of the train crews have their lay-over here.

The town of Hamlet has grown from a small village a few years ago to a hustling little city of at least 3,500 at this time, and there will be added to the population by virtue of the new developments at least 1,000. Business of all kinds is feeling the effect of th new development, and the future of the town is brighter than ever.

Hamlet has all the modern conveniences, with a water works system of the best water; an up-to-date sewerage system; one of the best public schools (including high school) in the State; with every street in the town improved; with the Yadkin River Power Company furnishing lights and power, and with a progressive city government; with three first class hotels, with the reputation far famed of being the best place for the traveler to get a good square meal, and a progressive chamber of commerce.

Shorter Wilmington-Charlotte Road.

The commissioners of Richmond county have just made arrangements with the road commissioners of Morven township, Anson county, by which Richmond county will build a road from the present road leading from Rockingham to Cheraw, S. C., at a point about eight miles from Rockingham and about the same distance from Hamlet, to the Pee Dee river, and the commissioners of Morven township will build a road from the town of Morven on the Anson county side of the river to the river opposite the point on the Richmond county side, and an up-to-date ferry will be established at the river at this point. At the present time in order to cross the river it is necessary for parties to go by the way of Cheraw, and there has never been any communication with the different sides of the river on account of this fact. This will mean that about 30 miles will be saved in the distance from Rockingham and Hamlet to Wadesboro; and as this is the direct highway from Wilmington to Charlotte this will save the thirty miles made necessary by the detour into South Carolina to cross the river at Cheraw.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

FOR RENT—THREE WELL FURnished rooms first floor; rent reasonable. Address, "Comfort," care The Star. ja9-1t*

MIDDLE AGED MAN WANTS POSITION as foreman or manager of tenament building. Has had good experience and can give best of references. Address, "Y.," care The Star. ja9-1t*

SEE OUR LIST OF HOUSES AND stores for rent. L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agency. ja9-1t

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BARBER AT Tienken's Barber Shop. ja9-1t*

LOST — LADIES' HAND BAG, IN MOVing picture theatre or on Front street. Finder please return to Mrs. R. W. Pridgen, 624 N. 4th street, and receive reward. ja9-1t

WAR DECLARED ON COLD ROOMS by gas heaters. A gas heater will take the chill off the room in a few minutes. ja 9-2t

SMALL ORDERS ARE A LARGE PART of our business. We get a lot of them because they receive the same careful attention as the large ones. We want yours. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. ja9-1t

FOR RENT—NICE ROOM WITH board, good location, also can accommodate a few more table boarders. Apply to 408 North Third street. Phone 1665-J. ja 9-1t

FOR SALE—TWO VACANT LOTS ON car line, neighborhood rapidly building up. $500 each; $50 down and $20 per month. Wilder's Real Estate Agency. ja9-1t

CAROLINA BUILDING AND LOAN ASsociation opens new series, February 5th—Already stock subscribed. Can get same now at Moore's Real Estate and Insurance Agency, 123 Princess street. ja 9-su-tu-thu-8t

WANTED—POSITION BY COMPEtent stenographer with four years' experience. Best of references. Moderate salary. Address, "Competent," Care The Star. ja9-1t*

A GAS HEATER WILL MAKE THAT cold room warm and comfortable in a few minutes. ja 9-2t

APARTMENTS IN THE CAPE FEAR apartment house include, steam heat, hot and cold water, janitor and elevator service, outside rooms, attractive and well lighted. Let us show you. James and James Inc., Insurance and Real Estate. Southern Building. Phone 163. ja9-1t

MODERN BRICK HOUSE, NORTH OF Market, for sale. Lot is 45 feet front and 165 feet deep. Has seven rooms, all modern conveniences, and in first class order. Worth easily $7,500.00; will sell for $5,000.00 Can arrange a good long time loan, 6 per cent. interest. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja 9-1t

DESIRABLE STORES FOR RENT— No. 416 North Front, $40.00; No. 8 Grace, $37.50; No. 10 Grace, $37.50; and others. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja 9-1t

LOST—EYE GLASSES ON CAR OR at Masonboro Crossing. Reward for return to 117 Orange street. ja9-1t*

FOR SALE — THREE VACANT LOTS on 17th street, between Dock and Orange, $500.00 each; size 33x132 feet. Easy terms; deferred payments to bear six per cent interest. Wilder's Real Estate Agency. ja9-1t

THE RURAL BUILDING & LOAN ASsociation will open new series on Saturday, February 5th. You can subscribe for stock now. R. C. DeRosset, president; J. Holmes Davis, vice president; James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer. ja 9-su-we-fr-3t

REMINGTON VISIBLE TYPEWRITER, $25.00; every improvement, including card writing cylinder, back spacer, selective tabulator, etc.; is in first class condition. Address "A. B.," care Star. ja9-1t*

WANTED TO BUY SECOND-HAND talking machine in good condition. Any make and size considered. Will also buy records. Address, "Talking Machine," care The Star. ja9-1t*

COLONIAL APARTMENTS, CORNER Third and Market streets. One very desirable apartment for rent. See James & James, Inc., 'Phone 163. Southern Bldg., Insurnace and Real Estate. ja9-1t

FOR RENT VERY DESIRABLE house No. 411 South Third street, $25 per month. James and James, Inc., Insurance and Real Estate. Southern Bldg., Phone 163. ja9-1t

STORAGE ROOMS IN ODD FELLOWS' Building for rent, $5.00 per month. See L. W. Moore, agent, 123 Princess street. ja9-1t

SPLENDIDLY LOCATED OFFICE, 2ND floor, Princess street side; Odd Fellows' Building. Rent reasonable, including light, heat and janitor's service. L. W. Moore, Agent; 123 Princess street. ja9-1t

FOR SALE—NEW HOUSE NOW being built, Thirteenth and Chestnut streets. Easy terms. Will be completed about February 1. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess St. ja9-1t

FRONT STREET STORES FOR RENT— Modernly equipped. See L. W. Moore, the Agent; 123 Princess street. ja9-1t

LIVING IN SPLENDID CAROLINA apartment house on Fifth and Market streets you get a steam heated building, artesian water both hot and cold, two elevators always at your service. Dining room to take your meals if you do not care to cook. Apartments of two rooms and bath rent for $15 and upward. Apply to J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. ja9-1t

RESIDENCE, 1704 CHESTNUT STREET —6 rooms, bath, for rent. L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agency. ja9-1t

BETTER PHONE, FOR ONE OF those gas heaters. They are just the thing for cold mornings. ja9-2t

FOR RENT—EXCELLENT GROUND floor office, also on second floor, Home Savings Bank building, corner Front and Chestnut streets. Rent includes light, heat and janitor service. L. W. Moore, Agent, 123 Princess street. ja9-1t

NEW PIANO FOR SALE AT REDUCtion. Bennett and Bretz make. Won in the recent New Hanover News contest. Will be worth full amount paid for it in exchange for Stieff. Address H. Louise Sholar, P. O. Box 181, City. ja9-1t

LIBERAL, ATTRACTIVE FARM PROPositions for sale. See L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agent; 123 Princess st. ja9-1t

PUPILS INSTRUCTED IN SHORThand. Especial attention given beginners. Mrs. M. C. Hammond, 223 South Fifth street. ja9-1t*

FOR RENT — 315 SOUTH FIFTH AVEnue, house of seven rooms and bath, lights, gas and water; large yard; cistern water. Apply 311 South Fifth avenue. ja9-1t*

THOUSANDS MEN, WOMEN, WANTED for government jobs, $75.00 month. Steady work. List positions now obtainable free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 296-L, Rochester, N. Y. ja9-su-5t*

LADIES — MAKE SHIELDS AT HOME, $10.00 for 100. Work sent prepaid. No canvassing. Send stamp. Ivanhoe Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo. ja9-su2t*

FOR RENT — DESIRABLE TWOstory six-room dwelling, No. 505 Ann street, near Fifth; in first class condition. Delightful southern exposure. Terms, reasonable. W. G. Whitehead, 'Phones 229-J and 405-J. ja9-1t

WANTED — A MANUFACTURING plant will soon require the services of several young men and wants applications for consideration. None but sober, steady-to-business kind need apply. References required. Address "F. W.," care Star. ja9-1t

RHODE ISLAND REDS FOR SALE — Utility pens, five hens or pullets with rooster, five dollars; check or order. W. C. Fussell, Teachey, N. C. ja9-1t*

PRESCRIPTIONS ARE OUR SPECIALty. Our record is over 262000. These thousands trusted us with their prescriptions. Why not you? Green's Drug Store. ja9-1t*

FOR SALE — ONE GLENCOVE PLANer and matcher, 6 by 10 inches; No. 52; one gasoline tug boat, 25 H. P. engine; one 80 H. P. boiler. Box 167, Burgaw, N. C. ja9-su,tu,th-3t*

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE BEDrooms, furnished or unfurnished. One opening into bath. All modern conveniences. "Steam Heat," care Star. ja9-3t

WANTED — SALESMAN TO SELL LUbricating oils and specialties. Big profits. Champion Refining Company, Cleveland, Ohio. ja9-su5t

FOR RENT—APARTMENT OF THREE or four rooms to couple without children. Terms very reasonable. All modern conveniences. Apply 408 N. Fifth street. ja9-1t*

KEITH'S WILLOW LINEN, A CLEAR loft dried writing paper of the finest quality. A delight to eye and pen. All the desirable sizes and styles, with envelopes to match. Green's Drug Store. ja9-1t*

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS — All varieties, 80 cents per 1,000. Prompt shipment and satisfaction guaranteed. ja9-1t*

LADIES — THE GREATEST AND most effective remedy known for the removal of superfluous hair on the face, 25 cents, post paid. Send today. Chas. W. Wells, Box 513, Haddon Heights, N. J. ja9-1t*

5 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE, ON Masonboro Road, one mile from Winter Park. Cut the high cost of living; own enough land to do it. Suitable for truck and chickens. See Geo. B. Applewhite. ja9-1t

FOR RENT — TWO CONNECTING rooms for light housekeeping to parties without children. Apply 312 N. Seventh street. ja9-1t

LOST — DOUBLE CASE GOLD WATCH —Seth Thomas make; fob bearing initials "A. M. T." Reward offered. R. M. Kermon, care Dixon & Kermon. ja9-1t*

SUITS CLEANED AND PRESSED, 25 cents; five tickets, $1.00; good any time. Royal Cleaning Co., 21 South Second street; 'Phone 295. ja9-1t*

LOST — BLACK AND TAN MALE hound. Has slit in left ear; $10.00 reward for return to O. H. Sherman, foot Grace street. ja9-1t

FOR RENT — FURNISHED BEDroom, Grand Theatre Building. D. R. Foster & Co., 'Phone 1220. ja9-1t

FOR SALE OR RENT — PRACTICALly new 7-room suburban cottage convenient to car line; has orchard, chicken yard, etc. Price and terms are right. D. R. Foster & Co., 112 Princess street. ja9-1t

LOOK OVER OUR LIST, IF YOU WANT to rent a house. D. R. Foster & Co.; 'Phone 1220. ja9-1t

'PHONE 733 FOR ALL KINDS OF wood, $1.00, $1.15 and $1.25 per load. Quick delivery. ja9-1t

LOOK OVER COTTAGES NOW BEING built at Carolina Place, and see me for prices and terms. Geo. B. Applewhite, 210 Princess street. ja9-1t

CAROLINA BEACH COTTAGE FOR sale; just south of the station. The Jitney service will make this convenient and the price is $650.00. See Geo. B. Applewhite; 'Phone No. 65. ja9-1t

A REAL BARGAIN—5 SMALL HOUSES for sale on Fifth Avenue, South, renting for $19.00 per month; price $1,350.00. What per cent will this pay? See Geo. B. Applewhite. ja9-1t

WOOD MANTELS THAT MUST BE sold to make room for new stock. Some mantels will be sold at half price. J. F. McVey, 301 South Front street. ja9-1t*

FOR SALE — 8 ROOM DWELLING ON North 6th St.; good size lot; house in good condition; price reasonable. See James & James, Inc., Southern Bldg.; 'Phone 163. ja9-1t

FOR RENT — THREE CONNECTING rooms; modern conveniences, or will rent separately. Apply 224 MacRae street. ja9-1t*

FOR SALE — FIVE ROOM HOUSE, located on 4th street, in Brooklyn; lot has 35 feet frontage and over 100 feet depth; owner was offered $2,750 less than two years ago. We have permission to close deal for $1,750; $500 cash, balance easy weekly payments. Wilder's Real Estate Agency. ja9-1t

BOARDERS WANTED — BOARD, with or without rooms or furnished rooms without board. Within one block of Post Office. All modern conveniences. 'Phone 1126-J. 119 Chestnut street. Mrs. L. N. Shepard. ja9-1t*

500 NARCISSUS DUTCH ROMAN HYAcinths and Darwin tulip bulbs, to close out at cost. W. J. Kirkham & Co. ja9-1t*

FOR SALE — REMINGTON TYPEwriter, good as new; sacrifice, $14.00. Also roll top desk. 'Phone 1978. 203 Ann street. ja9-1t*

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping or one room and sleeping porch. Prefer suburban part of the city. Desirable neighborhood. Reasonable. Address "Reasonable," care Star. ja9-1t*

CLOTHING SALESMAN FOR LARGEST tailoring concern in New York. Must be experienced in taking orders for suits to measure, from factory to wearer. To retail at $14.50, $16.50, $19.50. A real opportunity for men of selling ability. State full particulars. Lion Custom Tailoring Co., 61 E. 11th street, New York City. ja9-1t

EVERY WORTH WHILE PICTURE IS worth enlarging. Let us develop your films and make your prints and enlargements on Cyko, the prize-winning photographic paper. Camera Dept, Green's Drug Store. ja9-1t*

FOR RENT — APARTMENT SIX rooms and bath, lights, gas and water; upper floor. Also furnished apartment of three rooms, lower floor. Apply 311 South Fifth avenue. ja9-1t*

ANSCO CAMERAS, ANSCO FILM AND Cyko Paper are the three strong links in the chain of photographic success. Look for the Ansco Sign. Green's Drug Store. ja9-1t*

NORTHERN BUYERS WANT SOUTHern farms. Direct dealing with owners; no commission. What have you to sell? Write Southern Homeseekers' Bureau, Box 1454, Atlanta, Ga. ja9-1t*

FOR RENT — 103 SOUTH EIGHTH street; seven rooms, all latest improvements. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. de14-tf

SALESMEN WANTED — EXPERIenced specialty men to sell chinaware, glassware and cutlery; 25 per cent. commission, payable weekly. Full or side line. Drawing account allowed salesman who can produce results. National Importing Co., St. Louis, Mo. de12-su-tf

WANTED — GOOD SICK AND ACCIdent insurance agents. Good pay. Call or write, L. C. McCabe, Winston-Salem, N. C. de19-su-5t

IF YOU ARE NOT GIVING US YOUR laundry work, you are not getting the best work. Try it. Wilmington Steam Laundry. 'Phone 29. ja9-su,tu-2t*

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SPECIalty salesman to work small country towns, $125.00 per month and expenses. Arlette Fruit Products Company, Main and Clark ave., St. Louis, Mo. ja2-su-tf

WANTED — FIVE BRIGHT, CAPABLE ladies to travel, demonstrate and sell dealers; $25 to $50 per week. Railroad fare paid. Goodrich Drug Company, Dep't 472, Omaha, Nebr. ja2-su5t*

WE STEAM CLEAN OR DRY CLEAN your suit for one dollar; men's suits pressed for 25 cents; ladies' suits, 50 cents; cleaned and pressed, $1.00. Brinson's Pressing Club, 114 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. ja9-su,tu,th-3t

HOUSE WANTED—WILL PAY ABOUT $50.00. Should have three or four bed rooms with good closets. Address "House," care Star. ja6,th,su,2t*

J. E. LEWISH & SONS, CARRIAGE shops; old engine house, 4th and Princess streets. Recover automobiles, paint them. All work guaranteed; done by experienced workmen. Call and see them. Old Engine House, 4th and Princess streets. ja9-1t*

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. 'Phone 5611. oc17-w,su-tf

'PHONE 29 FOR WAGON TO CALL — Let us have a sample package. Quick service; best of work. Wilmington Steam Laundry. 'Phone 29. ja9-su,tu-2t*

MR. FARMER — SELL US YOUR peas. V. B. Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. de24-f,su,w-30t

5 BY 20 NO. 1 HEART CYPRESS SHINgles. A bargain at $7.00 per M. Also the old standby, 5 by 18 Juniper shingles at $5.25. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. ja9-1t

PLANER FOR SALE — ONE TWENTYfour inch Glencove machine, low running. Replacing with fast feed machine. Will sell on terms if safely secured. Empire Manufacturing Co., Goldsboro, N. C. ja7-f,su-2t

WANTED — TO RENT A FURNISHED house; about seven rooms needed. State price in reply. Address "Furnished," care Star. ja9-2t*

COLLECTING — YOUNG MAN IN CITY has horse and buggy; seeks collecting for self. Has lots spare time. Knows city. Highest credentials. "Collecting," care Star. ja7-f,su-2t*

THERE IS AN ATTRACTIVE PROPOsition awaiting a capable man who can take some stock, and assume the immediate management of a country store, doing a general supply business of $50,000 to $100,000 annually; located in a splendid farming section of Eastern North Carolina. Don't answer unless you mean business and can act at once. Address "Merchant," care Star. ja9-1t

WANTED—HIGH CLASS CASUALTY man to act as district manager. The most salable line of accident and health insurance policies on the market. Address with references. General Accident Assurance Corporation, Philadelphia, Pa. no7-su,tf

FOR RENT — ONE LARGE FRONT room; southern exposure; all modern conveniences. Apply 219 Walnut st. ja9-1t*

WANTED — WOMEN GOVERNMENT clerks, $70 month, Wilmington examinations coming. Sample questions and full description of examinations free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 687-K, Rochester, N. Y. de12-su5t*

A FEW BARGAINS LEFT IN SASH, doors and blinds; also special prices on roofing. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. ja9-1t

HELP WANTED — FEMALE — GOOD salary earned by any woman, while establishing trade all your own. Work all or part of time. No experience Representative needed in your territory. Be first. Write quick C. C. Hosiery Co., Norristown, Pa. de19-su4t*

American Bank & Trust Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

Commercial Trust and Savings Departments

We welcome small accounts and care for your money safely. It is ready when ever you need it You can start an account with a deposit of $1.00. We also give you the benefit of our experience in all financial matters—it is yours for the asking.

The Bank at Front and Market Streets

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Murchison National Bank will be held at the banking house Tuesday morning, 11th inst., at 11 o'clock.

C. S. GRAINGER,
Cashier.

No Typewriter Troubles, If You Buy the

Royal-Standard No. 10

Old Typewriters of Any Make Taken in Exchange.

GLOBE-WERNICKE AGENCY

Filing Devices of All Kinds.

C. W. YATES CO.

FRESH HALIBUT STEAK TODAY — Our fresh country eggs are guaranteed to be 12 fresh eggs to each dozen. We also keep a full line of your most necessary wants. Our services are not to be beat. May Bros., 24 North Front street; 'Phone 1322. ja7-tf

ARTISTIC UPHOLSTERING, PARLOR suits, antique chairs, cushions, slip covers. Repairing neatly and promptly done. Creteau's Workshop, 111 Dock street; 'Phone 418-J. ja6-7t*

FOR SALE — ONE SAW MILL, COMplete, 25 horse engine; 30 horse boiler. Grist mill attached. Good repair. Liberal terms. C. D. McGowan, Willard, N. C. de31-16t*

FOR RENT — NEW HOUSE — HOT water; heat; all modern improvements; 112 Fifth avenue, North. Possession Feb. 1, 1916. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. ja5-tf

BEFORE YOU BUY THAT XMAS GIFT see Uncle Charles' line of solid gold jewelry, watches, bracelets, cameo brooches and diamonds. No. 6, South Front street; 'Phone 642. no24-tf

TELEGRAM: — "NEED YOUNG MAN stenographer. Salary to begin, fifty dollars. Have you man?" This from a big lumber concern out of the state. Jones' Business College. ja9-1t*

LETTUCE PLANTS FOR SALE— They are the Big Boston, 50 cents per 1,000; in larger quantities will sell for less. D. K. Futch, R. F. D. No. 1, Wrightsboro, Wilmington, N. C. ja 8-2t*

WANTED FOR CASH—METAL WORKing laths, millers, planers, shapers, etc. Write immediately. Will pay commission for information leading to purchase. H. Segal, 926 Broadway, New York City. ja 8-2t

WANTED—BAND SAWYER FOR night run. Left-hand mill; push feed. Give age, experience, salary and references. D. W. Alderman & Sons Company, Alcolu, S. C. ja 8-2t

COLLECTING—YOUNG MAN IN CITY has horse and buggy seeks collecting job; at present collecting for self; has lots spare time; knows city. Highest credentials. "Collecting" care Star. ja 8-2t*

FOR RENT—211 NORTH SIXTH ST. new up-to-date 11-room house and four room house in rear, for $45.00 per month. Will rent in flats, $25.00 per month each. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. ja 8-tf

FOR RENT — 216 NORTH FIFTH, cottage, $15.00 per month. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. ja7-tf

PLUMBING, CONTRACTS, REPAIRS.— Smallest to largest jobs handled promptly. Careful and efficient workman will do your work to suit you. Call 1617-J, and let us talk it over. 310 North Front street. H. J. McCartney. ja 7-fr-su-tu-3t*

TRY OUR HOT SODA DRINKS — HOT Chocolate with Cream, Hot Clam, Chicken, Beef and Tomato Bouillon. Green's Drug Store. ja9-1t*

LAUNDRY, LAUNDRY, LAUNDRY — The system of washing table and bed linen we are now using will more than please you. May we show you? Wilmington Steam Laundry; 'Phone No. 29. ja9-su,tu--2t*

ATTENTION — WE WILL PAY $1,000 reward if our home butter merger fails to merge one pint of milk into one pound of butter in two minutes. Sweeter than creamery butter. Demonstrators and general agents wanted. Salary or commission. Write for illustrated circulars and addresses of 1,000 users. Wonderful invention. Family Butter Merger Co., Washington, D. C. ja9-1t*

DOLLY MADISON CANDIES, CHOCOlates and Bon Bons, are the standard of purity; 50c. the pound. Fresh from the factory each week. Green's Drug Store, Agents. ja9-1t*

SPECIFY CLARK-LYNCH LUMBER, and know you will get the best, both in quality and service. ja9-1t

COTTON

Good Middling 12 1-4
Strict Middling 12
Middling 11 3-4
Strict Low Middling . . 11 1-4
Low Middling 10 3-4

10 A. M., Jan. 10, 1916, at Wilmington.

Your Shipments Appreciated

W. B. COOPER & COMPANY

WILMINGTON, N. C.

HIGH GRADE SALESMAN WANTED for old established line for North Carolina territory. One who has had experience selling specialties. Good opportunity for the right man. State age, experience and lines sold. A. W. Dorsch, District Manager, 206-7 Evans Building, Washington, D. C. ja6-4t

'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGAzines and newspapers to 745. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. de14-tf

FOR RENT — DESIRABLE 8-ROOM modern house, No. 509 Dock street. Price $42.00 per month Possession at once. Apply H. F. Wilder, Agent; 205 Princess. ja6-3t

MORE GOODS FOR SAME MONEY. — Best creamery butter, 30c lb.; Baldwin apples, 35c. pk.; all 5c articles, 6 of each kind, 25c.; canned beans, peas, salmon, chipped beef, Vienna sausage, mustard sardines, syrup, milk, catsup, mustard, jelly, buckwheat, corn flakes, seedless raisins and cocoa, 9c. each or 3 for 25c. Cheapest steady prices in town. A. Renik, 5th and Nixon streets. 'Phone 827. ja6-7t

FOR RENT — FROM JANUARY 1ST, modern, up-to-date photograph gallery. Front and Princess streets. Most conspicuous corner in the city. Has been photo. gallery ever since building was erected. Woodall & Sheppard. de29-tf

NOTICE — THIS IS TO NOTIFY THE public that I have purchased the interest of Gee Hop in the farm operated by he and myself at Rocky Point, and that settlement with him will be made on January 10th, 1916. (Signed) D. Ott Lee. ja7-4t*

NOTICE — THIS IS TO INFORM THE Public that our laundry has been moved from 315 North Front street to southwest corner of Front and Walnut streets, opposite Hotel Wilmington. Yee Lee Laundry. ja5-15t*

FOR RENT — COMFORTABLY FURnished room. Modern conveniences. Close in. 'Phone 773. 216 North Second street. de21-tf

DOES YOUR ROOF LEAK? IF SO, call 'phone 431. Wishing you a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year. Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your future work. W. B. Klander, 22 South Second street. de24-tf

FANCY SELECTED NEW RIVER OYSters; very best of beef, veal and pork. Fancy celery, hard head lettuce, cranberries; home cured corned beef, the best yet. Nice mackerel and fish roe. Fancy apples, 40c. pk Call us; we please. Batson's Meat Market; 115 Market street. 'Phone 72. ja6-tf